## Switches for Pressure to 8000 psig, Vacuum, Differential, or Level Control with General Purpose, Watertight or Explosion-Proof Enclosures

## Features:

- Set point repeatability, $\pm 1 \%$ of operating range.
- All wiring terminals, adjustments and visual scales are accessible from the front of the switch.
- Choice of general purpose, watertight or explosionproof enclosures.
- Choice of fixed or full-range adjustable deadband.
- Choice of single or two-stage units.
- Manual reset units available.
- Mounts in any position.
- Rugged and vibration resistant.
- Visual adjustment scales in psi and bars.
- External adjusting nuts.
- Separate electrical, pressure and adjusting chambers.
- Wide selection of transducer wetted materials suitable for air, water, oil or corrosive fluids.
- Mix and match switch and transducer components for increased stock flexibility or to change pressure ranges in field.


## General Description:

ASCO S-Series pressure switches consist of a switch unit and a transducer unit. They can be ordered separately for customer stocking and/or field assembly or as a complete factory-assembled unit.

## Switch

S-Series pressure switch units incorporate the unique ASCO TRI-POINT alternating fulcrum balance plate to control the operation of one or more electrical snapaction swtiches. The electrical snap-action switch together with the adjusting mechanism is a fully-tested, self-contained subassembly.

## Transducer

Transducer unit incorporates a diaphragm/piston type pressure sensor, and is also a fully-tested, self-contained subassembly.

## Operation

When pressure is applied to the transducer it is converted into movement of the piston. This piston movement is then used to control the operation of the electrical snap-action switch in the switch unit.


## Standard Electrical Ratings

SA, SB, SC, SD and SE Series
15 Amp Res., 125 VAC
10 Amp Res., 250 VAC
1/8 HP, 125 VAC
$1 / 4 \mathrm{HP}, 250$ VAC
1/2 Amp Res., 125 VDC
1/4 Amp Res., 250 VDC


Standard Temperature Ratings
Ambient: $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $140^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
Fluid: For Buna "N" or Neoprene Diaphragm $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(82^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ For Viton Diaphragm $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $250^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(121^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$
For 316 SS Diaphragm
$-50^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-45^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $300^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(149^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$

## ASCA TR1/

## Enclosures

ASCO TRI-POINT S-Series switches are available in three standard enclosures. All of these enclosed units are made in accordance with NEMA and UL standards.

General Purpose - Type 1. These enclosures are designed for indoor use to protect personnel from accidental contact with the equipment. S-Series general purpose switch units consist of a copper-free* aluminum die-cast body with a formed copper-free* aluminum cover; two $3 / 4$ " conduit hubs with one plug are provided.
Watertight - Type 4. Watertight and dust-tight enclosures are intended for use indoors and outdoors to protect the enclosed equipment against splashing or falling water, windblown dust and water, hose directed water, and severe external condensation. S-Series watertight switch units have a copper-free* aluminum die-cast body and a formed copper-free* aluminum cover with Buna "N" gaskets; two 3/4" conduit hubs with one plug are provided.
Explosion-Proof - Types 7 and 9. Type 7 enclosures are intended for use in locations defined by the National Electrical Code as Class I. Type 9 enclosures are intended for Class II locations.

Class I locations are those in which flammable gases are or may be present in the air in sufficient quantities to produce explosive or ignitable mixtures. Class I locations are classified by group letter, which defines particular atmospheres. Division 1 locations are areas where the hazardous concentration exists continuously, intermittently or periodically under normal operating conditions. Division 2 locations are those where the hazardous vapors are present only in case of accidental rupture or breakdown of equipment.

ASCO TRI-POINT explosion-proof enclosures with letter $\underline{B}, \underline{C}$ or $\underline{D}$ in the fifth position are listed for Class I, Groups B, C, and D, Division 1. They are also suitable for the less stringent Division 2 environment.

Class II locations are those which are hazardous because of the presence of combustible dust. All ASCO TRI-POINT explosion-proof enclosures are listed for Groups E, F, and G locations.

The switch body and cover are die-cast copper-free* aluminum with a Buna " N " gasket. Two $3 / 4$ " conduit hubs with one plug are provided.

