## GS 04L53B01-01EN

## ■ OVERVIEW

I/O modules are connected to the GX/GP, Expandable I/O unit, GM main unit, and GM sub unit.

- A module type is seven types, an analog input, a analog output, a digital input, a digital output, a digital input/output and a pluse input PID control*.
* For the GX90UT PID Control Module, please see GX90UT PID Control Module General Specifications (GS 04L53B01-31EN.)
- Input and output have module structure and it can extend them easily.
- The GX90XA analog input module has the following types; (1) universal type that allows the measurement input for DCV (direct voltage), TC (thermocouple), RTD (resistance temperature detector), and DI (contact or TTL level voltage), (2) current input type with the built-in shunt resistor to directly input a standard signal of $4-20 \mathrm{~mA} \mathrm{DC}$, (3) electromagnetic relay scanner type insusceptible to noises that allows the measurement input for DCV, TC, and DI, (4) low withstand voltage relay type that offers a low cost, (5) high withstand voltage type that 600 V withstand voltage between input terminal and ground.
The GX90XA-04-H0 high-speed analog input module can measure DCV (DC voltage), TC (thermocouple), RTD (resistance temperature detector), DI (contact or TTL level voltage) inputs at the shortest interval of 1 ms . It has an A/D converter for each input channel and employs a scannerless method, which is less susceptible to high frequency noise.
The GX90XA-06-R1 4-wire RTD/resistance input module can receive input from 4-wire RTDs or 4 -wire resistors.
In each system, a measurement input signal can be assigned to each channel.
- The GX90YA analog output module is capable of retransmission output of various types of channels and also manual output. It provides current output with channels that are isolated.
- The GX90XD digital input module, which allows up to 16 digital inputs or pulse inputs, can be used as a multipoint digital input or pluse input. This module can also be used as a remote control input.
- The GX90YD digital output module is assigned as a relay output (contact C) and is used when an alarm activates. It can also be used to turn the output on and off manually using the touch panel.
- The GX90WD digital input/output module provides eight digital inputs or pulse inputs and six relay outputs. When there are small amounts of digital inputs and digital outputs, you do not need to mount two modules. This enables efficient channel configuration.
- GX90XP pulse input module can receive up to 10 pulse inputs. The maximum input frequency is 20 kHz . The module can be used to integrate pulse signals from flowmeters or the like.*
* Integration requires the math function (/MT option).

- Each module provides a M3 screw terminal and clamp terminal*. Also, the input terminal can be removed and mounted. This enables wiring work to be carried out efficiently.
* GX90YD and GX90WD are only M3 screw terminal.
- The measuring accuracies noted in the general specifications have a margin of error that takes into account the product's components and the equipment used for adjustment and testing. However, the actual values calculated from the accuracy testing data upon shipment of the instrument from the factory are as follows.

| Input Type |  | Measuring accuracy*1 (typical value*2) |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| DCV | 20 mV | \pm (0.01\% of rdg $+5 \mu \mathrm{~V})$ |
|  | 60 mV | $\pm(0.01 \%$ of $\mathrm{rdg}+5 \mu \mathrm{~V})$ |
|  | 6V (1-5V) | $\pm$ (0.01\% of rdg +2 mV) |
| TC* ${ }^{*}$ | R, S | $\pm 1.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | B | $\pm 1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{K} \\ & \left(-200.0 \text { to } 1370.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.01 \% \text { of } \mathrm{rdg}+0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { for } 0.0\right. \text { to } \\ & 1370.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text {; } \\ & \pm\left(0.15 \% \text { of } \mathrm{rdg}+0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \text { for }-200.0 \\ & \text { to } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{K} \\ & \left(-200.0 \text { to } 500.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { for } 0.0 \text { to } 500.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \\ & \pm\left(0.15 \% \text { of } \mathrm{rdg}+0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \text { for }-200.0 \\ & \text { to } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | J | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { for } 0.0 \text { to } 1100.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} ; \\ & \pm\left(0.10 \% \text { of rdg }+0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \text { for }-200.0 \\ & \text { to } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | T | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { for } 0.0 \text { to } 400.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text {; } \\ & \pm\left(0.10 \% \text { of rdg }+0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \text { for }-200.0 \\ & \text { to } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
|  | N | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.01 \% \text { of } \mathrm{rdg}+0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \text { for } 0.0 \text { to } \\ & 1300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text {; } \\ & \pm\left(0.22^{\circ} \text { of } \mathrm{rdg}+0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \text { for }-200.0 \\ & \text { to } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ |
| RTD | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Pt100} \\ & \left(-200.0 \text { to } 850.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\pm\left(0.02 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |
|  | Pt100 (high resolution) (-150.00 to $150.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) | $\pm\left(0.02 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.16^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |

*1 Applies to GX90XA-10-U2, A/D integration time 16.67 ms or more, General operating conditions: $23 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}, 55 \pm 10 \% \mathrm{RH}$, supply voltage $90-132$, 180-264 V AC, power frequency within 50/60 $\mathrm{Hz} \pm 1 \%$, warm-up of 30 minutes or more, no vibrations or other hindrances to performance.
*2 For the measuring accuracy (guaranteed), see page 3 to 4 .
*3 These values do not include the reference junction compensation accuracy.

## INPUT/OUTPUT MODULE SPECIFICATIONS

## ANALOG INPUT MODULE (Model GX90XA or GX/GP main unit options /Uxx0)

The following notations are used to distinguish the various types.

| Type Suffix Code | Notation |
| :--- | :--- |
| -U 2 | Universal |
| -C 1 | Current (mA) input |
| - L1 | Low withstand voltage relay |
| -T 1 | Electromagnetic relay |
| - H0 | High-speed universal |
| - R1 | 4-wire RTD/resistance |
| -V 1 | High withstand voltage |



GX90XA

- Input Type:

| Suffix <br> Code | Input Type | Number <br> of <br> inputs | Description (Type) |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| -U2 | DC voltage, standard signal, thermocouple (TC), resist- <br> ance temperature detector (RTD), DI (voltage, contact), <br> and DC current (by adding an external shunt resistor) | 10 | Universal |
| -C1 | DC current (mA), DC current standard signal (4-20 mA) | 10 | Current (mA) input |
| -L1 | DC voltage, standard signal, thermocouple (TC), DI <br> (voltage, contact), and DC current (by adding an exter- <br> nal shunt resistor) | 10 | Low withstand voltage <br> relay |
| -T1 | DC voltage, standard signal, thermocouple (TC), DI <br> (voltage, contact), and DC current (by adding an exter- <br> nal shunt resistor) | 10 | Electromagnetic relay |
| -H0 | DC voltage, standard signal, thermocouple (TC), resist- <br> ance temperature detector (RTD), DI (voltage, contact), <br> and DC current (by adding an external shunt resistor) | $4^{* 1}$ | High-speed universal |
| -R1 | 4-wire RTD, 4-wire resistance | 6 | 4-wire RTD/resistance |
| -V1 | DC voltage, standard signal, thermocouple (TC), DI <br> (voltage, contact), and DC current (by adding an exter- <br> nal shunt resistor) | 10 | High withstand voltage |

*1 However, 1 point when the scan interval is 1 ms and 2 points when it is 2 ms .

- Input format: Floating unbalanced, isolation between channels (excluding the $b$ terminal on universal and low withstand voltage relay type)
- Measurement interval: $1,2,5,10,20,50,100,200,500 \mathrm{~ms}, 1,2,5 \mathrm{~s}$ (See the table below.)

Scan interval by module

| Suffix Code | Scan interval |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  | 1 ms | 2 ms | 5 ms | 10 ms | 20 ms | 50 ms | 100 ms | 200 ms | 500 ms | 1 s | 2 s | 5 s |
| -U2 | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| -C1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| -L1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| -T1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| -H0 | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| -R1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |
| -V1 | - | - | - | - | - | - | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ | $\checkmark$ |

- Input range: $-5 \%$ or more and $105 \%$ or less (accuracy is guaranteed in the range from $0 \%$ to $100 \%$ inclusive)
- Operation mode

It is possible to switch to a mode that makes measurements by reducing the supply frequency noise.

| Suffix Code | Operation mode |
| :--- | :---: |
| - U2 | 2 ch Only, Low noise mode or 10 ch Normal mode |
| - C1 | 2 ch Only, Low noise mode or 10 ch Normal mode |
| - L1 | - |
| - T1 | - |
| - H0 | - |
| - R1 | 2 ch Only, Low noise mode or 6 ch Normal mode |
| - V1 | 2 ch Only, Low noise mode or 10 ch Normal mode |

- Measurement ranges and accuracies ${ }^{2}$ (However, the number of display digits can be increased by scaling.) *2 The following specifications apply to operation of the recorder under standard operation conditions.

Temperature: $23 \pm 2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, Humidity: $55 \% \pm 10 \%$ RH, Power supply voltage: 90 to 132 or 180 to 264 VAC, Power supply frequency: $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 1 \%$, Warm-up time: At least 30 min . Other ambient conditions such as vibration should not adversely affect recorder operation.
Reference junction compensation accuracy is not included for thermocouples.
Universal, Current (mA) input, Low withstand voltage relay, Electromagnetic relay, 4-wire RTD/resister, High withstand voltage type

