

1. PRECAUTION

Please read through this Manual before use the instrument for correct handling. Please keep this Manual carefully after use. This instrument has been thoroughly tested at the factory before shipment. When you receive it, visually inspect it for damage and check the accessories.

① Model number and specification check
Check to see model number and specifications on the nameplate attached to the front face of the instrument are as ordered.

② Contents of instruction manual
This instruction manual provides instructions on handling, external wiring and safety use of the distributor.

2. GENERAL

This instrument supplies power to transmitter by use combining with 2-wire transmitter. Also, it receives 4~20mA signal and converts it into isolated current or voltage signal.

Accessories: Mounting block 2
Tag number label 1
Mounting screw M4 4

3. MOUNTING METHOD

JUXTA signal conditioners can be mounted on racks, walls or DIN rails.

3.1 Rack mounting

Use panel (FRK-16) and install it on an angle as shown in Fig.1. This is a convenient method for high density mounting of the distributor on 19-inch rack panel. (See Fig.7.)

3.2 Wall mounting

Use panel (FRK-16) to mount the distributor as shown in Fig.2 or directly mount the single unit on the wall. (See Figs.7 and 8 for mounting dimensions.)

3.3 DIN rail mounting

Insert DIN rail into the upper section of the DIN rail groove on the rear of the distributor and fix the rail with the slidlock at the base of the distributor as shown in Figs.3 and 4.

3.4 Angle mounting

If single unit of distributor is mounted without using the panel (FRK-16), refer Fig.5 for its mounting dimension.

3.5 Mounting block installation and removal

Insert mounting block into distributor groove as shown in Fig.6 and slide it until it is fixed with the stopper. To remove it, lift up the mounting block with (-) screwdriver.

4. EXTERNAL WIRING

CAUTION Wiring should be done after ensuring power break of each cable.

Wires should be connected to M4 screw terminals after opening distributor terminal cover as shown in Fig.10. For wiring, flexible twisted wires and good contact of durable round crimp-on terminals (JIS C2805) are recommended to be used.

● Signal cable should has more than 0.5mm² and power cable should has more than 1.25mm² of nominal cross-sectional area of conductor.

Fig.1 Rack Mounting

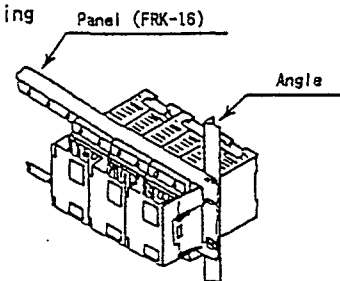


Fig.2 Wall Mounting

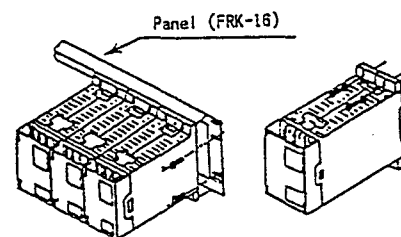


Fig.3 DIN Rail Mounting

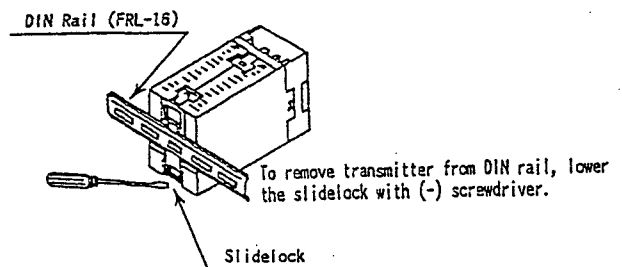


Fig.4 DIN Rail Mounting

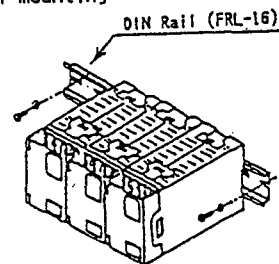
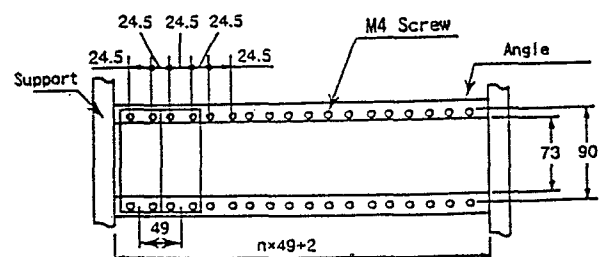


Fig.5 Angle Mounting Dimension

Unit : mm



4.1 Wiring

- ① See Fig. 9 for terminal arrangement.
- ② Connect input signal cable to terminals 4(+) and 7(-) for use as distributor or connect to 7(+) and 8(-) when use of external power supply.
- ③ Connect distributor output signal cable to its terminals 11(+) and 12(-).
- ④ When use of dual outputs, connect Output-2 signal cable to 9(+), 10(-).
- ⑤ Connect 85~265V AC or 24V DC power cable to distributor terminals 14(L+), 15(N-) and 16(G).

NOTE : Apart wiring of power and input/output cables from noise source. Otherwise, accuracy may not be warranted.