Dimensions (inches)


[^0]How to Select and Order
ASCO S-Series switches consist of two components, the switch unit and the transducer unit.
How to Select

1. Select the adjustable
operating range based on
operating range based on
desired actuation pressure.
2. Check that proof
pressure is sufficient
pressure is sufficient.
3. Read across and select the desired $S$-Series switch unit
with the proper enclosure. with the proper enclosure.
4. Continue across and select a matching transducer unit compatible with the fluid. How to Order Factory assembled - Simply order the switch and transducer
unit by catalog number joined unit by catalog number joined
e.g., SA40D/TA4

Field assembled - Simply
order the switch and transducer
units separately by individual catalog number, e.g., one
SA40D and one TA40A11.
Specifications

| Specifications |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Adjustable Operating Range (psig) | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Proof } \\ & \text { Pressure } \\ & \text { (psig) } \end{aligned}$ |
| 0-12" W.C. | 25 |
| 0-27" W.C. | 25 |
| 0-65" W.C. | 25 |
| 15-140" W.C. | 40 |
| 15-250" W.C. | 40 |
| 25-400" W.C. | 40 |
| 0.4-4.5 | 100 |
| 0.7-9.0 | 100 |
| 0.8-9.0 | 150 |
| 1.0-18 | 100 |
| 1.0-18 | 150 |
| 1.5-36 | 150 |
| 2-60 | 150 |
| 5-60 | 3000 |
| 3-100 | 200 |
| 5-120 | 3000 |
| 5-200 | 3000 |
| 6-200 | 400 |
| 13-300 | 600 |
| 15-400 | 600 |
| 30-600 | 900 |
| 50-1000 | 1500 |
| 75-1500 | 2300 |
| 200-3500 $500-8000$ | 5000 9000 |

Select S-Series pressure switch



| Adjustable Deadband |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Adjustable Deadband | General Purpose | Watertight Enclosure | $\begin{array}{\|l\|l\|} \hline \text { Explo } \\ \hline \text { re } \end{array}$ |
| Maximum Full Scale |  |  |  |
| imum At |  |  |  |
| Mid-Range (psig) © | Catalog No. | Catalog No. | Cat |
| 1.5" W.C. | SA40D | SA41D | SA |
| 2.0" W.C. | SA30D | SA31D | SA |
| 2.5" W.C. | SA20D | SA21D | SA |
| 6" W.C. | SA20D | SA21D | SA |
| 10" W.C. | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| $15^{\prime \prime}$ W.C. | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 0.4 | SA40D | SA41D | SA |
| 0.6 | SA30D | SA31D | SA |
| 1.4 | SA40D | SA41D | SA |
| 1.1 | SA20D | SA21D | SA |
| 1.6 | SA30D | SA31D | SA |
| 2.2 | SA20D | SA21D | SA |
| 3.6 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 6.0 | SA30D | SA31D | SA |
| 6.0 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 10 | SA20D | SA21D | SA |
| 14 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 12 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 18 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 24 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 36 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 75 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 115 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 225 | SA10D | SA11D | SA |
| 450 | SA10D | SA11D |  |

Options - Add appropriate suffix for desired option (see pages 34-35).
Impor
must be identical, e.g., SA 40 OD and TA 40 OA 1
SA, SB, SC, SD and SE unit below


Select transducer unit below


Series TD-TQ
Standard connection is $1 / 4$ " NPT; (Optional $1 / 2$ " NP
Transducer Unit
These guage pressure type transducers provide for one pressure connection in the bottom of
transducer. They are diaphragm/piston type transducers using an elastomer in contact with the fluid, backed by a piston cylinder. This allows high sensitivity for low pressures and strength for high
pressures.

