

Datasheet

Miniature Ultrasonic Sensors with TEACH-Mode Programming



- Fast, easy-to-use TEACH-Mode programming; no potentiometer adjustments
- Ultra-compact housing
- One discrete output: NPN or PNP, depending on model
- Two bi-colored status LEDs
- Rugged encapsulated version for harsh environments
- Choose 2 meter or 9 meter unterminated cable, 4-pin Euro-style or 4-pin Pico-style QD connectors (either integral or with 150 mm pigtail)
- Wide operating range of $-20\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $60\text{ }^{\circ}\text{C}$ ($-13\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$ to $140\text{ }^{\circ}\text{F}$)
- Temperature compensation
- Configurable for normally open or normally closed operation
- Fast response time (15 milliseconds)



WARNING: Not To Be Used for Personnel Protection

Never use this device as a sensing device for personnel protection. Doing so could lead to serious injury or death. This device does not include the self-checking redundant circuitry necessary to allow its use in personnel safety applications. A sensor failure or malfunction can cause either an energized or de-energized sensor output condition.

Models

Models	Sensing Range	TEACH Option	Cable	Supply Voltage	Output
QS18UNA	50 mm to 500 mm (2 in to 20 in)	Integral push button or remote TEACH (IP67, NEMA 6P)	4-wire, 2 m (6.5 ft) cable with shield	12-30 V dc	NPN
QS18UPA					PNP
QS18UNAE		Remote TEACH (epoxy-encapsulated, IP68, NEMA 6P)			NPN
QS18UPAE					PNP

Only standard 2 m (6.5 ft) cable models are listed. For 9 m (30 ft) shielded cable, add suffix "W/30" to the model number (e.g., QS18UNA W/30). A model with a QD connector requires a mating cordset. For QD models:

- For 4-pin integral Euro-style QD, add suffix "Q8" (for example, QS18UNAQ8).
- For 4-pin Euro-style 150 mm (6 in) pigtail QD, add suffix "Q5" (for example, QS18UNAQ5).
- For 4-pin integral Pico-style QD, add suffix "Q7" (for example, QS18UNAQ7).
- For 4-pin Pico-style 150 mm (6 in) pigtail QD, add suffix "Q" (for example, QS18UNAQ).

Principles of Operation

Ultrasonic sensors emit one or multiple pulses of ultrasonic energy, which travel through the air at the speed of sound. A portion of this energy reflects off the target and travels back to the sensor. The sensor measures the total time required for the energy to reach the target and return to the sensor. The distance to the object is then calculated using the following formula: $D = ct \div 2$

D = distance from the sensor to the target

c = speed of sound in air

t = transit time for the ultrasonic pulse

To improve accuracy, an ultrasonic sensor may average the results of several pulses before outputting a new value.



Temperature Effects

The speed of sound is dependent upon the composition, pressure and temperature of the gas in which it is traveling. For most ultrasonic applications, the composition and pressure of the gas are relatively fixed, while the temperature may fluctuate.

In air, the speed of sound varies with temperature according to the following approximation:

In metric units: $C_{m/s} = 20 \sqrt{273 + T_C}$

$C_{m/s}$ = speed of sound in meters per second

T_C = temperature in °C

In English units: $C_{ft/s} = 49 \sqrt{460 + T_F}$

$C_{ft/s}$ = speed of sound in feet per second

T_F = temperature in °F

Temperature Compensation

Changes in air temperature affect the speed of sound, which in turn affects the distance reading measured by the sensor. An increase in air temperature shifts both sensing window limits closer to the sensor. Conversely, a decrease in air temperature shifts both limits farther away from the sensor. This shift is approximately 3.5% of the limit distance for a 20° C change in temperature.

The QS18U series ultrasonic sensors are temperature compensated. This reduces the error due to temperature by about 90%. The sensor will maintain its window limits to within 1.8% over the -20° to +60° C (-4° to +140° F) range.



NOTE:

- Exposure to direct sunlight can affect the sensor's ability to accurately compensate for changes in temperature.
- If the sensor is measuring across a temperature gradient, the compensation will be less effective.
- The temperature warmup drift upon power-up is less than 7% of the sensing distance. After 5 minutes, the apparent switchpoint will be within 0.6% of the actual position. After 25 minutes, the sensing position will be stable.