5. INSTALLATION AND HANDLING

- ① Avoid installation in such environments as shock, vibration, corrosive gas, dust, water, oil, solvent, direct sunlight, radiation, powerful electric and magnetic fields.
- ② In order to protect instrument from inducement of thunder surges in power and signal cables by thunder fall, use arrester between distributor and equipment installed in the field.

6. SAFETY USE

Following caution for safety should taken for handling of instrument. We are not responsible for damage incurred by use contrary to caution.

CAUTION

- Following items should be checked when turning power on. Use of instrument by ignoring the specifications may cause overheating or burning.
 - (a) Voltage of power supply and input value be applied to the instrument should meet with required specifications.
 - (b) External wiring to terminals should be connected to correct terminals. (See preceding Article 4)
- Do not use the instrument in such dangerous places where exist inflammable and explosive gas or steam.
- In case of AC power supply, high voltage of 85~264V AC would be applied on 14 and 15 terminals during power on as shown in Fig.10. Do not touch terminals when zero and span adjustment.

7. CALIBRATION

Carry out the following calibration after warming up the instruments for more than 10~15 minutes.

7.1 Calibration equipment

- Voltage/current generator (Yokogawa model 2553 or equivalent) 1
- Voltmeter (Yokogawa model 7552 or equivalent) 1
- Precision resistor 250Ω ±0.01% 1W 1 (Use in case of current output)

7.2 Calibration

- ① Connect each equipment as shown in Fig.12.
- ② Input/output characteristics check
Apply input signals equivalent 0, 25, 50, 75 and 100% to distributor through voltage/current generator. Check that corresponding distributor outputs are 0, 25, 50, 75 and 100% respectively and are within accuracy rating range.
- If output signal is out of tolerance, adjust it through span and zero adjustment trimmer on front panel of distributor.

Fig.6 Mounting Block installation and removal

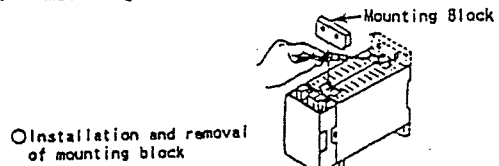


Fig.7 Rack Mounting Dimension

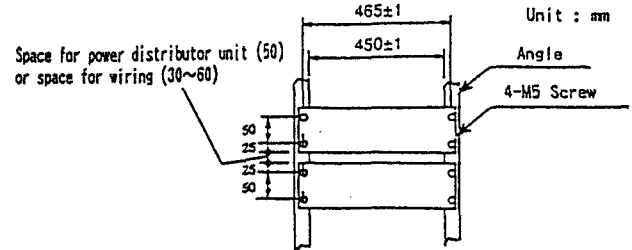


Fig.8 Panel (Wall Mounting Dimension)

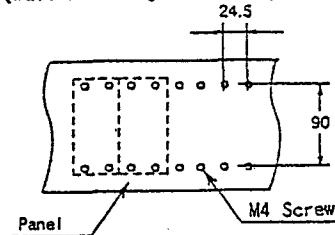
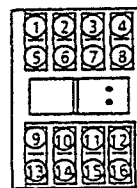


Fig.9 Terminal Arrangement



4	INPUT (PS+)
7	INPUT (-)
8	COM
9	OUTPUT-2 (+)
10	OUTPUT-2 (-)
11	OUTPUT-1 (+)
12	OUTPUT-1 (-)
13	
14	SUPPLY (L+)
15	SUPPLY (N-)
16	GND (G)

Fig.10 Wiring Diagram

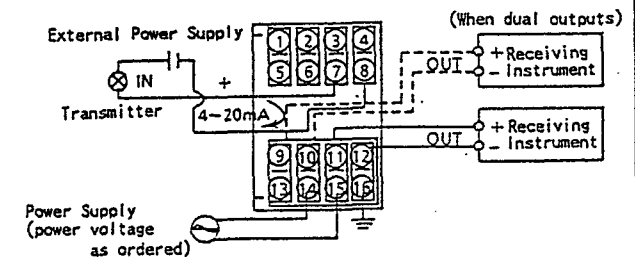
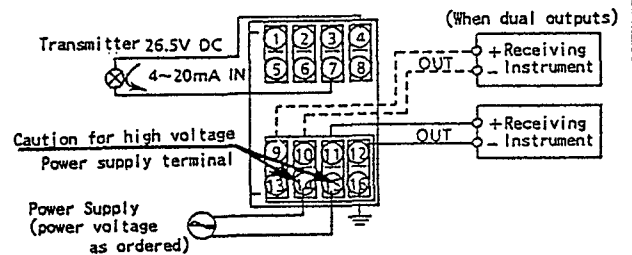
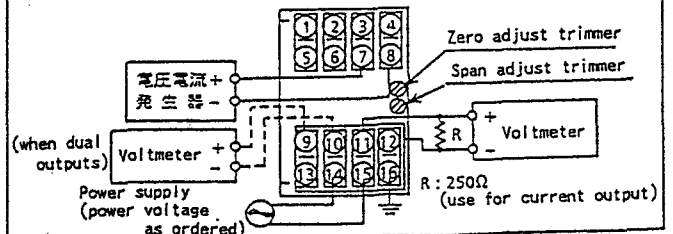


Fig.11 Wiring of Calibration Equipment



Subject to change without notice for grade up quality and performance.