Explosion Proof

| $\begin{gathered} \text { Fixed } \\ \text { Deadband } \\ \text { At } \\ \text { Mid-Range } \\ (\text { psig) © } \end{gathered}$ | Separation | General Purpose | Watertight Enclosure | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Explos } \\ & \text { Prod } \end{aligned}$ |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | Maximum Full Scale |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Minimum At } \\ & \text { Mid-Range } \\ & \text { (psig) © } \end{aligned}$ | Catalog No. | Catalog No. | Catal No |
| 1.2" W.C. | $2.4{ }^{\prime \prime}$ W.C. | SC40D | SC41D | SC4 |
| 1.4" W.C. | 2.7" W.C. | SC30D | SC31D | SC32 |
| 1.6" W.C. | 6.5 " W.C. | SC20D | SC21D | SC2 |
| 4.0" W.C. | 14" W.C. | SC20D | SC21D | SC |
| 7.0" W.C. | 25" W.C. | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 13.0" W.C. | 40" W.C. | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 0.4 | 0.7 | SC40D | SC41D | SC4 |
| 0.4 | 0.9 | SC30D | SC31D | SC3 |
| 1.0 | 1.6 | SC40D | SC41D | SC4 |
| 0.6 | 1.8 | SC20D | SC21D | SC22 |
| 1.2 | 1.8 | SC30D | SC31D | SC3 |
| 1.4 | 3.6 | SC20D | SC21D | SC22 |
| 2.2 |  | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 5.5 | 8 | SC30D | SC31D | SC32 |
| 3.5 | 10 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 7.0 | 12 | SC20D | SC21D | SC22 |
| 8.5 | 20 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 7.0 | 20 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 10 | 30 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 14 | 40 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 20 | 60 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 40 | 100 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 60 | 150 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 150 | 350 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |
| 300 | 800 | SC10D | SC11D | SC12 |

- 


## OPTIONS Pressure/Temperature Switches

## H-Series, P-Series and S-Series <br> Snap-Action Switch Options

Optional snap-action switches to meet specific electrical loads or application conditions are available on most ASCO TRI-POINT switch units. Generally, the construction of a switch unit with optional snap-action switches contains other specific parts and may be ordered only as a factory-built unit. To specify a particular optional construction, add the appropriate suffix to the switch unit catalog number, e.g., SA10D with optional gold contact snapaction switch (suffix "P") would become SA10D P.

## P-Series

## Switch Options

Panel Mount - Open frame P-Series compact switch units are available for panel mounting with the switch unit inside and the transducer outside. The panel separates the fluid sensing portion from the electromechanical portion. Five holes for bolts and operating stem must be drilled or punched through the panel. Three constructions are available: add the suffix listed below to the switch unit catalog number for the desired thickness.

| Description | Electrical Rating | Catalog Suffix | Deadband Variation From Listing |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DC Rating 1 Amp Double Break | 5 Amp, 125, 250 VAC 1/4 HP, 125 VAC 1/2 HP, 250 VAC 1 Amp, 125 VDC 1/2 Amp, 250 VDC | G | $\begin{gathered} \text { SA: +50\% } \\ \text { SB, SC, PA: +100\% } \\ \text { H: +200\% } \\ \text { PB: +400\% } \end{gathered}$ |
| DC Rating 10 Amps, SPDT | 10 Amp, 125 VAC, VDC $1 / 8 \mathrm{HP}, 125 \mathrm{VAC}, \mathrm{VDC}$ | M | $\begin{gathered} \text { SA: }+50 \% \\ \text { SB, SC, PA: }+100 \% \\ \text { H: }+120 \% \\ \text { PB: }+400 \% \end{gathered}$ |
| Double-pole Double-throw (Two SPDT Switches with Common Lever) | 5 Amp, 125, 250 VAC 1/8 HP, 125 VAC 1/4 HP, 250 VAC 1/2 Amp, 125 VDC 1/4 Amp, 250 VDC | K | SA, SB, SD, SE, PB: +50\% |
| Gold Contact Dry Circuit SPDT | 1 Amp, 28 VAC <br> 1 Amp, 28 VDC 25 Amp Res, 28 VDC | P | SA, SB, SC, PA: +25\% H: +50\% <br> PB, PC: +100\% |
| Hermetically Sealed SPDT | 10 Amp Ind, 28 VDC <br> 5 Amp Motor, 28 VDC <br> 3 Amp Lamp, 28 VDC <br> 1 Amp, 125 VAC | H | $\begin{gathered} \text { SA, PA: +100\% } \\ \text { H: +200\% } \\ \text { PB: }+600 \% \end{gathered}$ |
| $\begin{aligned} & \text { High Ambient } \\ & 250^{\circ} \mathrm{F} \\ & \text { SPDT } \end{aligned}$ | 5 Amp, 125, 250 VAC <br> 1/8 HP, 125 VAC <br> 1/4 HP, 250 VAC <br> 1/2 Amp, 125 VDC <br> 1/4 Amp, 250 VDC | F | SA, SB, SC: +25\% |
| $\begin{gathered} \text { High Power } \\ 1 \text { HP } \\ \text { SPDT } \end{gathered}$ | 20 Amp, 125, 250 VAC <br> 1 HP, 125 VAC <br> 2 HP, 250 VAC <br> 1/2 Amp, 125 VDC <br> 1/4 Amp, 250 VDC | W | $\begin{gathered} \text { SA: +50\% } \\ \text { SB, SC: +100\% } \\ \text { PB: +400\% } \end{gathered}$ |
| Moisture <br> Resistant Sealed Switch SPDT | 5 Amp, 125, 250 VAC <br> 1/8 HP, 125 VAC <br> 1/4 HP, 250 VAC <br> 1/2 Amp, 125 VDC <br> 1/4 Amp, 250 VDC | $J$ | SA: None <br> SB, SC, PA: +25\% <br> PB, H: +50\% |
| Tight Fixed Deadband SPDT | $\begin{aligned} & 5 \text { Amp, 125, } 250 \text { VAC } \\ & 1 / 8 \mathrm{HP}, 125 \text { VAC } \\ & 1 / 4 \mathrm{HP}, 250 \text { VAC } \\ & 1 / 2 \mathrm{Amp}, 125 \mathrm{VDC} \end{aligned}$ | T | SB, SC: -50\% |