| Input Type | Range | Measurement range |  | Measurement accuracy (digital display) |  | Max. resolution of digital display |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | A/D integration time: 16.7 ms or more ${ }^{\mathbf{2 2}}$ | A/D integration time: $1.67 \mathrm{~ms}^{\text {²3 }}$ |  |
| DCV | 20 mV | -20.000 | to 20.000 mV | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg $+12 \mu \mathrm{~V})$ | $\pm(0.1$ \% of rdg $+40 \mu \mathrm{~V})$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | 60 mV | -60.00 | to 60.00 mV | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg $+0.03 \mathrm{mV})$ | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg +0.15 mV ) | $10 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | 200 mV | -200.00 | to 200.00 mV | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg +0.03 mV ) | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg +0.4 mV ) | $10 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | 1 V | -1.0000 | to 1.0000 V | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg $+1.2 \mathrm{mV})$ | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg +4 mV ) | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | 2 V | -2.0000 | to 2.0000 V | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg $+1.2 \mathrm{mV})$ | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg $+4 \mathrm{mV})$ | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | 6 V | -6.000 | to 6.000 V | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg +3 mV ) | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg $+15 \mathrm{mV})$ | 1 mV |
|  | 20 V | -20.000 | to 20.000 V | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg +3 mV ) | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg +40 mV ) | 1 mV |
|  | 50 V | -50.00 | to 50.00 V | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg + 0.03 V$)$ | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg $+0.15 \mathrm{~V})$ | 10 mV |
| Standard signal | 0.4-2 V | 0.3200 | to 2.0800 V | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg $+1.2 \mathrm{mV})$ | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg $+4 \mathrm{mV})$ | $100 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
|  | 1-5V | 0.800 | to 5.200 V | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg +3 mV ) | $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg $+15 \mathrm{mV})$ | 1 mV |
| DC current | 0-20 mA | 0.000 | to 20.000 mA | $\pm(0.3 \%$ of rdg $+5 \mu \mathrm{~A})$ | $\pm(0.3 \%$ of rdg $+90 \mu \mathrm{~A})$ | $1 \mu \mathrm{~V}$ |
| DC current | 4-20 mA | 3.200 | to 20.800 mA |  |  |  |
| TC (Excluding RJC accuracy) | $\mathrm{R}^{\text {* }}$ | 0.0 | to $1760.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> However, $\mathrm{R}, \mathrm{S} ; 0.0$ to $800.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm 2.2^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, <br> B; 400.0 to $800.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm 3.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Accuracy at less than $400.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed. | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+6.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> However, R, S; 0.0 to $800.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm 7.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$, <br> B; 400.0 to $800.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm 11.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> Accuracy at less than $400.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed. | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\mathrm{S}^{\text {* }}$ | 0.0 | to $1760.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $B^{* 3}$ | 0.0 | to $1820.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{K}^{* 3}$ | -270.0 | to $1370.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> However, -200.0 to $0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm\left(0.35 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> Accuracy at less than $-200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+5.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> However, -200.0 to $0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm\left(3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+5.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> Accuracy at less than $-200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | -200.0 | to $500.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\mathrm{E}^{*}$ | -270.0 | to $800.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.15 \% \text { of rdg }+0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { However, }-200.0 \text { to } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm\left(0.35 \% \text { of rdg }+0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$$\text { Accuracy at less than }-200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { is not guaranteed }$ | $\pm\left(0.2 \% \text { of rdg }+4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> However, -200.0 to $0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm\left(2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ Accuracy at less than $-200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\mathrm{J}^{* 3}$ | -200.0 | to $1100.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | T ${ }^{\text {3 }}$ | -270.0 | to $400.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> However, -200.0 to $0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm\left(0.35 \%\right.$ of rdg $+0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) <br> Accuracy at less than $-200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+2.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> However, -200.0 to $0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm\left(2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+2.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> Accuracy at less than $-200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\mathrm{N}^{*}$ | -270.0 | to $1300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.15 \% \text { of rdg }+0.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { However, }-200.0 \text { to } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}:\left(0.7 \% \text { of rdg }+0.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ $\text { Accuracy at less than }-200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \text { is not guaranteed }$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+6.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> However, -200.0 to $0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm\left(5 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+6.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> Accuracy at less than $-200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | W * ${ }^{\text { }}$ |  | to $2315.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.3 \% \text { of rdg }+14.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { However, more than } 1000.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm(0.8 \% \text { of rdg } \\ & \left.+9.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | L*5 | -200.0 | to $900.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.15 \% \text { of } \mathrm{rdg}+0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { Less than } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}:\left(0.5 \% \text { of } \mathrm{dg}+0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.2 \% \text { of } \mathrm{rdg}+4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { Less than } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm\left(3 \% \text { of } r d g+4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | U ${ }^{5}$ | -200.0 | to $400.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.15 \% \text { of rdg }+0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { Less than } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}:\left(0.7 \% \text { of } \mathrm{rdg}+0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.2 \% \text { of } r d g+2.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { Less than } 0.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm\left(3 \% \text { of } \mathrm{rdg}+2.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | WRe3-25 *6 | 0.0 | to $2320.0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.2\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+2.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm 18.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> More than $2000.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}: \pm 0.9 \%$ of rdg | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | KpvsAu7Fe ${ }^{\text {7 }}$ | 0.0 | to 300.0 K | $\pm(0.15 \%$ of rdg $+2.0 \mathrm{~K})$ | $\pm \pm(0.2 \%$ of rdg $+7.0 \mathrm{~K})$ | 0.1 K |
|  | PLATINEL II ${ }^{7}$ | 0.0 | to $1395.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.25 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+2.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | PR20-40 * | 0.0 | to $1900.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.7 \%\right.$ of rdg $+0.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) <br> However, accuracy at less than $800.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed. | $\pm 20.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ <br> However, accuracy at less than $800.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed. | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | NiNiMo ${ }^{7}$ | 0.0 | to $1310.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.25 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.5 \%\right.$ of $\left.\mathrm{rdg}+5.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | W/WRe26 *9 | 0.0 | to $2320.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) <br> However, accuracy at less than $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed. | $\pm\left(0.4 \% \text { of rdg }+12.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ <br> However, accuracy at less than $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ is not guaranteed. | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | N(AWG14) ${ }^{* 10}$ | 0.0 | to $1300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.5 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+7.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | XK GOST ${ }^{* 11}$ | -200.0 | to $600.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.25 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.5 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| RTD <br> (Measured current: 1 mA ) | Pt100 *2 | -200.0 | to $850.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |
|  |  | -150.00 | to $150.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.01{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | JPt100 *12 | -200.00 to | to $550.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | -150.00 to | to $150.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.01{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Cu10 GE | -200.0 | to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ guaranteed range <br> Cu10 GE: -70.0 to $170.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cu10 L\&N: -75.0 to $150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cu10 WEED: -200.0 to $260.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Other range: -200.0 to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.4 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+6.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ guaranteed range Cu10 GE: -70.0 to $170.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cu10 L\&N: -75.0 to $150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Cu10 WEED: -200.0 to $260.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ Other range: -200.0 to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Cu10 L\&N | -200.0 | to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Cu10 WEED | -200.0 | to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Cu10 BAILEY | -200.0 | to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cu10} \text { at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{a}=0.00392 \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 | to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cu} 10 \text { at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00393 \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 to | to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cu25 at } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{\alpha}=0.00425 \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 to | to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.5 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+3.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cu53 at } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{a}=0.00426035 \end{aligned}$ | -50.0 | to $150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cu} 100 \text { at } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \mathrm{a}=0.00425 \end{aligned}$ | -50.0 | to $150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.2\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+1.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.4 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+5.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |

Continued

| Input Type | Range | Measurement range | Measurement accuracy (digital display) |  | Max. resolution of digital display |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  | A/D integration time: 16.7 ms or more ${ }^{* 22}$ | A/D integration time: $1.67 \mathrm{~ms}^{* 23}$ |  |
| RTD <br> (Measured <br> current: $1 \text { mA) }$ | J263B *13 | 0.0 to 300.0 K | $\pm 1.0 \mathrm{~K}$ <br> Less than $40.0 \mathrm{~K}: \pm 3.0 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 3.0 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { Less than } 40.0 \mathrm{~K}: \pm 9.0 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | 0.1 K |
|  | Ni100 (SAMA) | -200.0 to $250.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+0.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.3\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Ni100 (DIN) *14 | -60.0 to $180.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Ni120 *15 | -70.0 to $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Pt25 *16 | -200.0 to $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt50 *17 | -200.0 to $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.6 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+3.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt200 WEED | -100.0 to $250.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ |  |  |
|  | Cu10 GOST *18 | -200.0 to $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.4 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+6.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Cu50 GOST ${ }^{19}$ | -200.0 to $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | ${ }_{* 20}^{\text {Cu100 GOST }}$ | -200.0 to $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.15 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt46 GOST *19 | -200.0 to $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.6 \% \text { of } r d g+4.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt100 GOST ${ }^{* 20}$ | -200.0 to $600.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.15 \% \text { of } r d g+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \pm\left(0.05 \% \text { of } r d g+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \end{aligned}$ | $\pm\left(0.3 \% \text { of rdg }+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 4-wire RTD (Measured current: 1 mA ) | Pt100*12 | -200.0 to $850.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \% \text { of rdg }+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | -150.00 to $150.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.01^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | JPt100*12 | -200.0 to $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | -150.00 to $150.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.01^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Cu10 GE | -200.0 to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.1 \% \text { of rdg }+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { guaranteed range } \\ & \text { Cu10 GE: }-70.0 \text { to } 170.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Cu10 L\&N: }-75.0 \text { to } 150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Cu10 WEED: }-200.0 \text { to } 260.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Other range: }-200.0 \text { to } 300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.2 \% \text { of rdg }+5.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { guaranteed range } \\ & \text { Cu10 GE: }-70.0 \text { to } 170.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Cu10 L\&N: }-75.0 \text { to } 150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Cu10 WEED: }-200.0 \text { to } 260.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Other range: }-200.0 \text { to } 300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Cu10 L\&N | -200.0 to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Cu10 WEED | -200.0 to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Cu10 BAILEY | -200.0 to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cu10 at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00392 \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cu10 at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00393 \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cu} 25 \text { at } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00425 \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 to $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+0.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.2\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cu53 at } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00426035 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | -50.0 to $150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cu100 at } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00425 \end{aligned}$ | -50.0 to $150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | J263B** ${ }^{\text {* }}$ | 0.0 to 300.0 K | $\pm 0.4 \mathrm{~K}$ <br> Less than $40.0 \mathrm{~K}: \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~K}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { Less than } 40.0 \mathrm{~K}: \pm 3.0 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | 0.1K |
|  | Ni100 (SAMA) | -200.0 to $250.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Ni100 (DIN) ${ }^{\text {+14 }}$ | -60.0 to $180.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Ni120*15 | -70.0 to $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt25 ${ }^{\text {+16 }}$ | -200.0 to $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt50** | -200.0 to $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt200 WEED | -100.0 to $250.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+3.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Cu10 GOST ${ }^{* 18}$ | -200.0 to $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+5.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Cu50 GOST* ${ }^{19}$ | -200.0 to $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \hline \text { Cu100 } \\ & \text { GOST } 20 \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 to $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt46 GOST ${ }^{* 19}$ | -200.0 to $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt100 GOST ${ }^{* 20}$ | -200.0 to $600.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| 4-wire RTD | Pt500 | -200.0 to $850.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.3{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| (Measured current: 0.25 mA ) | Pt1000 | -200.0 to $850.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
| Resistance (4-wire) | $20 \Omega$ (Measured current: 1 mA ) | 0.0 to $20.000 \Omega$ | $\pm\left(0.05\right.$ \% of rdg + 0.007 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg + 0.025 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $0.001 \Omega$ |
|  | $200 \Omega$ (Measured current: 1 mA ) | 0.0 to $200.00 \Omega$ | $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg $+0.03 \Omega)$ | $\pm(0.1$ \% of rdg + 0.15 $)$ | $0.01 \Omega$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & 2000 \\ & \Omega(\text { Measured } \\ & \text { current: } 0.25 \\ & \mathrm{~mA}) \\ & \hline \end{aligned}$ | 0.0 to $2000.0 \Omega$ | $\pm\left(0.05\right.$ \% of rdg + 0.3 ${ }^{\text {a }}$ | $\pm(0.1$ \% of rdg + 1.0 $\Omega$ ) | $0.1 \Omega$ |
| DI | Level |  | Threshold level (Vth=2.4 V) Accuracy: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - |
|  | Contact ${ }^{\text {21 }}$ |  | Less than $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ : $1(\mathrm{ON})$, More than $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ : $0(\mathrm{OFF}$ ) (parallel capacitance of $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or less) |  | - |