Sensor Programming

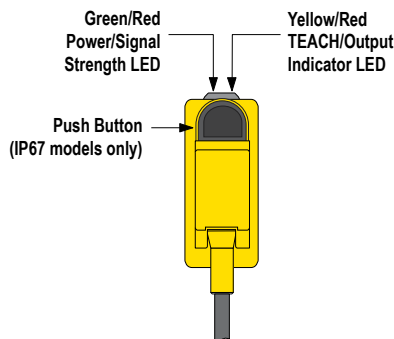


Figure 1. Sensor Features

Two TEACH methods may be used to program the sensor:

- Teach individual minimum and maximum limits, or
- Use Auto-Window feature to center a sensing window around the taught position

The sensor may be programmed either via its push button, or via a remote switch. Remote programming also may be used to disable the push button, preventing unauthorized personnel from adjusting the programming settings. To access this feature, connect the white wire of the sensor to 0V dc, with a remote programming switch between the sensor and the voltage.

Programming is accomplished by following the sequence of input pulses (see [programming procedures](#)). The duration of each pulse (corresponding to a push button "click"), and the period between multiple pulses, are defined as "T: 0.04 seconds < T < 0.8 seconds."

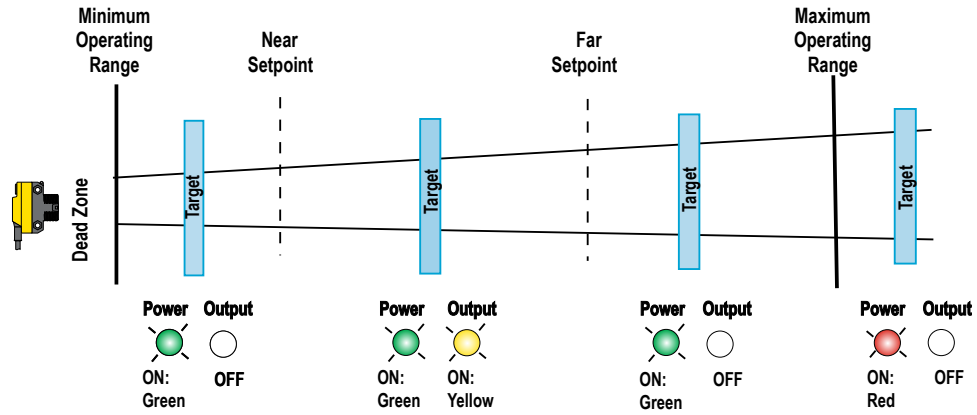


Figure 2. TEACH Interface

Status Indicators

Power ON/OFF LED	Indicates	Output/Teach LED	Indicates
OFF	Power is OFF	OFF	Target is outside window limits (normally open operation).
ON Red	Target is weak or outside sensing range.	Yellow	Target is within window limits (normally open operation).
ON Green	Sensor is operating normally, good target.	ON Red (solid)	In Teach Mode, waiting for first limit.
		ON Red (flashing)	In Teach Mode, waiting for second limit.

Teaching Minimum and Maximum Limits

General Notes on Programming

- The sensor returns to Run mode if the first TEACH condition is not registered within 120 seconds.
- After the first limit is taught, the sensor remains in Program mode until the TEACH sequence is finished.
- To exit Program mode without saving any changes, press and hold the programming push button for more than 2 seconds (before teaching the second limit). The sensor reverts to the last saved limits.

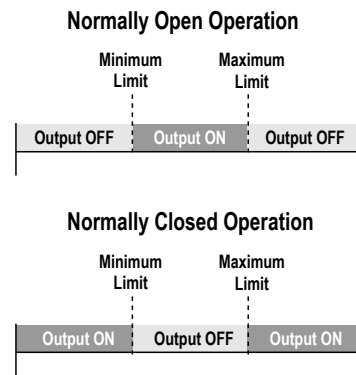







Figure 3. Teaching independent minimum and maximum limits

	Procedure		Result
	Push Button (0.04 sec ≤ Click ≤ 0.8 sec)	Remote Line (0.04 sec < T < 0.8 sec)	
Programming Mode	Press and hold push button 	No action required; sensor is ready for 1st limit teach	Output LED: ON Red Power LED: ON Green (good signal) or ON Red (no signal)
Teach First Limit	Position the target for the first limit	Position the target for the first limit	Power LED: Must be ON Green