| Panel Thickness | Suffix |
| :---: | :---: |
| $10 \mathrm{Ga}\left(.135_{ \pm} .005\right)$ | 10 |
| $14 \mathrm{Ga}\left(.075_{ \pm .005)}\right.$ | 11 |
| $16 \mathrm{Ga}\left(.060_{ \pm .005)}\right.$ | 12 |

## S-Series <br> Switch Options

Industrial Adjusting Nut Covers Available in clear plastic or metal to prevent tampering with set point adjusting nuts.
Clear plastic cover: To order, add suffix "1" to the switch unit catalog number, or order separately as SP01. Metal cover: To order, add suffix "2" to the switch unit catalog number, or order separately as SP02.
JIC Construction - A switch unit having the electrical and adjusting nut covers attached to the switch body by a chain. Also designed to Type 13 specifications. To order, add suffix " 3 " to the switch unit catalog number, or order separately as SP03.
Terminal Block - Applicable to switch units with one single-poledouble-throw switch. The terminal strip is prewired to the snap-action switch. To order, add suffix " 4 " to the switch unit catalog number, or order separately as SP04. Factory Sealed - Explosion-proof units may be ordered with a factory seal separating the electrical chamber from the conduit hubs and 24 " long \#14 AWG $105^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$. rated lead wires. To order, change the fourth digit of the switch unit catalog number from " 2 " to "3", e.g., SA12D becomes SA13D.

## ASCA TRI $\stackrel{\wedge}{\text { PUINI }}$

## Pressure Transducer Options

Special Wetted Materials - The following diaphragms may be substituted on transducer body materials of aluminum, brass, polyester and stainless steel. To order, substitute the material code below in the seventh digit of the transducer catalog number, e.g., a TF10A1 1 with optional viton diaphragm becomes a TF10A12.

| Diaphragm | Material <br> Code | Temperature Range |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Buna "N" | 1 | $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(82^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Ethylene Propylene | 6 | $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $250^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(121^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Neoprene | 3 | $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $180^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(82^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Fluorosilicone | 7 | $-40^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-40^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $250^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(121^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
| Viton | 2 | $-4^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(-20^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ to $250^{\circ} \mathrm{F}\left(121^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |

Oxygen Cleaning - Pressure transducers for oxygen service should be specially cleaned. They are degreased and blacklight inspected, then assembled in a clean area and tested with oil-free air or nitrogen. Use metal body transducer with viton or neoprene diaphragm and add suffix " H " to transducer catalog number, e.g., TA40A13 becomes TA40A13 H.