rdg: Reading value

High-speed universal type


| Input Type | Range | Measurement range |  | Measurement accuracy (digital display) |  | Max. resolution of digital display |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
|  |  |  |  | Scan interval: $\mathbf{5 0} \mathbf{~ m s}$ or more (Only the Values in [ ] apply when the scan interval is $50 / 100 / 200 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) | Scan interval: $\mathbf{2 0} \mathbf{~ m s}$ or less (Only the Values in [ ] apply when the scan interval is $1 / 2 / 5 \mathrm{~ms}$ ) |  |
| RTD <br> (Measured current: 1 mA ) | Pt100 *13 | -200.0 to | $850.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \% \text { of rdg }+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | -150.00 to | $150.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.01{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | JPt100 *13 | -200.0 to | $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  |  | -150.00 to | $150.00^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  | $0.01^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cu} 25 \text { at } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00425 \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 to | $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+0.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.2\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cu53 at } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00426035 \end{aligned}$ | -50.0 to | $150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cu} 100 \text { at } 0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00425 \end{aligned}$ | -50.0 to | $150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | J263B *14 | 0.0 to | 300.0 K | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 4.0 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { Less than } 40.0 \mathrm{~K}: \pm 0.8 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm 1.5 \mathrm{~K} \\ & \text { Less than } 40.0 \mathrm{~K}: \pm 3.0 \mathrm{~K} \end{aligned}$ | 0.1 K |
|  | Ni100 (SAMA) | -200.0 to | $250.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Ni100 (DIN) ${ }^{* 15}$ | -60.0 to | $180.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Ni120** | -70.0 to | $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Pt25 ${ }^{* 17}$ | -200.0 to | $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+0.8^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.2 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt50 *18 | -200.0 to | $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt200 WEED | -100.0 to | $250.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+3.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Cu50 GOST ${ }^{* 20}$ | -200.0 to | $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | ${ }_{* 21}^{\text {Cu100 GOST }}$ | -200.0 to | $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt46 GOST ${ }^{* 20}$ | -200.0 to | $550.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.6^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Pt100 GOST ${ }^{* 21}$ | -200.0 to | $600.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.05 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+0.3^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.1 \%\right.$ of rdg $\left.+1.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| RTD (Measured current: 1. 6 mA ) | Cu10 GE | -200.0 to | $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.1 \% \text { of rdg }+0.7[2.0]^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { guaranteed range } \\ & \text { Cu10 GE: }-70.0 \text { to } 170.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Cu10 L\&N: }-75.0 \text { to } 150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Cu10 WEED: }-200.0 \text { to } 260.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Other range: }-200.0 \text { to } 300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $\begin{aligned} & \pm\left(0.2 \% \text { of rdg }+2.5[5.0]^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right) \\ & \text { guaranteed range } \\ & \text { Cu10 GE: }-70.0 \text { to } 170.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Cu10 L\&N: }-75.0 \text { to } 150.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Cu10 WEED: }-200.0 \text { to } 260.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \text { Other range: }-200.0 \text { to } 300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \end{aligned}$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
|  | Cu10 L\&N | -200.0 to | $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Cu10 WEED | -200.0 to | $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Cu10 BAILEY | -200.0 to | $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \mathrm{Cu10} \text { at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00392 \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 to | $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | $\begin{aligned} & \text { Cu10 at } 20^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \\ & \alpha=0.00393 \end{aligned}$ | -200.0 to | $300.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |  |  |  |
|  | Cu10 GOST ${ }^{19}$ | -200.0 to | $200.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ | $\pm\left(0.1\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+0.7[2.0]^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $\pm\left(0.2\right.$ \% of rdg $\left.+2.5[5.0]^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ | $0.1{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ |
| DI | Level |  |  | Threshold level (Vth=2.4 V) Accuracy: $\pm 0.1 \mathrm{~V}$ |  | - |
|  | Contact *22 |  |  | Less than $100 \Omega$ : $1(\mathrm{ON}$ ), More than $10 \mathrm{k} \Omega: 0(\mathrm{OFF})$ |  | - |

*3 R, S, B, K, E, J, T, N: IEC60584-1, DIN EN60584, JIS C1602, ASTM E230
*4 W: W-5\%Re/W-26\%Re(Hoskins Mfg.Co.) ASTM E988-96
(Type C equivalent of OMEGA Engineering Inc.)
*5 L: Fe-CuNi, DIN43710, U: Cu-CuNi, DIN43710
*6 WRe3-25: W-3\%Re/W-25\%Re(Hoskins Mfg.Co.) ASTM E988-96
(Type D equivalent of OMEGA Engineering Inc.)
*7 KpvsAu7Fe, PLATINEL II, NiNiMo: ASTM E1751
*8 PR20-40: PtRH20\%-PtRh40\%(Johnson Matthey PIc) ASTM E1751
*9 W/WRe26: W/W-26\%Re(Hoskins Mfg.Co.)ASTM E175
(Type G equivalent of OMEGA Engineering Inc.)
*10 N(AWG14): NBS
*11 XK GOST: Type L (GOST R 8.525-2001)
*12 Pt100: JIS C1604, IEC60751, DIN EN60751
JPt100: JIS C1604, JIS C1606
*13 J263B: Yokogawa Electric Corporation J263*B
*14 Ni100 (DIN): DIN 43760
15 Ni120: McGRAW EDISON COMPANY
*16 Pt25: One-fourth of JPt100 resistance value
*17 Pt50: JIS C1604, JIS C1606
*18 Cu10 GOST: One-tenth of Cu100 GOST resistance value
*20 Cu50 GOST, Pt46 GOST: GOST 6651-94
*20 Cu100 GOST, Pt100 GOST: GOST 6651-2009
*21 The detected current value is approx. $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$.
*22 10 channel mode with scan interval set to 500 ms or higher, or 2 channel mode
*23 10 channel mode with scan interval set to 100 ms or 200 ms
Measurement accuracy at scaling: measurement accuracy at scaling (digits) = measurement accuracy (digits) $\times$ scaling span (digits)/measurement span (digits) +1 digit

* Rounding up decimal places
- Burnout detection ${ }^{* 1 * 2}$ : Burnout upscale, downscale, or OFF selectable (for each channel).

Available input: TC, RTD, Standard signal
Detection condition;
TC;
Universal, Low withstand voltage relay, Electromagnetic relay, High withstand voltage type

Normal: $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less., Burnout: $200 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or
more (parallel capacitance of $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or less)
Detection current: Approx. $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$
High-speed universal type
Detection current: Approx. 50 nA ,
Superposed electric current system
RTD;
Universal type
Normal: wiring resistance or less, Burnout:
$200 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more
parallel capacitance of less than $0.01 \mu \mathrm{~F}$ or less
Detection current: Approx. $10 \mu \mathrm{~A}$
High-speed universal type
Detection current: Approx. 100 nA,
Superposed electric current system
Standard signal:
Normal: Within measuring range
Burnout: Depends on the setting of the burnout judgment value. The burnout judgment value shall be set with the percentage of the specified span width.
Lower limit: -20.0 to -5.0 \%
Upper limit: 105 to 120 \%
*1 None for the 4-wire RTD/resistance type
*2 If the scan interval on the high speed AI module is 1 to 20 ms , burnout detection will not work correctly.

- Input external resistance:

DC voltage, thermocouple input: $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or below
Resistance temperature detector input: $10 \Omega$ or below in each wire (Same resistance in three wires)

- Input bias current: $\pm 10 \mathrm{nA}$ or less (when burnout function does not work)
- Measured current (for RTD):
universal type: Approx. 1 mA
High-speed universal type: Approx. $1 \mathrm{~mA} / 1.6 \mathrm{~mA}$ (depends on the range)
4-wire RTD/resistance: Approx. $1 \mathrm{~mA} / 0.25 \mathrm{~mA}$ (depends on the range)
- Input resistance:
$10 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or more for TC/DC voltage ( 1 V range or less) input
Approx. $1 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ for $D C$ voltage ( 2 V range or more)/standard signal input/DI voltage (Highspeed universal type)/while measurement is stopped (High-speed universal type)
$250 \Omega(249.5 \Omega$ typ $)$ for DC mA
* typ: Typical value (Typical)
- Allowable signal source resistance: $2 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less for TC/DC voltage ( 1 V range or less) input
- Effect of signal source resistance: $\pm 10 \mu \mathrm{~V} / 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less for TC/DC voltage ( 1 V range or less) input
$\pm 0.15 \%$ of $\mathrm{rdg} / 1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or less for DC voltage ( 2 V range or more)/standard signal input
- Allowable wiring resistance: Max. $10 \Omega$ per line for RTD input (conductor resistance between the three lines shall be equal)
- Effect of wiring resistance: $\pm 0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 10 \Omega$ for RTD input (conductor resistance between the three lines shall be equal), $\pm 1^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 10 \Omega(50 \Omega$ system or less, High-speed universal type)
4-wire RTD/resistance type
4-wire RTD100 $\Omega$ system or more: $\pm 0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 10 \Omega$
4 -wire RTD50 $\Omega$ system or less: $\pm 1^{\circ} \mathrm{C} / 10 \Omega$
Resistance $20 \Omega: \pm 0.001 \Omega$ or less
Resistance $200 \Omega: \pm 0.01 \Omega$ or less
Resistance $2000 \Omega: \pm 0.1 \Omega$ or less
- Allowable input voltage:

Universal, Low withstand voltage relay,
Electromagnetic relay, High withstand voltage type:
$\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ DC for TC/DC voltage ( 1 V range or less)/ RTD/DI (contact) input, DC mA
$\pm 60 \mathrm{~V}$ DC for DC voltage ( 2 V range or more) input/ DI (level) input
High-speed universal type:
$\pm 120$ V DC

- Allowable input current (current (mA) input type): $24 \mathrm{~mA}, 50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, peak value including signal
- Noise reduction ratio

Universal, Low withstand voltage relay, current (mA) input, Electromagnetic relay, 4-wire RTD/ resistance, High withstand voltage type:

| Integration time ${ }^{* 1}$ | Normal mode | Common mode |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 1.67 ms | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, no <br> noise reduction | More than 80 dB <br> $*_{2} 4$ |
| More than 16.67 <br> ms | More than 40 dB <br> ${ }^{2} 23$ | More than 120 dB <br> $*_{2} *_{4}$ |

High-speed universal type:

| Scan interval *1 | Normal mode | Common mode |
| :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 20 ms or less | $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, no <br> noise reduction | More than 80 dB <br> ${ }^{*} 24$ |
| More than 50 ms | More than 40 dB <br> $* 2 * 3$ | More than 120 dB <br> ${ }^{*} 2 * 4$ |

*1 A frequency discrimination setting is made in the main unit.
*2 A resistance temperature detector range is a converted value of voltage when a measured current flows.
*3 $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 0.1 \%$
*4 $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} \pm 0.1 \%, 500 \Omega$ imbalance, between minus measuring terminal and ground

- Normal mode voltage for TC/ DC voltage (1 V range or less)/DI (voltage): 1.2 times or less of rated range

Standard signal 0.4 to 2 V range: 2.4 V
Standard signal $1-5 \mathrm{~V}$ range: 6 V
RTD (100 $\Omega$ system or more) : 50 mV peak
RTD (50 $\Omega$ system or less) : 10 mV peak

* $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, The peak value including the signal.