	Procedure		Result
	Push Button (0.04 sec ≤ Click ≤ 0.8 sec)	Remote Line (0.04 sec < T < 0.8 sec)	
	"Click" the push button 	Single-pulse the remote line 	<u>Teach Accepted</u> Output LED: Flashing Red <u>Teach Unacceptable</u> Output LED: ON Red
Teach Second Limit	Position the target for the second limit	Position the target for the second limit	Power LED: Must be ON Green
	"Click" the push button 	Single-pulse the remote line 	<u>Teach Accepted</u> Output LED: Yellow or OFF <u>Teach Unacceptable</u> Output LED: Flashing Red

Teaching Limits Using the Auto-Window Feature

Teaching the same limit twice automatically centers a 20 mm window on the taught position.

General Notes on Programming

- The sensor returns to Run mode if the first TEACH condition is not registered within 120 seconds.
- After the first limit is taught, the sensor remains in Program mode until the TEACH sequence is finished.
- To exit Program mode without saving any changes, press and hold the programming push button for more than 2 seconds (before teaching the second limit). The sensor reverts to the last saved program.

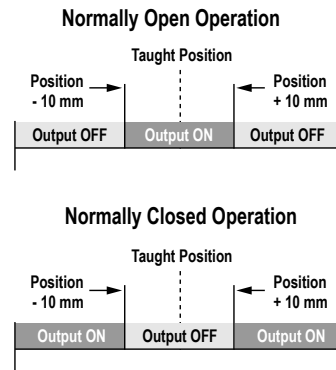







Figure 4. Using the Auto-Window feature for programming each output

	Procedure		Result
	Push Button (0.04 sec ≤ Click ≤ 0.8 sec)	Remote Line (0.04 sec < T < 0.8 sec)	
Programming Mode	Press and hold push button 	No action required; sensor is ready for 1st limit teach	Output LED: ON Red Power LED: ON Green (good signal) or ON Red (no signal)
Teach First Limit	Position the target for the first limit	Position the target for the center of the window	Power LED: Must be ON Green
	"Click" the push button 	Single-pulse the remote line 	<u>Teach Accepted</u> Output LED: Flashing Red <u>Teach Unacceptable</u> Output LED: ON Red
Re-Teach Limit	Without moving the target, "click" the push button again 	Without moving the target, single-pulse the remote line again 	<u>Teach Accepted</u> Output LED: Yellow or OFF <u>Teach Unacceptable</u> Output LED: Flashing Red

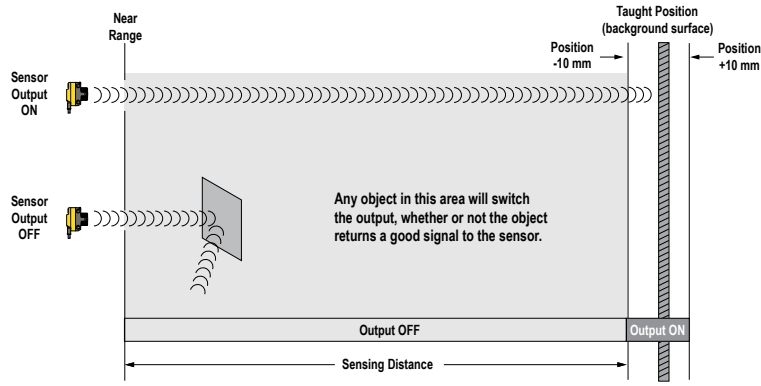
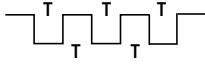


Figure 5. An application for the Auto-Window feature (retroreflective mode)

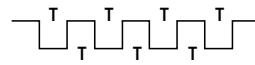
Normally Open/Normally Closed Operation Select

Configure the sensor for either normally open or normally closed operation using the remote teach wire (white). A series of three pulses on the line toggles between normally open (NO) and normally closed (NC) operation. Normally open is defined as the output energizing when the target is present. Normally closed is defined as the output energizing when the target is absent. (See [Figure 3](#) on page 3 and [Figure 4](#) on page 4.)