Pressure Snubbers - A pressure snubber ( $1 / 4$ " NPTF by $1 / 4$ " NPTM) installed in the transducer pressure connection will dampen the pressure spikes to a value which will not cause damage. It consists of a body with a porous metal disc of stainless steel through which the fluid passes. To order, select a snubber compatible with the fluid. Available by seperate catalog number only (see table below).

| Fluid | Brass <br> Catalog No. | 303 SS <br> Catalog No. |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| Air, Non-Hazardous Gases | TP04G2 | TP04G3 |
| Water, Light Oil (under 225 SSU) | TP04E2 | TP04E3 |
| Oil (Heavy, (over 225 SSU) | TP04D2 | TP04D3 |
| Pressure Rating (psig) | 2000 | 5000 |

Process Connection - A female process connection (1/4" NPT) is standard on all pressure transducers. A $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT is available as an option on gauge pressure transducers. To order, add suffix "B" to transducer catalog number, e.g., RF10A21 becomes RF10A21 B.
Note: Not available on nylon transducers.

## P-Series and S-Series Temperature Transducer Options

Armored Capillaries - Double braided copper armor is standard for copper capillary units. Stainless steel spiral interlocked armor is available for stainless steel capillary units. Add suffix "C" to transducer catalog number.

Thermal Well


Thermal Well(1) - Use with direct or remote sensors for protecting sensing bulb. This allows removal of bulb while maintaining a pressure-tight vessel. Available in $1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ NPT or $3 / 4$ " NPT process connection in brass or 316 SS. Dimensions are in accordance with SAMA Std. RC17-9. Standard "U" dimension (insertion length) is $2-1 / 2^{\prime \prime}$ for direct mount and 6 ' capillary units and is $4-1 / 2$ " for 12 ' capillary units.

| Material | Pressure Rating (psig) | "U" <br> Dimensions (Inches) | Process Connection |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | 1/2" NPT | 3/4" NPT |
|  |  |  | Catalog No. | Catalog No. |
| Brass | 1000 | 2-1/2 | QP03 | QP04 |
|  |  | 4-1/2 | QP13 | QP14 |
|  |  | 7-1/2 | QP23 | QP24 |
|  |  | 10-1/2 | QP33 | QP34 |
| 316 SS | 6000 | 2-1/2 | QP07 | QP08 |
|  |  | 4-1/2 | QP17 | QP18 |
|  |  | 7-1/2 | QP27 | QP28 |
|  |  | 10-1/2 | QP37 | QP38 |

[^1]Longer Capillaries - Standard copper and stainless steel capillary units can be furnished in 12 ' lengths. To order, add suffix "D" to transducer catalog number.
Consult ASCO for longer length capillaries.

| Capillary <br> Length <br> (Feet) | Transducer <br> Suffix | Bulb <br> Length <br> (Inches) | "U" Dimension <br> Required <br> (Inches) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 6 | --- | $3-1 / 2$ | $2-1 / 2$ |
| 12 | D | $5-1 / 2$ | $4-1 / 2$ |
| $13-20$ | E | $5-1 / 2$ | $4-1 / 2$ |
| $21-50$ | F | $8-1 / 2$ | $7-1 / 2$ |
| $51-80$ | G | $11-1 / 2$ | $10-1 / 2$ |

Union Connector - For use with remote units for mounting of bulb in fluid being controlled. Available in $1 / 2$ " NPT and $3 / 4$ " NPT process connections in brass or 316 SS.

| Material | Pressure Rating (psig) | Process Connection |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  | 1/2" NPT | 3/4" NPT |
|  |  | Catalog No. | Catalog No. |
| Brass | 500 | QP01 | QP02 |
| 316 SS | 1500 | QP05 | --- |

## Definitions and Fluid Compatibility Guide

## Definitions

Accuracy - The maximum deviation from the set point under specified operating condition (ambient temperature, barometric pressure, etc.).

Adjustable Deadband - Refers to the capability of a pressure or temperature switch to allow the deadband to be adjusted over a given range. Certain ASCO TRI-POINT switches have an adjustable deadband which can be adjusted over the total operating range of the switch.

Adjustable Operating Range - The pressure or temperature range of the switch within which the set point may be adjusted.

Differential Pressure - The difference between two pressures. A differential pressure switch senses two pressure sources and can be adjusted to actuate on a desired difference between them.

