User's Manual

Model AR-SP Arrester for 3-wire System Pulse Signal (50 V DC)

Yokogawa Electric Corporation

2-9-32, Naka-cho Musashino-shi, Tokyo 180-8750 Japan Phone: +81-422-52-7179 Facsimile: +81-422-52-9802

Thank you for purchasing the arresters.

Please read through this manual before use for correct handling.

YOKOGAWA

IM 77M02B13-01EN 2nd Edition: June 06, 2014(YK)

Yokogawa Electric Corporation

CAUTIONARY NOTES FOR SAFE USE OF THE PRODUCT

This User's Manual should be carefully read before installing and operating the product. The following symbol is used on the product and in this manual to ensure safe usage.

This symbol is displayed on the product when it is necessary to refer to the User's Manual for information on personal and instrument safety. This symbol is displayed in the User's Manual to indicate precautions to avoid danger to the operator, such as an electric shock.

The following symbols are used only in this manual.

Draws attention to essential information for understanding the operations and/or functions of the product.

CAUTION

The arrester may deteriorate or break if it receives surges. Arresters that have deteriorated below a specific level or are broken, may fail to meet their protection performance level and must therefore be replaced. When replacing such arresters, replace both the main unit and the terminal block. It should be noted that the arrester may fail to safeguard the equipment under protection if it receives any surges exceeding its tolerance limit, such as direct lightning strokes.

CHECKING PRODUCT SPECIFICATIONS AND PACKAGE

Check that the package contains the following items:

- AR-SP: 1
- Tag number label: 1
- Terminal cover: 2
- User's Manual (this manual)

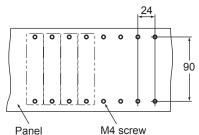
1. MOUNTING AND WIRING

WARNING

Wiring should be done after ensuring the break of each cable.

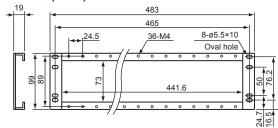
1.1 Mounting

Mount the arrester referring the figure below. Unit: mm



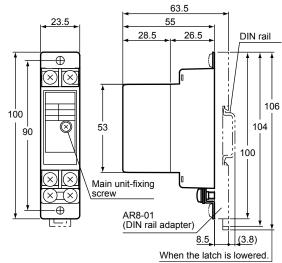


FRK-16 (Panel)



1.2 External Dimensions

Unit: mm



1.3 Terminal Arrangement

| BA | Ducto et cido | А | V+ |
|-------------------------------|------------------------|---|----|
| | Protect-side terminal | В | + |
| | | С | - |
| | Surge-side terminal | 1 | V+ |
| <u> </u> | | 2 | + |
| Control Grounding terminal | | 3 | - |
| × terminal | | | |
| | | | |

1.4 Wiring

NOTE

Â

Use of arresters ignoring the specifications may cause electric shock, overheating or damage.

- 1. Input signal value applied to the arrester should meet the required specifications.
- 2. The external wiring to the terminals and wiring to ground are as specifications.

Flexible twisted wire and durable round crimp-on terminal (JIS C 2805) are recommended to use.

(1) Signal cable

Nominal cross-sectional area of conductor: 0.5 to 0.75 mm². Example of suitable cable: Vinyl code (VJF) (JIS C 3306) for electronic instrument.

(2) Grounding cables

Nominal cross-sectional area of conductor: 2.0 \mbox{mm}^2 or more for grounding.

Example of suitable cable: 600V vinyl insulated cable (IV) (JIS C 3307), Vinyl insulated cable (KIV) (JIS C 3316) for electronic instrument

1.5 Grounding

Interconnect the ground terminals of the arrester and the instrument to be protected. Touch ground from the arreter side as shown in the figure below. Install the arrester and instrument as close as possible, and make the cable as short as possible. The wires for interconnect grounding should have lower effective resistance than ground resistance.

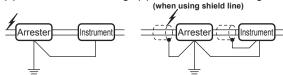
- Make sure to earth ground the ground terminal through minimum resistance.
- The grounding method must comply with the grounding system defined by rules and standards of the country or the region.

It also should meet the grounding requirements of the instrument to be protected.

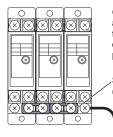


Wire tightening torque for arrester should not be 1.2 $\ensuremath{\text{N}\xspace^{-1}}$ more.

(1) Interconnect Grounding (2) Interconnect Grounding



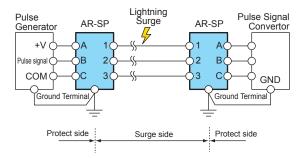
Make sure to earth ground the ground terminal through minimum resistance.



Grounding for serial installation of arresters is to connect grounding terminals of neighboring arresters to each other and touch ground at one point from last arrester according.

Short bar (for grounding terminal connection) Apply the grounding system which is defined by the rules and standards of the country or the region.

2. CONNECTION OF ARRESTERS WITH INSTRUMENTS TO BE PROTECTED



3. ENVIRONMENTAL CONDITIONS

 Ambient temperature:
 -10 to +60°C

 Relative humidity:
 5 to 90% RH (No condensation)

 Altitude at installation site:
 Max. 2000 m above sea level

 Installation category based on IEC/EN61010-1: II, pollution

 degree: 2 (see Note.)



The "Installation Category" implies the regulation for impulse withstand voltage. It is also called the "Overvoltage category"." II " applies to electrical equipment."Pollution level" describes the degree to which a solid, liquid or gas which deteriorates dielectric strength is adhering."2" applies to a normal

4. MANTENABCE

indoor atmosphere.

4.1 Arrester Checking

The arrester main body and terminal base are connected by plugin. Circuit between surge side and protect side would not be open even if the main body is removed from the socket on terminal base by loosing main unit-fixing screw. To check the arrester performance, remove the main body from the socket and check it by using the AR2-CK (arrester checker: option). If the arrester cannot be used because the main body is deteriorated or broken, be sure to replace both the main body and the terminal block. The terminal block may be damaged by receiving surges. The replacement of only the main body may fail to meet its protection performance level.

4.2 Arrester check period

To protect the instrument from damage by induced lightning, the arrester should be checked periodically at least once a year. In areas where lightning occurs frequently, check should be done more often particularly after thunderstorms.

HARDWARE SPECIFICATION

| | Use | | 3-wire System Pulse Signal | |
|---|---|----------------------------------|----------------------------|--|
| * | Maximum continuous operating voltage (Uc) | Between lines | 50 V DC | |
| | | Between ground | 50 V DC | |
| | Permissible current leakage | Between lines | 10 µA or less (at 50 V DC) | |
| | | Between ground | 10 µA or less (at 50 V DC) | |
| | Instrument side voltage limit (10 kV, 1.2/50 µA) | Between lines | 90 V or less | |
| | | Between ground | 250 V or less | |
| * | Voltage protection level (Up) | Between lines | 350 V or less | |
| | | Between ground | 350 V or less | |
| * | Impulse durability | Category C1 | 500 A | |
| | (8/20 µA) | Category C2 | 5000 A | |
| | Discharge starting | Between lines | 74 V DC or more | |
| | voltage | Between ground | 74 V DC or more | |
| * | Rated current | | 2 A DC | |
| | JIS compliant | JIS C 5381-21 (Category: C1, C2) | | |
| * Description compliant with US C 5381-21 | | | | |

*: Description compliant with JIS C 5381-21.

5