4-wire RTD/resistance
Resistance (2000 $\Omega$ ), RTD ( $100 \Omega, 500 \Omega$
$1000 \Omega$ system): 50 mV peak
Resistance (200 $\Omega$ ), RTD ( $10 \Omega, 25 \Omega 50 \Omega$
system): 10 mV peak
Resistance ( $20 \Omega$ ): 4 mV peak

- Normal mode current (current (mA) input type): 24 mADC (Value converted to voltage: 6 V ) * $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, The peak value including the signal.
- Common mode voltage for measuring input: 30 V ACrms ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) or $\pm 60 \mathrm{~V}$ DC (Maximum common mode noise voltage for measuring input: 250 V ACrms)
High-speed universal type only
300 V ACrms ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ), Double insulation
High withstand voltage type only 600 V ACrms ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ ) or 600 V DC, Double insulation
1000 V DC, Basic insulation*
* When the module is used under basic insulation conditions, external supplementary insulation is required for safe use. When the system is used in a common mode voltage environment that exceeds 600 V , to add supplementary insulation, you need to install the system in a panel, add an overcurrent protection device, and add an insulation device. Refer to the First Step Guide (IM 04L51B0102EN, IM 04L55B01-02EN), and take the appropriate measures.
- Maximum voltage between measuring input channels: 30 V ACrms $(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$ or $\pm 60 \mathrm{~V}$ DC (Maximum common mode noise voltage between measuring input channels: 250 V ACrms ( 60 V ACrms for low-voltage relay type))
High-speed universal type
300 V ACrms $(50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz})$, Double insulation
- Reference junction compensation accuracy: When measuring temperature greater than or equal to $0{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ and when Integral time 16.6 ms or more or scan interval 50 ms or more (for the high-speed universal type) and when input terminal temperature is balanced
Type K, E, J, T, N, XK GOST: $\pm 0.5^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(23{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2\right.$ $\left.{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right), \pm 0.7^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(0\right.$ to $\left.50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right), \pm 1.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(-20\right.$ to $\left.60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right)$ Type R, S, W, L, U, W97Re3-W75Re25, Platinel2, NiNiMo, W/WRe26, N(AWG14): $\pm 1.0$ ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(23^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right), \pm 1.4^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\left(0\right.$ to $\left.50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right), \pm 2.0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ (-20 to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
Type KpvsAu7Fe: $\pm 1.0 \mathrm{~K}\left(23^{\circ} \mathrm{C} \pm 2{ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}\right), \pm 1.4 \mathrm{~K}$ ( 0 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ), $\pm 2.0 \mathrm{~K}\left(-20\right.$ to $60^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ )
Type B, PR20-40: Internal reference
compensation is fixed to $0^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Scan interval/A/D integration time:

10 ch . mode, 6 ch mode ${ }^{* 3}$
Universal ${ }^{* 1}$, Current (mA) input ${ }^{* 1}$, 4-wire RTD/
resistance, High withstand voltage *1 type

| Scan interval | Integration time |
| :--- | :--- |
| $100 \mathrm{~ms} / 200 \mathrm{~ms}$ | 1.67 ms |
| 500 ms or more | $16.67 \mathrm{~ms} / 20 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| 1 s | 36.67 ms |
| 2 s or more | 100 ms |

Electromagnetic relay scanner type

| Scan interval | Integration time |
| :--- | :--- |
| 1 s or more | $16.67 \mathrm{~ms} / 20 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| 2 s | 36.67 ms |
| 5 s | 100 ms |

Low withstand voltage relay type

| Scan interval | Integration time |
| :--- | :--- |
| 500 ms or more | $16.67 \mathrm{~ms} / 20 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| 2 s | 36.67 ms |
| 5 s | 100 ms |

2 ch. mode ${ }^{* 2}$

| Scan interval | Integration time |
| :--- | :--- |
| 100 ms or more | $16.67 \mathrm{~ms} / 20 \mathrm{~ms}$ |
| 1 s | 36.67 ms |
| 2 s or more | 100 ms |

*1 In 10ch mode, when the scan interval is set to 100 ms or 200 ms , the A/D integration time is fixed at 1.67 ms . This prevents power frequency noise from being eliminated, causing measured values to wobble.
*2 Cannot be specified for the electromagnetic relay type, Low withstand voltage relay type, Highspeed universal type.
*3 For the 4-wire RTD/resistance type.

- Scan interval/filter type:

High-speed universal type

| Scan interval | Filter |
| :--- | :--- |
| 20 ms or less | Non* |
| $50 \mathrm{~ms} / 100 \mathrm{~ms} / 200 \mathrm{~ms}$ | $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$ <br> Simultaneous removal of 50 Hz <br> and 60 Hz |
| 500 ms or more | $50 \mathrm{~Hz} / 60 \mathrm{~Hz} / 10 \mathrm{~Hz}$ |
| $\quad$ With the high-speer |  |

* With the high-speed universal type, when the scan interval is 20 ms or less, supply frequency noise is not removed. As such, the measured values may fluctuate especially in temperature measurement using thermocouples.
- Calibration correction:

Mode: Linearizer Approximation, Linearizer Bias
Number of correcting points: 12

- Moving average function:

Can be switched On/Off (Settable for each channel)
Moving average number can be selected from 2 to 100 times
Select from 2 to 500 for the high-speed universal type.

- First-order lag input filter (high-speed universal type): Can be turned on/off for each channel Time constant: Scan interval $\times \mathrm{N}$ where N is between 3 and 300)
- Reference junction compensation:

Mode: Can be switch internal or external (Settable for each channel)
(Set the value of the compensation temperature at external)

- Input calculation:

Linear scaling, square root*, differential
calculations (Settable for each channel)
Not available for the 4-wire RTD/resistance type

- Bias function:

Can be set the bias value to be added to the input value (Settable for each channel)

- Terminal type: M3 screw terminal or Clamp terminal
- Withstand voltage

Universal, Electromagnetic relay, 4-wire RTD/ resistance type;

Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: 3000 V AC for one minute
Between the analog input channels: 1000VAC for one minute (excluding b-terminal)
Current (mA) input type;
Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: 1500 V AC for one minute
Between the analog input channels: 1000 V $A C$ for one minute (excluding b-terminal)

Low withstand voltage type;
Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: 1500 V AC for one minute
Between the analog input channels: 400 V AC
for one minute (excluding b-terminal)
High-speed universal type;
Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: 3000 V AC for one minute
Between the analog input channels: 3000 V
AC for one minute
High withstand voltage
Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: 3700 V AC for one minute
Between the analog input channels: 1000 V
AC for one minute

- Insulation resistance:

Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 V DC
Between the analog input channels*: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 V DC

* Excludes the $b$ terminal of the universal type
- Recommended replacement period of electromagnetic relay scanner type modules: Electromagnetic relay scanner type modules make measurements by switching mechanical contact relays on and off.
To ensure that the modules continue to operate reliably and correctly, replace them
Continuous use at measurement interval $1 \mathrm{~s}: 1$ year Continuous use at measurement interval $2 \mathrm{~s}: 2$ years Continuous use at measurement interval 5 s : 5 years


## Safety and EMC Standards

- CSA:

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.61010-1, CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.61010-2-030, Overvoltage Category II or I *1, Pollution Degree $2{ }^{* 2}$, Measurement Category II *4

- UL:

UL61010-1, UL 61010-2-030 (CSA NRTL/C), Overvoltage Category II or I *1, Pollution Degree 2 *2, Measurement Category II *4

- CE/EMC directive ${ }^{* 3}$ :

EN61326-1, Class A Table 2 (For use in industrial
locations) compliance
EN61000-3-2 compliance
EN61000-3-3 compliance
EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance

- CE/Low voltage directive ${ }^{* 3}$ : EN61010-1, EN 61010-2-030, Overvoltage Category II or I *1, Pollution degree $2{ }^{* 2}$, Measurement category II *3
- CE/RoHS directive: "2011/65/EU+(EU)2015/863" (10-Substances) Compliant
- EMC Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand (RCM): EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance
- KC marking: KN11, KN61000-6-2 compliance
*1 Overvoltage category: Describes a number which defines a transient overvoltage condition. Implies the regulation for impulse withstand voltage. Applies to electrical equipment which is supplied from the fixed installation like a distribution board. II or I depends on the power supply specification of the main unit.
*2 Pollution degree 2:
Describes the degree to which a solid, liquid, or gas which deteriorates dielectric strength or surface resistivity is adhering.
"2" applies to normal indoor atmosphere.
Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs.
*3 The CE standards for modules represent standards that are met when the module is installed in the main unit.
*4 Measurement category II (CAT II):
Applies to measuring circuits connected to low voltage installation, and electrical instruments supplied with power from fixed equipment such as electric switchboards.
- WEEE Directive: Compliant


## Construction

- Front panel (terminal): Water and dust-proof, Complies with IEC529-IP20
- Material: Polycarbonate
- Color;

Front: Charcoal grey light (Munsell 10B3.6/0.3 equivalent)
Bezel: Smoke blue (Munsell 4.1PB6.0/4.5
equivalent)

- Dimensions: $45.2 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 111 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 133.1$ $m m(D)$ (D: including terminal cover)
- Weight: Approx. 0.3 kg


## Power Supply

Suppy from GX/GP, GX60 expandable I/O, GM90PS power supply module.