Guage Pressure - The actual reading of a typical pressure guage and is the difference between the pressure within a vessel and the atmospheric pressure surrounding it. It is normally measured in pounds per square inch (psig).

Manual Reset - The switch is a semi-automatic device which operates automatically with a signal change in one direction but must be manually reset once the signal returns to its original position.

Proof Pressure - A pressure which a device can be subjected to for extended periods of time without changes in its operating characteristics.

Rated Overrange Temperature - A temperature which a device can be subjected to for extended periods of time without changes in its operating characteristics.

Repeatability - The closeness of agreement among a number of consecutive measurements of the output for the same value of input under the same operating conditions approaching from the same direction. Repeatability is normally specified as a percentage of the upper limit of the operating range.

Example: Operating range $5-100$ psig with $\pm 1 \%$ repeatability; equals $\pm 1 \%$ of 100 psig or $\pm 1$ psig.

Reset Point - After a pressure or temperature switch has reached its set point and operated the electrical switch, it must return to a point called the reset point before the electrical switch can return to its original position.

Set Point - The pressure reading at which the electrical switch element changes contact position (it can be specified either increasing or decreasing).

Switch Unit - ASCO uses the term "switch unit" to describe the electromechanical portion of a pressure or temperature switch. This is used in conjunction with a transducer unit to form a complete pressure or temperature switch.

Transducer Unit - ASCO uses the term "transducer unit" to describe that portion of a pressure or temperature switch to which a pressure or temperature is applied which converts the input signal to another form of energy to operate the switch unit.

Two-Stage (Dual) - ASCO uses the term "two stage" to describe a pressure or temperature switch which is equivalent to two pressure or temperature switches which are independently adjustable. This switch is equivalent to two fixed deadband switches.

Deadbands - The deadband is the difference between the set point and reset point readings. Deadbands are listed in the specification tables at nominal values. They are representative of the deadbands of the units at the middle of the range.

The deadband values for the full range adjustable deadband switches and limited adjustable deadband switches indicate the values through which the deadband may be adjusted.

Generally, as the set point is adjusted through the operating range, the deadband will vary. Normally, it will become narrower as the set point is towards the bottom of the range, and will become wider when the set point is towards the top of the range. The graph shown below indicates representative trends of this type of deadband variation.


Temperature switch deadbands are a result of the characteristics of the vapor pressure curve as well as other factors. Normally, this results in a deadband which is narrower in the top third of the range than in the bottom third of the range. The values published are nominal and representative of midrange set points.

## ASCA $\overline{R 1} \stackrel{\Delta}{\text { PUINI }}$

## Fluid Compatibility Guide

These recommendations are to be used as a guide only, as service life of material is dependent on temperature, concentrations, or catalysts that may be added and other conditions which are beyond our control.
Consult ASCO for specific service applications.
Note: Items in black circles are standard catalog units.
All others available on factory order.
P - Indicates preferred construction. S - Indicates satisfactory construction.

Transducer Material Code of Two Digits represents process connection material and diaphragm material, respectively; these are the sixth and seventh positions of the pressure transducer catalog number.

Process Connection: 6th Position Diaphragm: 7th Position
1 Aluminum
4316 S.S.
1 Buna "N"
4316 S.S.
2 Brass 7 Nylon/Bras
$\begin{array}{ll}2 \text { Viton } & 6 \text { Ethylene Propylene } \\ 3 \text { Neoprene } & 7 \text { Fluorosilicone }\end{array}$
3303 S.S. 3 Neoprene 7 Fluorosilicone