	Procedure		Result
	Push Button (0.04 sec ≤ Click ≤ 0.8 sec)	Remote Line (0.04 sec < T < 0.8 sec)	
Toggle between NO/NC Operation	Not available via push button	Triple-pulse the remote line 	Selects either Normally Open or Normally Closed operation depending on the previous condition.

Push Button Lockout

Enables or disables the push button to prevent unauthorized personnel from adjusting the program settings.

	Procedure		Result
	Push Button (0.04 sec ≤ Click ≤ 0.8 sec)	Remote Line (0.04 sec < T < 0.8 sec)	
Push Button Lockout	Not available via push button	Four-pulse the remote line 	Push buttons are either enabled or disabled, depending on condition.

Specifications

Sensing Range
50 to 500 mm (2 to 20 inches)

Supply Voltage
12 to 30 V dc (10% maximum ripple); 25 mA max (exclusive of load)

Ultrasonic Frequency
300 kHz, rep. rate 7.5 ms

Supply Protection Circuitry
Protected against reverse polarity and transient voltages

Output Configuration
SPST solid-state switch conducts when target is sensed within sensing window; one NPN (current sinking) or one PNP (current sourcing), depending on model.

Output Protection
Protected against short-circuit conditions

Output Rating
Rating: 100 mA maximum load; see Application Note 1
Off-state leakage current: less than 10 μ A (sourcing); less than 200 μ A (sinking); see Application Note 2
ON-state saturation voltage: NPN: less than 1.6 V @ 100 mA; PNP: less than 3.0 V @ 100 mA

Output Response
15 milliseconds

Delay at Power Up
300 milliseconds

Application Notes

1. If supply voltage is > 24 V dc, derate maximum output current 5 mA/°C above 50 °C.
2. NPN off-state leakage current is < 200 μ A for load resistances > 3 k Ω or optically isolated loads. For load current of 100 mA, leakage is < 1% of load current.
3. Objects passing inside the specified near limit may produce a false response.

Environmental Rating

Leakproof design, rated NEMA 6P; IEC IP67 or IP68 depending on model; UL Type 1

Operating Conditions

Temperature: -20 °C to 60 °C (-4 °F to 140 °F)
Relative Humidity: 100% (non-condensing)

Vibration and Mechanical Shock

All models meet Mil. Std. 202F requirements method 201A (vibration: 10 to 60 Hz max., double amplitude 0.06", maximum acceleration 10G). Also meets IEC 947-5-2 requirements: 30G 11 ms duration, half sine wave.

Certifications



Repeatability

0.7 mm

Minimum Window Size

5 mm

Hysteresis

1.4 mm

Adjustments

Sensing Window Limits: TEACH-mode programming of near and far window limits may be set using the push button or remotely via TEACH input

Indicators

Range Indicator (Red/Green) and Teach/Output Indicator (Amber/Red)

Range Indicator: Green - Target is within sensing range; Red - Target is outside sensing range; OFF - Sensing Power is OFF

Teach/Output Indicator: Amber - Target is within taught limits; OFF - Target is outside taught window limits; Red - Sensor is in TEACH mode

Construction

ABS housing, TPE Push Button, ABS Push Button housing, Polycarbonate lightpipes

Connections

2 m (6.5 ft) or 9 m (30 ft) 4-conductor PVC jacketed attached cable, or 4-pin Euro-style integral QD (Q8), or 4-pin Pico-style integral QD (Q7), or 4-pin Euro-style 150 mm (6 in) pigtail QD (Q5), or 4-pin Pico-style 150 mm (6 in) pigtail QD (Q)

Temperature Warmup Drift

See [Temperature Compensation](#) on page 2

Temperature Effect

Non-encapsulated models: \pm 0.05% per °C from -20 to 50 °C, \pm 0.1% per °C from 50 to 60 °C

Encapsulated models: \pm 0.05% per °C from 0 to 60 °C, \pm 0.1% per °C from -20 to 0 °C

Required Overcurrent Protection



WARNING: Electrical connections must be made by qualified personnel in accordance with local and national electrical codes and regulations.

Overcurrent protection is required to be provided by end product application per the supplied table.