- Power consumption:

GX90XA-10-U2: 0.7 W or less
GX90XA-10-T1: 0.9 W or less
GX90XA-10-C1: 0.7 W or less
GX90XA-10-L1: 0.7 W or less
GX90XA-04-H0: 2.0 W or less
GX90XA-06-R1: 0.7 W or less
GX90XA-10-V1: 1.0 W or less

## Isolation

Universal, Low withstand voltage relay,
Electromagnetic relay, Current (mA) input type

| Analog input CH 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Analog input CH 2 |  |
| Analog input CH 3 |  |
| Analog input CH 4 |  |
| Analog input CH 5 |  |
| Analog input CH 6 | Input circuit |
| Analog input CH 7 | Internal circuit |
| Analog input CH 8 |  |
| Analog input CH 9 |  |
| Analog input CH 10 |  |

_ Functional insulation
工 Reinforced insulation
High withstand voltage type


Functional insulation
工Double insulation ( 600 V ACrms $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, 600 VDC ) or Basic insulation ( 1000 V DC)

High-speed universal type

| Analog input CH1 |
| :--- |
| Analog input CH2 |
| Analog input CH3 |
| Analog input CH4 |

$\overline{=}$ Double insulation (300 Vrms 50/60Hz)
4-wire RTD/resistance type

| Analog input CH 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Analog input CH 2 |  |
| Analog input CH 3 | Input circuit |
| Analog input CH 4 | Internal circuit |
| Analog input CH 5 |  |
| Analog input CH 6 |  |

—— Functional insulation
$=$ Reinforced insulation

## Terminal arrangements

## M3 screw terminal

Universal, Low withstand voltage relay, Electromagnetic relay, Current (mA) input, High withstand voltage type

| No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 301 | CH1 (/b)*1 | 201 | CH1(-/B) | 101 | CH1 (+/A) |
| 302 | CH2( /b)*1 | 202 | CH2(-/B) | 102 | CH2(+/A) |
| 303 | CH3(/b)*1 | 203 | CH3(-/B) | 103 | CH3(+/A) |
| 304 | CH4(/b)*1 | 204 | CH4(-/B) | 104 | CH4(+/A) |
| 305 | CH5 (/b)*1 | 205 | CH5(-/B) | 105 | CH5(+/A) |
| 306 | CH6( /b)*1 | 206 | CH6(-/B) | 106 | CH6(+/A) |
| 307 | $\mathrm{CH} 7(/ \mathrm{b})^{* 1}$ | 207 | CH7(-/B) | 107 | CH7(+/A) |
| 308 | CH8(/b)*1 | 208 | CH8(-/B) | 108 | CH8(+/A) |
| 309 | CH9 (/b)*1 | 209 | CH9(-/B) | 109 | CH9(+/A) |
| 310 | CH10( /b)*1 | 210 | CH10(-/B) | 110 | CH10(+/A) |
| *1 | There are no symbol indications for the electromagnetic relay type, current ( mA ) input type, low withstand voltage relay type, or high withstand voltage type. <br> RTD input terminal $b$ is shorted internally across all channels. |  |  |  |  |

High-speed universal type

| No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 301 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(/ \mathrm{A})$ | 201 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(-/ \mathrm{b})$ | 101 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(+/ \mathrm{B})$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 304 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(/ \mathrm{A})$ | 204 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(-/ \mathrm{b})$ | 104 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(+/ \mathrm{B})$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 307 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(/ \mathrm{A})$ | 207 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(-/ \mathrm{b})$ | 107 | $\mathrm{CH} 3++/ \mathrm{B})$ |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
|  |  |  |  |  |  |
| 310 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(/ \mathrm{A})$ | 210 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(-/ \mathrm{b})$ | 110 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(+/ \mathrm{B})$ |

4 wire RTD/resistance type

| No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 301 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(\mathrm{~B})$ | 201 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(\mathrm{~A})$ | 101 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(\mathrm{I})$ |
| 302 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(\mathrm{C})$ | 202 | Not Used | 102 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(\mathrm{C})$ |
| 303 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(\mathrm{~B})$ | 203 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(\mathrm{~A})$ | 103 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(\mathrm{I})$ |
| 304 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(\mathrm{~B})$ | 204 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(\mathrm{~A})$ | 104 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(\mathrm{I})$ |
| 305 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(\mathrm{C})$ | 205 | Not Used | 105 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(\mathrm{C})$ |
| 306 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(\mathrm{~B})$ | 206 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(\mathrm{~A})$ | 106 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(\mathrm{I})$ |
| 307 | $\mathrm{CH} 5(\mathrm{~B})$ | 207 | $\mathrm{CH} 5(\mathrm{~A})$ | 107 | $\mathrm{CH} 5(\mathrm{I})$ |
| 308 | $\mathrm{CH} 5(\mathrm{C})$ | 208 | Not Used | 108 | $\mathrm{CH} 6(\mathrm{C})$ |
| 309 | $\mathrm{CH} 6(\mathrm{~B})$ | 209 | $\mathrm{CH} 6(\mathrm{~A})$ | 109 | $\mathrm{CH} 6(\mathrm{I})$ |
| 310 | Not Used | 210 | Not Used | 110 | Not Used |

## Clamp terminal

Universal, Low withstand voltage relay,
Electromagnetic relay, Current (mA) input type, High withstand voltage type

| No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 201 | CH2(+/A) | 101 | CH1(+/A) |
| 202 | CH2(-/B) | 102 | CH1(-/B) |
| 203 | CH2( /b) *1 | 103 | CH1 (/b) *1 |
| 204 | CH4(+/A) | 104 | CH3(+/A) |
| 205 | CH4(-/B) | 105 | CH3(-/B) |
| 206 | CH4( /b) *1 | 106 | CH3( /b) *1 |
| 207 | CH6(+/A) | 107 | CH5(+/A) |
| 208 | CH6(-/B) | 108 | CH5(-/B) |
| 209 | CH6( /b) *1 | 109 | CH5( /b) *1 |
| 210 | CH8(+/A) | 110 | CH7(+/A) |
| 211 | CH8(-/B) | 111 | CH7(-/B) |
| 212 | CH8(/b) *1 | 112 | CH7(/b) *1 |
| 213 | CH10(+/A) | 113 | CH9(+/A) |
| 214 | CH10(-/B) | 114 | CH9(-/B) |
| 215 | ${ }_{* 1}^{\mathrm{CH} 10(/ b)}$ | 115 | CH9(/b) *1 |

*1 There are no symbol indications for the electromagnetic relay type, current ( mA ) input type, low withstand voltage relay type, or high withstand voltage type.

* RTD input terminal $b$ is shorted internally across all channels.

High-speed universal type

| No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol |
| :---: | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 201 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(+/ \mathrm{B})$ | 101 | Not Used |
| 202 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(-/ \mathrm{b})$ | 102 | Not Used |
| 203 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(/ \mathrm{A})$ | 103 | Not Used |
| 204 | Not Used | 104 | Not Used |
| 205 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(+/ \mathrm{B})$ | 105 | Not Used |
| 206 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(-/ \mathrm{b})$ | 106 | Not Used |
| 207 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(/ \mathrm{A})$ | 107 | Not Used |
| 208 | Not Used | 108 | Not Used |
| 209 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(+/ \mathrm{B})$ | 109 | Not Used |
| 210 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(-/ \mathrm{b})$ | 110 | Not Used |
| 211 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(/ \mathrm{A})$ | 111 | Not Used |
| 212 | Not Used | 112 | Not Used |
| 213 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(+/ \mathrm{B})$ | 113 | Not Used |
| 214 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(-/ \mathrm{b})$ | 114 | Not Used |
| 215 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(/ \mathrm{A})$ | 115 | Not Used |

4-wire RTD/resistance

| No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol |
| :--- | :--- | :---: | :--- |
| 201 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(\mathrm{I})$ | 101 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(\mathrm{I})$ |
| 202 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(\mathrm{~A})$ | 102 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(\mathrm{~A})$ |
| 203 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(\mathrm{~B})$ | 103 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(\mathrm{~B})$ |
| 204 | $\mathrm{CH} 2(\mathrm{C})$ | 104 | $\mathrm{CH} 1(\mathrm{C})$ |
| 205 | Not Used | 105 | Not Used |
| 206 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(\mathrm{I})$ | 106 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(\mathrm{I})$ |
| 207 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(\mathrm{~A})$ | 107 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(\mathrm{~A})$ |
| 208 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(\mathrm{~B})$ | 108 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(\mathrm{~B})$ |
| 209 | $\mathrm{CH} 4(\mathrm{C})$ | 109 | $\mathrm{CH} 3(\mathrm{C})$ |
| 210 | Not Used | 110 | Not Used |
| 211 | $\mathrm{CH} 6(\mathrm{I})$ | 111 | $\mathrm{CH} 5(\mathrm{I})$ |
| 212 | $\mathrm{CH} 6(\mathrm{~A})$ | 112 | $\mathrm{CH} 5(\mathrm{~A})$ |
| 213 | $\mathrm{CH} 6(\mathrm{~B})$ | 113 | $\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{B})$ |
| 214 | $\mathrm{CH} 6(\mathrm{C})$ | 114 | $\mathrm{CH}(\mathrm{C})$ |
| 215 | Not Used | 115 | Not Used |

## A/D Calibration Value

Two types of A/D calibration values (factory shipment setting and user setting) can be saved. If the user setting is not proper, it can be restored to the calibration value at factory shipment.

## External Dimensions

- Except high speed universal type and high withstand voltage type
M3 screw terminal



## Clamp terminal



- High speed universal type and high withstand voltage type
M3 screw terminal



## Clamp terminal



## Normal Operating Conditions

For normal operating conditions of this module, please refer to the General Specifications of the device (GX/GP, I/O Base Unit, or GM) that this module is mounted.
GX Specifications: GS 04L51B01-01EN
GP Specifications; GS 04L52B01-01EN
I/O Base Unit (Expandable I/O) Specifications: GS 04L53B00-01EN
GM Specifications: GS 04L55B01-01EN

## Transport and Storage Conditions

- Ambient temperature: -25 to $70^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Ambient humidity: 5 to 95 \%RH (no condensation)
- Vibration: 10 to $60 \mathrm{~Hz}, 4.9 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ maximum
- Shock: $392 \mathrm{~m} / \mathrm{s}^{2}$ maximum (in packaged condition)


## Effects of Operating Conditions

Integral time 16.67 ms or more or scan interval 50 ms or more (for the high-speed universal type)

- Influence of ambient temperature: variation against a change of $10^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ at an accumulation time of 16.67 ms or more $\pm(0.05 \%$ of $\mathrm{rdg}+$ $0.05 \%$ of range) or below.
(In case of current (mA) input type, $\pm(0.075 \%$ of rdg $+0.05 \%$ of range) or below.) KpvsAu7Fe, PR20-40: $\pm(0.05 \%$ of rdg $+0.1 \%$ of range) or below, Cu10 system or less: $\pm(0.2 \%$ of rdg $+0.1^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ ) or below
No reference contact accuracy is guaranteed.
- Influence of power supply voltage variation: Accuracy is satisfied in the range of rated power supply voltage.
- Influence of external magnetic field: Variations against an AC external magnetic field ( $50 / 60 \mathrm{~Hz}$, $400 \mathrm{~A} / \mathrm{m})$ are $\pm(0.1 \%$ of rdg+ $0.1 \%$ of range) or below.


## Installation limitations

If you want to use the electromagnetic relay type or high-speed universal type modules on a GM10 single unit, up to eight modules can be installed.