| Material Code | 11 | 12 | 13 | 16 | 17 | 21 | 22 | 23 | 26 | 27 | 31 | 32 | 33 | 36 | 37 | 42 | 44 | 71 |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| $\bigcirc \bigcirc$ Vacuum | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
| O\% | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No | No | No | No | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | Yes | No | No |
|  | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 400 | 3500 | 3500 | 3500 | 3500 | 3500 | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 8000 | 400 | 200 |
| Acetic Acid |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | S | S |  |  | P |  |
| Acetylene | P | S |  | S |  |  |  |  |  |  | S | (S) |  | S |  | (S) | (S) |  |
| Air | P | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | (S) | S | P |
| Ammonia |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P |  |
| Argon-Welding (1) | P | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | S | (S) | P |
| Benzene-Benzol |  | P |  |  |  |  | S |  |  |  |  | (S) |  |  |  | (S) | (S) |  |
| Butane | P | S |  |  |  | (S) | S |  |  |  | S | (S) |  |  |  | (S) | S |  |
| Carbon Tetrachloride |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P |  |  |  | P | (S) |  |
| Cellulube |  | P |  | S |  |  | S |  | S |  |  | (S) |  | S |  | (S) | (S) |  |
| Coke Oven Gas |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P |  |  |  | P | (S) |  |
| Ethyl Alcohol (denatured) | P | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | (S) | (S) |  |
| Ethylene Glycol | P | S | S | S |  | (S) | S | S | S |  | S | (S) | S | S |  | (S) | (S) |  |
| Freon Refrigerants |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P |  |
| Freon Solvents ("MF", "TF", "BF") |  |  |  |  |  | P | S |  |  |  | S | (S) |  |  |  | S | (S) |  |
| Fuel Oils and Diesel (4) | ( | S |  |  |  | (S) | S |  |  |  | S | (S) |  |  |  | (S) | (S) |  |
| Gasoline |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P |  |
| Gas, Inert | P | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | (S) | (S) | P |
| Gas (natural and manufactured) (4) | (P) | S | S |  | S | (S) | S | S |  | S | S | (S) | S |  | S | S | (S) |  |
| Helium | P | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | (S) | (S) | P |
| Hydrogen | P | S | S | S |  | (S) | S | S | S |  | S | (S) | S | S |  | (S) | (S) |  |
| Jet Fuel (JP1 to JP6) |  | P |  |  | S |  | S |  |  | S |  | (S) |  |  | S | (S) | (S) |  |
| Kerosene | P | S |  |  |  | (S) | S |  |  |  | S | (S) |  |  |  |  | (S) |  |
| Methyl Alcohol (Methanol) | P |  | S | S | S | S |  | S | S | S | S |  | S | S | S | (S) | (S) |  |
| Naphtha | P | S |  |  |  | S | S |  |  |  | S | (S) |  |  |  | (S) | (S) |  |
| Nitrogen | P | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | (S) | (S) | P |
| Oils (coolant, hydraulic, lubricating and motor) | (P) | S |  |  |  | (S) | S |  |  |  | S | (S) |  |  |  | S | (S) | (P) |
| Oxygen, Gaseous (2) |  | S | P |  | S |  | S | S |  | S |  | (S) | S |  | S | (S) | (S) |  |
| Potassium Sulfate <br> Propane Gas and Liquid | P | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | S | (S) |  |
|  | P | S | S |  |  | S | S | S |  |  | S | S | S |  |  | S | S |  |
| Propane Gas and Liquid <br> "Pydraul" ("Monsanto") |  | P |  |  | S |  | S |  |  | S |  | (S) |  |  | S | (S) | S |  |
| Steam (3) |  |  |  |  |  | P | S |  | S | S | S | (S) |  | S | S | (S) | (S) |  |
| Steam Condensate |  |  |  |  |  | P | S |  | S | S | S | S |  | S | S | (S) | S | P |
| Stoddard Solvent | P | S |  |  |  | S | S |  |  |  | S | S |  |  |  | S | S |  |
| Toluene (Tolulo) |  | P |  |  |  |  | S |  |  |  |  | (S) |  |  |  | (S) | (S) |  |
| Vacuum | P | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | (S) | S | S | S | (S) |  |  |
| Vegetable Oil | P | S | S |  | S |  |  |  |  |  | S | S | S |  | S | S | (S) |  |
| Vinegar |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (S) |  | S | S | (S) | P |  |
| Water, Fresh, Boiler Feed |  |  |  |  |  | P | S |  | S | S | S | (S) |  | S | S | (S) | (S) | P |
| Water (Distilled, Deionized, Demineralized) |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | P | (S) | S | S | S | (S) | (S) |  |
| Water, Sea |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  | (S) |  |

[^2] (4) For pressure transducers for combustion service see pages 20-23. (5) Material availability refers to standard gauge pressure constructions only.


[^0]:    * Less than $0.6 \%$ copper.

[^1]:    (1) Jam nuts provided with thermal wells.

[^2]:    