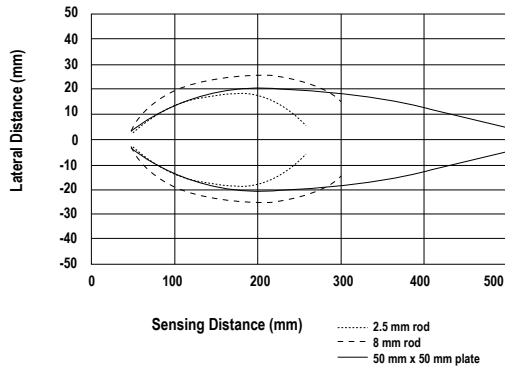
Overcurrent protection may be provided with external fusing or via Current Limiting, Class 2 Power Supply.

Supply wiring leads < 24 AWG shall not be spliced.

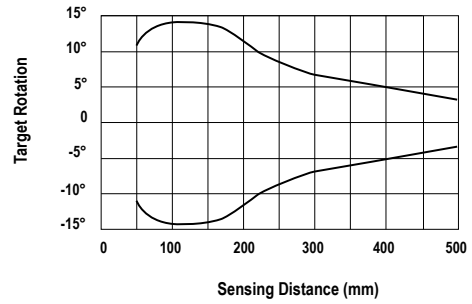
For additional product support, go to <http://www.bannerengineering.com>.

Supply Wiring	Required Overcurrent Protection
20	5.0 Amps
22	3.0 Amps
24	2.0 Amps
26	1.0 Amps
28	0.8 Amps
30	0.5 Amps

QS18U Effective Beam Pattern (Typical)

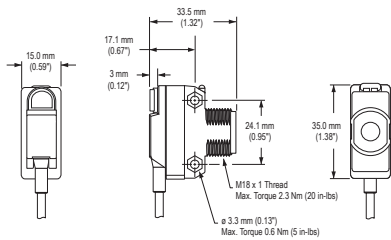


QS18U Maximum Target Rotation Angle

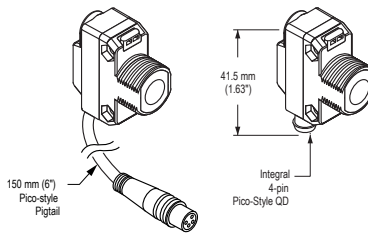


Dimensions

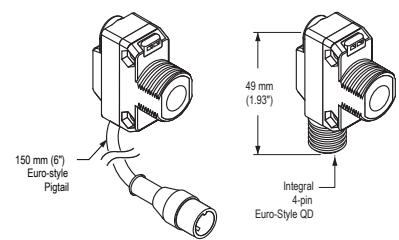
Cabled Models



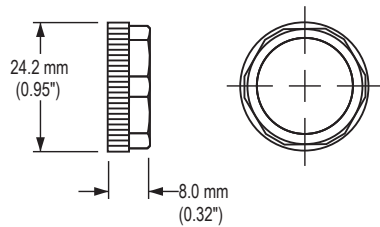
Pico-Style QD Models



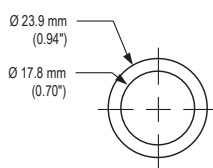
Euro-Style QD Models



Locknut (included with all models)

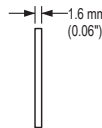


Washer (included with all models)