## DIGITAL INPUT MODULE (Model GX90XD or GX/GP main unit options /CRx1)



## GX90XD

- Application: Remote control input, pulse input ${ }^{+1}$, etc
- Number of inputs: 16
- input type: DI, pulse ${ }^{*}$
- Measurement interval: 100 ms (shortest)
- Input type: Open collector or Voltage-free contact
- Insulation type: Photocoupler, Trance (power supply)
- Contact rating: 12 V DC, 20 mA or more
- Input resistance: Approx. $1 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
- Allowable input voltage: +10 V
- ON/OFF detection

Open collector contact input:
Voltage in ON state: 0.5 V DC or less
Leakage current in OFF state: 0.5 mA or less
Voltage-free contact input:
Contact resistance in ON state: $200 \Omega$ or less
Contact resistance in OFF state: $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more

- Number of common: 2 (1 point/8 channels)
- Terminal type: M3 screw terminal or Clamp terminal
(In case of Options /CRx1, a digital input module has M3 screw terminals.)
- Withstand voltage

Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: 1500 V AC for one minute

- Insulation resistance

Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 VDC
[Pulse input specifications] ${ }^{+1}$

- Counting system: The rising edge of the pulse is counted.
Open collector: The signal level at the input terminal changes from high to low.
Voltage-free contact: The contact changes from open to close.
- Max. pulse period:

250 Hz (The chattering filter: Off)
125 Hz (The chattering filter: On)

- Min. detection pulse width: Low (close), High (open), both is 2 ms or more
- Pulse detection period: 1 ms
- Pulse measuring accuracy: $\pm 1$ pulse
- Pulse count interval: mesurement interval
- Filter: The chattering filter can be switched On/ Off *.
*When the chattering filter is off, connect GX/GP/GM so that it is not affected by the noise.
*1 MATH function (optional code $/ \mathrm{MT}$ ) is required.


## Safety and EMC Standards

- CSA:

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.61010-1, Overvoltage
Category II or I ${ }^{* 1}$, Pollution Degree $2{ }^{* 2}$

- UL: UL61010-1 (CSA NRTL/C), Overvoltage Category II or I *1, Pollution Degree $2{ }^{\text {*2 }}$
- CE/EMC directive *3:

EN61326-1 compliance, Class A Table 2 EN61000-3-2 compliance EN61000-3-3 compliance EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance

- CE/Low voltage directive ${ }^{* 3}$ : EN61010-1, Overvoltage Category II or I *1, Pollution degree 2 *2
- CE/RoHS directive: "2011/65/EU+(EU)2015/863" (10-Substances) Compliant
- EMC Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand (RCM): EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance
- KC marking: KN11, KN61000-6-2 compliance
*1 Overvoltage category: Describes a number which defines a transient overvoltage condition. Implies the regulation for impulse withstand voltage. Applies to electrical equipment which is supplied from the fixed installation like a distribution board. II or I depends on the power supply specification of the main unit.
*2 Pollution degree 2:
Describes the degree to which a solid, liquid, or gas which deteriorates dielectric strength or surface resistivity is adhering.
" 2 " applies to normal indoor atmosphere. Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs.
*3 The CE standards for modules represent standards that are met when the module is installed in the main unit.
- WEEE Directive: Compliant


## Construction

- Front panel (terminal): Water and dust-proof, Complies with IEC529-IP20
- Material: Polycarbonate
- Color; Front: Charcoal grey light (Munsell 10B3.6/0.3 equivalent)
Bezel: Smoke blue (Munsell 4.1PB6.0/4.5 equivalent)
- Dimensions: $45.2 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 111 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 133.1$ $\mathrm{mm}(\mathrm{D})$ (D: including terminal cover)
- Weight: Approx. 0.3 kg


## Power Supply

Suppy from GX/GP, GX60 expandable I/O, GM90PS power supply module.

- Power consumption: 0.7 W or less


## Isolation

| Digital input CH1 |  |
| :---: | :---: |
| Digital input $\mathrm{CH}^{2}$ |  |
| Digital input CH 3 |  |
| Digital input CH4 |  |
| Digital input CH5 |  |
| Digital input CH6 |  |
| Digital input CH7 |  |
| Digital input CH8 | Internal circuit |
| Digital input ${ }^{\text {CH9 }}$ | Internal circuit |
| Digital input CH 10 |  |
| Digital input CH11 |  |
| Digital input CH12 |  |
| Digital input CH13 |  |
| Digital input CH14 |  |
| Digital input CH15 |  |
| Digital input CH 16 |  |

$\qquad$ Functional insulation
------- Non-isolated

## Terminal arrangements

M3 screw terminal/Clamp terminal

| No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 21 | DI9 | 11 | DI1 |
| 22 | DI10 | 12 | DI2 |
| 23 | DI11 | 13 | DI3 |
| 24 | DI12 | 14 | DI4 |
| 25 | DI13 | 15 | DI5 |
| 26 | DI14 | 16 | DI6 |
| 27 | DI15 | 17 | DI7 |
| 28 | DI16 | 18 | DI8 |
| 29 | COM2 | 19 | COM1 |
| 30 | - | 20 | - |

## External Dimensions

M3 screw terminal


## Clamp terminal



## Normal Operating Conditions

For normal operating conditions of this module, please refer to the General Specifications of the device (GX/GP, I/O Base Unit, or GM) that this module is mounted.
GX Specifications: GS 04L51B01-01EN
GP Specifications; GS 04L52B01-01EN
I/O Base Unit (Expandable I/O): GS 04L53B0001EN
GM Specifications: GS 04L55B01-01EN

## Transport and Storage Conditions

Same as the GX90XA.

## Installation limitations

When the measurement mode is High speed, a single module, either this module or the GX90WD, can be installed. DI input is fixed to remote mode. Measurement and recording are not possible.

## DIGITAL OUTPUT MODULE (Model

 GX90YD, or GX/GP main unit options /CR1x, /CR2x, /CR4x)

## GX90YD

- Application: Alarm output, etc
- Number of outputs: 6
- Output update interval: 100 ms (shortest)
- Output type: Relay contact output, SPDT (NO-CNC)
- Insulation type: Mechanical
- Rated load voltage: 30 V DC or 250 V AC or less
- Max. load current: 3 A (DC)/3 A (AC), resistance load, each channel
- Min. load voltage/current: 5 V DC/10mA
- Recommended replacement periods of contact: Mechanical 5,000,000 more ON-OFF operations Electrical 30,000 more ON-OFF operations (250 V AC 3 A or 30 V DC 3 A, resistance load)
- Number of common: 6
- Terminal type: M3 screw terminal
- Withstand voltage Between the output terminals and the internal circuit: 3000 V AC for one minute Between the output terminals: 3000 V AC for one minute
- Insulation resistance:

Between the output terminals and the internal circuit: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 VDC
Between the output terminals: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 VDC

## Safety and EMC Standards

- CSA:

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.61010-1, Overvoltage
Category II or I*1, Pollution Degree $2{ }^{* 2}$

- UL:

UL61010-1(CSA NRTL/C), Overvoltage Category
II or I *1, Pollution Degree 2 *2

- CE/EMC directive *3:

EN61326-1 Class A Table 2(For use in industrial locations) compliance
EN61000-3-2 compliance
EN61000-3-3 compliance
EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance

- CE/Low voltage directive *3:

EN61010-1, Overvoltage Category II or I *1, Pollution degree 2 *2

- CE/RoHS directive:
"2011/65/EU+(EU)2015/863" (10-Substances)
Compliant
- EMC Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand (RCM): EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance
- KC marking: KN11, KN61000-6-2 compliance
*1 Overvoltage category: Describes a number which defines a transient overvoltage condition. Implies the regulation for impulse withstand voltage. Applies to electrical equipment which is supplied from the fixed installation like a distribution board. II or I depends on the power supply specification of the main unit.
*2 Pollution degree 2:
Describes the degree to which a solid, liquid, or gas which deteriorates dielectric strength or surface resistivity is adhering.
"2" applies to normal indoor atmosphere. Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs.
*3 The CE standards for modules represent standards that are met when the module is installed in the main unit.
- WEEE Directive: Compliant


## Construction

- Front panel (terminal): Water and dust-proof, Complies with IEC529-IP20
- Material: Polycarbonate
- Color; Front: Charcoal grey light (Munsell 10B3.6/0.3 equivalent) Bezel: Smoke blue (Munsell 4.1PB6.0/4.5 equivalent)
- Dimensions: $45.2 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 111 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 133.1$ $\mathrm{mm}(\mathrm{D})$ (D: including terminal cover)
- Weight: Approx. 0.3 kg


## Power Supply

Suppy from GX/GP, GX60 expandable I/O, GM90PS power supply module.

- Power consumption: 1.4 W or less


## Isolation

| Digital output CH 1 |  |
| :--- | :--- |
| Digital output CH 2 |  |
| Digital output CH 3 |  |
| Digital output CH 4 |  |
| Digital output CH 5 |  |
| Digital output CH 6 |  |

-_ Functional insulation
= Reinforced insulation

## Terminal arrangements

## M3 screw terminal

| No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 21 | DO4 N.C. | 11 | DO1 N.C. |
| 22 | DO4 COM | 12 | DO1 COM |
| 23 | DO4 N.O. | 13 | DO1 N.O. |
| 24 | DO5 N.C. | 14 | DO2 N.C. |
| 25 | DO5 COM | 15 | DO2 COM |
| 26 | DO5 N.O. | 16 | DO2 N.O. |
| 27 | DO6 N.C. | 17 | DO3 N.C. |
| 28 | DO6 COM | 18 | DO3 COM |
| 29 | DO6 N.O. | 19 | DO3 N.O. |
| 30 | Not Used | 20 | Not Used |

## External Dimensions

## M3 screw terminal



## Normal Operating Conditions

For normal operating conditions of this module, please refer to the General Specifications of the device (GX/GP, I/O Base Unit, or GM) that this module is mounted. However, excluding the shock at energization.
GX Specifications: GS 04L51B01-01EN
GP Specifications; GS 04L52B01-01EN
I/O Base Unit (Expandable I/O): This General
Specifications
GM Specifications: GS 04L55B01-01EN

## Transport and Storage Conditions

Same as the GX90XA.

## Installation limitations

When using the GX90WD digital input/output modules and GX90UT PID control modules together, up to a total of 10 modules can be installed.

## DIGITAL INPUT/OUTPUT MODULE (Model GX90WD)



Digital input/output module can be used one module on GX/GP main unit, Expandable I/O, GM main unit, and GM sub unit.

## Digital Input Specifications

- Application: Remote control input, pulse input ${ }^{* 1}$, etc
- Number of inputs: 8
- input type: DI, pulse ${ }^{*}$
- Measurement interval: 100 ms (shortest)
- Input type: Open collector or Voltage-free contact
- Insulation type: Photocoupler, Trance (power supply)
- Contact rating: Use an external contact of 12 VDC and 20 mA or more.
- Input resistance: Approx. $2.4 \mathrm{k} \Omega$
- Allowable input voltage: +10 V
- ON/OFF detection

Open collector contact input:
Voltage in ON state: 0.5 V DC or less
Leakage current in OFF state: 0.5 mA or less Voltage-free contact input:

Contact resistance in ON state: $200 \Omega$ or less
Contact resistance in OFF state: $50 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or more

- Number of common: 1 (1 point/8 channels)
- Terminal type: M3 screw terminal
- Withstand voltage Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: 1500 V AC for one minute
- Insulation resistance:

Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 VDC
[Pulse input specifications] ${ }^{* 1}$

- Counting system: The rising edge of the pulse is counted.
Open collector: The signal level at the input terminal changes from high to low.
Voltage-free contact: The contact changes from open to close.
- Max. pulse period:

250 Hz (The chattering filter: Off)
125 Hz (The chattering filter: On)

- Min. detection pulse width: Low (close), High (open), both is 2 ms or more
- Pulse detection period: 1 ms
- Pulse measuring accuracy: $\pm 1$ pulse
- Pulse count interval: mesurement interval
- Filter: The chattering filter can be switched On/ Off *.
* When the chattering filter is off, connect GX/GP/GM so that it is not affected by the noise.
*1 MATH function (optional code /MT) is required.

Digital Output Specifications

- Application: Alarm output, etc
- Number of outputs: 6
- Output update interval: 100 ms (shortest)
- Output type: Relay contact output, SPDT (NO-CNC)
- Insulation type: Mechanical
- Rated load voltage: Max. 150 VAC when connected to the mains circuit (primary power source). Max. 250 VAC when connected to a circuit (secondary power source) derived from the mains circuit (primary power source) of up to 300 V AC, or Max. 30 V DC.
- Maximum voltage between output terminal channels: 250 V AC, Basic insulation
- Max. load current: 2 A (DC)/2 A (AC), resistance load, each channel
- Min. load voltage/current: 5 V DC/10 mA
- Recommended replacement periods of contact: Mechanical 5,000,000 more ON-OFF operations Electrical 30,000 more ON-OFF operations (250 V AC 2 A or 30 V DC 2 A , resistance load)
- Number of common: 6 (All-contact independent)
- Terminal type: M3 screw terminal
- Withstand voltage

Between the output terminals and the internal circuit: 2700 V AC for one minute Between the output terminals: 1350 V AC for one minute

- Insulation resistance: Between the output terminals and the internal circuit: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 VDC Between the output terminals: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 VDC


## Safety and EMC Standards

- CSA:

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.61010-1, Overvoltage Category II or I *1, Pollution Degree 2 *2

- UL:

UL61010-1(CSA NRTL/C), Overvoltage Category II or I *1, Pollution Degree 2 *2

- CE/EMC directive "3:

EN61326-1 Class A Table 2(For use in industrial locations) compliance
EN61000-3-2 compliance
EN61000-3-3 compliance
EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance

- CE/Low voltage directive ${ }^{3}$ :

EN61010-1, Overvoltage Category II or I *1,
Pollution degree $2{ }^{* 2}$

- CE/RoHS directive: "2011/65/EU+(EU)2015/863" (10-Substances) Compliant
- EMC Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand (RCM): EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance
- KC marking: KN11, KN61000-6-2 compliance
*1 Overvoltage category: Describes a number which defines a transient overvoltage condition. Implies the regulation for impulse withstand voltage. Applies to electrical equipment which is supplied from the fixed installation like a distribution board. II or I depends on the power supply specification of the main unit.
*2 Pollution degree 2: Describes the degree to which a solid, liquid, or gas which deteriorates dielectric strength or surface resistivity is adhering. " 2 " applies to normal indoor atmosphere. Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs.
*3 The CE standards for modules represent standards that are met when the module is installed in the main unit.
- WEEE Directive: Compliant


## Construction

- Front panel (terminal): Water and dust-proof, Complies with IEC529-IP20
- Material: Polycarbonate
- Color;

Front: Charcoal grey light (Munsell 10B3.6/0.3 equivalent)
Bezel: Smoke blue (Munsell 4.1PB6.0/4.5 equivalent)

- Dimensions: $45.2 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 111 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 133.1$ $\mathrm{mm}(\mathrm{D})$ ( D : including terminal cover)
- Weight: Approx. 0.3 kg


## Power Supply

Suppy from GX/GP, GX60 expandable I/O, GM90PS power supply module.

- Power consumption: 1.6 W or less


## Isolation


——_ Functional insulation
--ー-- Basic insulation
$=$ Reinforced insulation
Note: Since the insulation specification between output terminal channels is basic insulation, connect so that the potential difference between adjacent channels does not exceed 30 V AC or 60 V DC. If the potential difference from adjacent channel exceeds 30 V AC or 60 V DC, insert an unconnected channel between the two channels.

## Terminal arrangements

M3 screw terminal

| No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol | No. | Symbol |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| 301 | DI3 | 201 | DI2 | 101 | DI1 |
| 302 | DI6 | 202 | DI5 | 102 | DI4 |
| 303 | DI COM | 203 | DI8 | 103 | DI7 |
| 304 | Not Used | 204 | Not Used | 104 | Not Used |
| 305 | DO1 N.O. | 205 | DO1 COM | 105 | DO1 N.C. |
| 306 | DO2 N.O. | 206 | DO2 COM | 106 | DO2 N.C. |
| 307 | DO3 N.O. | 207 | DO2 COM | 107 | DO3 N.C. |
| 308 | DO4 N.O. | 208 | DO4 COM | 108 | DO4 N.C. |
| 309 | DO5 N.O. | 209 | DO5 COM | 109 | DO5 N.C. |
| 310 | DO6 N.O. | 210 | DO6 COM | 110 | DO6 N.C. |

## External Dimensions

## M3 screw terminal



## Normal Operating Conditions

For normal operating conditions of this module, please refer to the General Specifications of the device (GX/GP, I/O Base Unit, or GM) that this module is mounted. However, excluding the shock at energization.
GX Specifications: GS 04L51B01-01EN
GP Specifications; GS 04L52B01-01EN
I/O Base Unit (Expandable I/O): This General
Specifications
GM Specifications: GS 04L55B01-01EN

## Transport and Storage Conditions

Same as the GX90XA.

## Installation limitations

- A single module can be installed in each unit.
- When using the GX90YD digital output modules and GX90UT PID control modules together, up to a total of 10 modules can be installed.
- When the measurement mode is High speed, a single module, either this module or the GX90XD, can be installed. DI input is fixed to remote mode. Measurement and recording are not possible.
The DO function cannot be used.


## PULSE INPUT MODULE <br> (Model GX90XP)



## GX90XP

- Application: Pulse input (flow sum and the like)
- Number of inputs: 10
- Measurement interval: 100 ms (shortest)
- Input type: Contact (open collector, voltage-free contact), level (5 V logic)
- Input format: Pulled up to approx. 5 V through 5 $k \Omega$, common potential shared within the same module
- Input range: Up to 20 kHz *
* 30 Hz when the chattering filter is in use (On)
- Minimum detection pulse width: $25 \mu \mathrm{~s}^{*}$
* 15 ms when the chattering filter is in use (On)
- Measurement accuracy: Count $\pm 1$ pulse For integration computation *, the following accuracies are added.
Computation start: +1 scan interval Computation stop: -1 scan interval
* Integration requires the math function (/MT option).
- Chattering filter: Removes chattering up to 5 ms (can be turned on/off on each channel)
* When the chattering filter is off, connect GX/GP/GM so that it is not affected by the noise.
- Input threshold level:

Contact (open collector, voltage-free contact): Counted when a change from $100 \mathrm{k} \Omega$ or higher to $200 \Omega$ or lower is detected
Level (5 V logic):
Counted when a change from 1 V or lower to 3 V or higher is detected

- Hysteresis width: Approx. 0.2 V
- Contact, transistor rating:

Contact: 15 V DC or higher and 30 mA or higher rating. Minimum applicable load current 1 mA or less.
Transistor: With the following ratings: Vce > 15 V DC, Ic $>30 \mathrm{~mA}$

- Allowable input voltage: $\pm 10 \mathrm{~V}$ DC
- Insulation type: Photocoupler isolation, transformer isolation
- Terminal type: M3 screw terminal or clamp terminal
- Withstand voltage: Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: 1500 V AC for 1 minute
- Insulation resistance:

Between the input terminals and the internal circuit: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 V DC

## Safety and EMC Standards

- CSA:

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.61010-1, Overvoltage
Category II or I *1, Pollution Degree $2{ }^{* 2}$

- UL:

UL61010-1(CSA NRTL/C), Overvoltage Category
II or I *1 , Pollution Degree 2 *2

- CE/EMC directive *3:

EN61326-1 Class A Table 2(For use in industrial locations) compliance
EN61000-3-2 compliance
EN61000-3-3 compliance
EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance

- CE/Low voltage directive ${ }^{* 3}$ :

EN61010-1, Overvoltage Category II or I *1, Pollution degree 2 *2 Measurement category II *3

- CE/RoHS directive: "2011/65/EU+(EU)2015/863" (10-Substances) Compliant
- EMC Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand (RCM): EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance
- KC marking: KN11, KN61000-6-2 compliance
*1 Overvoltage category: Describes a number which defines a transient overvoltage condition. Implies the regulation for impulse withstand voltage.
Applies to electrical equipment which is supplied from the fixed installation like a distribution board. II or I depends on the power supply specification of the main unit.
*2 Pollution degree 2:
Describes the degree to which a solid, liquid, or gas which deteriorates dielectric strength or surface resistivity is adhering.
" 2 " applies to normal indoor atmosphere. Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs.
*3 The CE standards for modules represent standards that are met when the module is installed in the main unit.
- WEEE Directive: Compliant


## Construction

- Front panel (terminal): Water and dust-proof, Complies with IEC529-IP20
- Material: Polycarbonate
- Color;

Front: Charcoal grey light (Munsell 10B3.6/0.3 equivalent)
Bezel: Smoke blue (Munsell 4.1PB6.0/4.5 equivalent)

- Dimensions: $45.2 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 111 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times 133.1$ $\mathrm{mm}(\mathrm{D})$ (D: including terminal cover)
- Weight: Approx. 0.3 kg


## Power Supply

Suppy from GX/GP, GX60 expandable I/O, GM90PS power supply module.

- Power consumption: 0.9 W or less


## Isolation



Functional insulation
------- Non-isolated

## Terminal arrangements

M3 screw terminal/Clamp terminal

| No. | Symbol |  | No. | Symbol |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 21 | CH6 | + | 11 | CH1 | + |
| 22 |  | - | 12 |  | - |
| 23 | CH7 | + | 13 | CH2 | + |
| 24 |  | - | 14 |  | - |
| 25 | CH8 | + | 15 | CH3 | + |
| 26 |  | - | 16 |  | - |
| 27 | CH9 | + | 17 | CH4 | + |
| 28 |  | - | 18 |  | - |
| 29 | CH10 | + | 19 | CH5 | + |
| 30 |  | - | 20 |  | - |

Negative terminal (common) potential shared

External Dimensions
M3 screw terminal


## Clamp terminal



## Normal Operating Conditions

For normal operating conditions of this module, please refer to the General Specifications of the device (GX/GP, I/O Base Unit, or GM) that this module is mounted.
GX Specifications: GS 04L51B01-01EN
GP Specifications: GS 04L52B01-01EN
I/O Base Unit (Expandable I/O):
GS 04L53B00-01EN
GM Specifications: GS 04L55B01-01EN

## Transport and Storage Conditions

Same as the GX90XA.