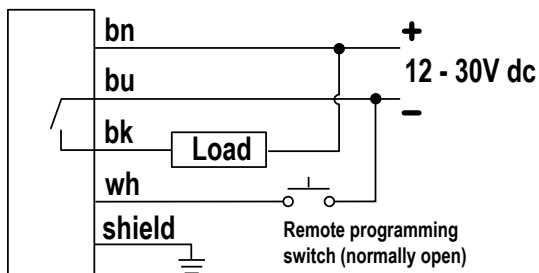
M3 Hardware Packet Contents

- 2 – M3 x 0.5 x 20 mm SS Screw
- 2 – M3 x 0.5 SS Hex Nut
- 2 – M3 SS Washer

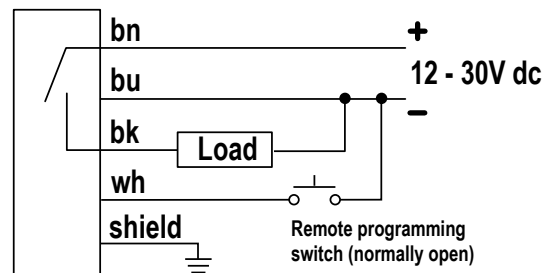


Wiring Diagrams

NPN (Sinking) Output Models



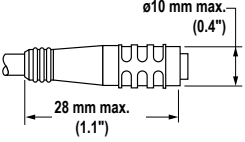
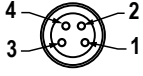
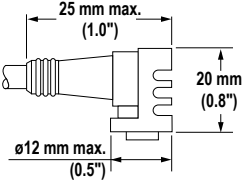
PNP (Sourcing) Output Models

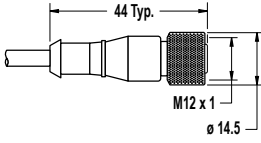
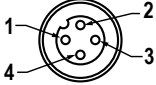
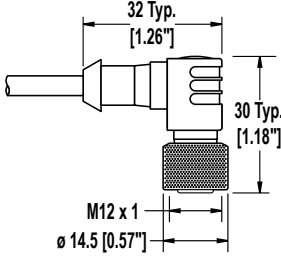


It is recommended that the shield wire be connected to earth ground. Shielded cordsets are recommended for all QD models. Cabled wiring diagrams are shown. Quick disconnect (QD) wiring diagrams are functionally identical.

Accessories

Quick-Disconnect (QD) Cordsets

4-Pin Snap-On M8/Pico-Style Cordsets with Shield				
Model	Length	Style	Dimensions	Pinout
PKG4S-2	2.00 m (6.56 ft)	Straight		 <p>1 = Brown 2 = White 3 = Blue 4 = Black</p>
PKW4ZS-2	2.00 m (6.56 ft)	Right Angle		

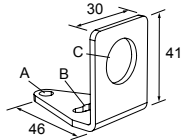
4-Pin Threaded M12/Euro-Style Cordsets with Shield				
Model	Length	Style	Dimensions	Pinout
MQDEC2-406	1.83 m (6 ft)	Straight		 <p>1 = Brown 2 = White 3 = Blue 4 = Black</p>
MQDEC2-415	4.57 m (15 ft)			
MQDEC2-430	9.14 m (30 ft)			
MQDEC2-406RA	1.83 m (6 ft)	Right-Angle		
MQDEC2-415RA	4.57 m (15 ft)			
MQDEC2-430RA	9.14 m (30 ft)			

Mounting Brackets

All measurements are listed in millimeters.

SMB18A

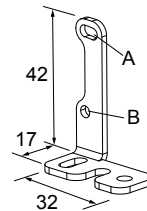
- Right-angle mounting bracket with a curved slot for versatile orientation
- 12-ga. stainless steel
- 18 mm sensor mounting hole
- Clearance for M4 (#8) hardware



Hole center spacing: A to B = 24.2
Hole size: A = \varnothing 4.6, B = 17.0 x 4.6, C = \varnothing 18.5

SMBQS18RA

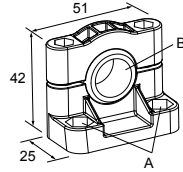
- Right-angle mounting bracket
- 14-ga. 304 stainless steel



Hole center spacing: A to B = 20.3
Hole size: A = 4.3 x 9.3, B = \varnothing 4.3

SMB18SF

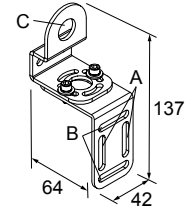
- 18 mm swivel bracket with M18 × 1 internal thread
- Black thermoplastic polyester
- Stainless steel swivel locking hardware included



Hole center spacing: A = 36.0
Hole size: A = \varnothing 5.3, B = \varnothing 18.0

SMB18UR

- 2-piece universal swivel bracket
- 300 series stainless steel
- Stainless steel swivel locking hardware included
- Mounting hole for 18 mm sensor



Hole center spacing: A = 25.4, B = 46.7
Hole size: B = 6.9 × 32.0, C = \varnothing 18.3

Banner Engineering Corp Limited Warranty

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