## ANALOG OUTPUT MODULE (Model GX90YA)



## GX90YA

- Application: Retransmission output, Manual output
- Number of outputs: 4 (isolated between channels)
- Output type: 4 to 20 mA or 0 to 20 mA
- Output update interval: 100 ms (shortest)
- Load resistance: $600 \Omega$ or less
- Output range: 0 to 22 mA
- Output accuracy: $\pm 0.1 \%$ of F.S. ( 1 mA or more) (F.S. $=20 \mathrm{~mA}$ )
- Resolution: 0.002\%
- Operating temperature range: -20 to $50^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$
- Terminal type: M3 screw terminal or Clamp terminal
- Withstand voltage Between the output terminals and the internal circuit: 1500 V AC for one minute Between the output terminals and the output terminals: 500 V AC for one minute
- Insulation resistance: Between the output terminals and the internal circuit: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 VDC Between the output terminals and the output terminal: $20 \mathrm{M} \Omega$ or greater at 500 VDC


## Safety and EMC Standards

- CSA:

CAN/CSA-C22.2 No.61010-1, Overvoltage Category II or I ${ }^{* 1}$, Pollution Degree $2{ }^{* 2}$

- UL:

UL61010-1(CSA NRTL/C), Overvoltage Category
II or I *", Pollution Degree $2{ }^{\text {*2 }}$

- CE/EMC directive ${ }^{* 3}$ :

EN61326-1 Class A Table 2(For use in industrial locations) compliance
EN61000-3-2 compliance
EN61000-3-3 compliance
EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance

- CE/Low voltage directive *3

EN61010-1, Overvoltage Category II or I *1,
Pollution degree 2 *2

- CE/RoHS directive:
"2011/65/EU+(EU)2015/863" (10-Substances)
Compliant
- EMC Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand (RCM): EN55011 Class A Group 1 compliance
- KC marking: KN11, KN61000-6-2 compliance
*1 Overvoltage category: Describes a number which defines a transient overvoltage condition. Implies the regulation for impulse withstand voltage.
Applies to electrical equipment which is supplied from the fixed installation like a distribution board. II or I depends on the power supply specification of the main unit.
*2 Pollution degree 2:
Describes the degree to which a solid, liquid, or gas which deteriorates dielectric strength or surface resistivity is adhering.
" 2 " applies to normal indoor atmosphere Normally, only non-conductive pollution occurs.
*3 The CE standards for modules represent standards that are met when the module is installed in the main unit.
- WEEE Directive: Compliant


## Construction

- Front panel (terminal): Water and dust-proof, Complies with IEC529-IP20
- Material: Polycarbonate
- Color;

Front: Charcoal grey light (Munsell 10B3.6/0.3 equivalent)
Bezel: Smoke blue (Munsell 4.1PB6.0/4.5 equivalent)

- Dimensions: $45.2 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{~W}) \times 111 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{H}) \times$ $133.1 \mathrm{~mm}(\mathrm{D})$ (D: including terminal cover)
- Weight: Approx. 0.2 kg


## Power Supply

Suppy from GX/GP, GX60 expandable I/O, GM90PS power supply module.

- Power consumption: 3 W or less


## Isolation



Functional insulation

## Terminal arrangements

M3 screw terminal/Clamp terminal

| Term. No. | Symbol |  |
| :---: | :---: | :---: |
| 11 | CH1 | + |
| 12 |  | - |
| 13 | CH 2 | + |
| 14 |  | - |
| 15 | CH3 | + |
| 16 |  | - |
| 17 | CH4 | + |
| 18 |  | - |
| 19 | Not Used |  |
| 20 | Not Used |  |

## D/A Calibration Value

Two types of D/A calibration values (factory shipment setting and user setting) can be saved. If the user setting is not proper, it can be restored to the calibration value at factory shipment.

## External Dimensions

M3 screw terminal/Clamp terminal


Unit: mm (approx. inch)


## Normal Operating Conditions

For normal operating conditions of this module, please refer to the General Specifications of the device (GX/GP, I/O Base Unit, or GM) that this module is mounted.
GX Specifications: GS 04L51B01-01EN
GP Specifications; GS 04L52B01-01EN
I/O Base Unit (Expandable I/O): GS 04L53B0001EN
GM Specifications: GS 04L55B01-01EN

## Transport and Storage Conditions

Same as the GX90XA.
Effects of Operating Conditions

- Influence of power supply voltage variation: Accuracy is satisfied in the range of rated power supply voltage.
- emperature influence: $\pm 200 \mathrm{ppm}$ of F.S. ${ }^{\circ} \mathrm{C}$ or less


## Installation Conditions

- Installation limitations by unit GX10/GP10: Up to 1 module GX20/GP20: Up to 2 module GM10/GX60: Up to 2 modules per unit
- System limitations GX10/GX20-1: Up to 10 module GX20-2: Up to 12 module
- If you want to use this module simultaneously with the GX90XA-04-H0 (high-speed universal type) module, the following limitation applies to the number of modules (including expansion modules) that can be used.

| Model | Number of modules |
| :--- | :--- |
| GP10 (12 V DC) | Up to two modules total |
| GX20/GP20 | Up to nine modules total |
| GX60 | No limit |
| GM10 Single unit | Up to seven modules <br> total |
| GM10 Multi unit (main <br> unit/ Sub unit) | No limit |

- Performing thermocouple measurement on a slot left of this module (above, below, left, and right for the GX20/GP20) may increase RJC errors on that module.

MODEL AND SUFFIX CODES

## Analog input module, Digital I/O module (sold separately): <br> MODEL and SUFFIX Code (GX90XA)

| Model | Suffix Code |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GX90XA |  |  |  |  |  | Analog Input Module |
| Number of channels | -04 |  |  |  |  | 4 channels (Type - HO only) |
|  | -06 |  |  |  |  | 6 channels (Type -R1 only) |
|  | -10 |  |  |  |  | 10 channels (Type -C1, -L1, -U2, -T1, -V1) |
| Type |  | -C1 |  |  |  | Current, scanner type (isolated between channels) |
|  |  | -L1 |  |  |  | DCV/TC/DI, low withstand voltage scanner type (isolated between channels) |
|  |  | -U2 |  |  |  | Universal, Solid state relay scanner type (3-wire RTD b-terminal common) |
|  |  | -T1 |  |  |  | DCV/TC/DI, Electromagnetic relay scanner type (isolated between channels) |
|  |  | -H0 |  |  |  | High-speed universal, individual A/D type (isolated between channels) |
|  |  | -R1 |  |  |  | 4-wire RTD/resistance, scanner type (isolated between channels) |
|  |  | -V1 |  |  |  | DCV/TC/DI, high withstand voltage scanner type (isolated between channels) |
|  |  |  | N |  |  | Always N |
| Terminal form |  |  |  | -3 |  | Screw terminal (M3) |
|  |  |  |  | -C |  | Clamp terminal |
| Area |  |  |  |  | N | General |

MODEL and SUFFIX Code (GX90XD)


If you want to integrate pulse input, a math function (/MT option) is required in the GX/GP/GM main unit.
MODEL and SUFFIX Code (GX90YD)

| Model | Suffix Code |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GX90YD |  |  |  |  |  | Digital Output Module |
| Number of channels | $-\mathbf{0 6}$ |  |  |  |  | 6 channels |
| Type | -11 |  |  |  | Relay, SPDT(NO-C-NC) |  |
| - |  | N |  |  | Always N |  |
| Terminal form | Area |  |  |  |  |  |

MODEL and SUFFIX Code (GX90WD)

| Model | Suffix Code |  |  |  | Description |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GX90WD |  |  |  |  |  | Digital lutput/Output Module* |

* If you want to integrate pulse input, a math function (/MT option) is required in the GX/GP/GM main unit.


## MODEL and SUFFIX Code (GX90XP)

| Model | Suffix Code |  |  |  |  | Description |
| :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: | :---: |
| GX90XP |  |  |  |  |  | Pulse lutput Module* |
| Number of channels | -10 |  |  |  |  | 10 channels |
| Type |  | -11 |  |  |  | DC voltage/open collector/non-voltage contact (shared common), rated 5 VDC |
| - |  |  | N |  |  | Always N |
| Terminal form |  |  |  | -3 |  | Screw terminal (M3) |
|  |  |  |  | -C |  | Clamp terminal |
| Area |  |  |  |  | N | General |

If you want to integrate pulse input, a math function (/MT option) is required in the GX/GP/GM main unit.
MODEL and SUFFIX Code (GX90YA)

| Model | Suffix Code |  |  |  |  |  |
| :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- | :--- |
| GX90YA |  |  |  |  |  | Analog Output Module |
| Number of channels | -04 |  |  |  |  | 4 channels |
| Type | - C1 |  |  |  | Current (isolated between channels) |  |
| - |  | N |  |  | Always N |  |
| Terminal form |  | -3 |  | Screw terminal (M3) |  |  |
|  | -C |  | Clamp terminal |  |  |  |
| Area |  | N | General |  |  |  |

## Optional Accessories (Sold Separately)

| Product | Model/part no. |
| :--- | :--- |
| Shunt resister for M3 terminal $(250 \Omega \pm 0.1 \%)$ | 415940 |
| Shunt resister for M3 terminal $(100 \Omega \pm 0.1 \%)$ | 415941 |
| Shunt resister for M3 terminal $(10 \Omega \pm 0.1 \%)$ | 415942 |
| Shunt resister for Clamp terminal $(250 \Omega \pm 0.1 \%)$ | 438920 |
| Shunt resister for Clamp terminal $(100 \Omega \pm 0.1 \%)$ | 438921 |
| Shunt resister for Clamp terminal $(10 \Omega \pm 0.1 \%)$ | 438922 |

## Calibration certificate (sold separately)

When ordering the GX10/GX20/GP10/GP20 with options (analog input), the calibration certificate for the modules is included in and shipped with the calibration certificate of the main unit.
When ordering an analog input module, each module gets its own calibration certificate (one certificate per module).
Test certificate (QIC, sold separately)
When ordering the GX10/GX20/GP10/GP20 with options (analog/digial I/O), the QIC for each module is included in and shipped with the QIC of the main unit.
When ordering analog input modules and digital I/O modules, each module gets its own QIC (one QIC per module).

## User's Manual

Product user's manuals can be downloaded or viewed at the following URL. To view the user's manual, you need to use Adobe Reader 7 or later by Adobe Systems.
URL: www.smartdacplus.com/manual/en/

## Product Purchase Specifications

- The GX10/GX20/GP10/GP20 is composed of the main unit, I/O modules, the expandable I/O, and the expansion module.
There are two ways to purchase I/O modules.
One way is to purchase them individually by specifying models GX90XA, GX90XD, GX90YD, GX90WD, GX90XP, and GX90YA, .
The other way is to purchase them as an option (/UCxx or /USxx). Purchasing them as an option is convenient, but this places limitations on the number of analog inputs that you can obtain.
If you want to use more than 51 channels, please purchase the I/O modules individually.
- The GM is composed of the data aquisition module, the power supply module, the module base, the I/O module, and the expansion module.
Please purchase the modules and module base individually.


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