General Specifications

IR200 NDIR TYPE INFRARED GAS ANALYZER (4-COMPONENT ANALYZER)

GS 11G02M01-01E

The IR200 infrared gas analyzer is capable of measuring the concentrations of CO₂, CO, CH₄, SO₂, NO and O₂ components in sample gas.

CO₂, CO, CH₄, SO₂ and NO are measured by nondispersive infrared method (NDIR), while O₂ is measured by paramagnetic or zirconia method. A maximum of 4 components including O₂ (up to 3 components except for O₂ measurement) are simultaneously measurable.

A high-sensitivity mass flow sensor is adopted in the detection unit for the infrared method. Due to use of single beam system for measurement, maintenance is easy and an excellent stability is ensured for a long period of time. In addition, the IR200 and has a large-size liquid crystal display, providing easy operation, high accuracy and multiple functions.

This analyzer is thus optimum for combustion control of various industrial furnaces, botanical study and global atmospheric research.

■ FEATURES

- Simultaneous measurement of up to 4 components including O₂ and 3 components selected from among CO₂, CO, CH₄, SO₂, and NO.
 The analyzer receives signal input from an external oxygen analyzer and displays the measured value.
- Excellent long-term stability
 A unique optics system minimizes drift particularly due to contamination of measurement cell, ensuring excellent long-term stability.
- Minimal interference from other gas components
 The dual cell type of transmission detector minimizes interference from other gas components.
- Low maintenance
 Single beam system allows for simple measurement unit construction and requires no adjustment of optical balance, resulting in low maintenance.
- Easy operation Large LCD provides easy interactive operation.
- Extensive functions
 Highly precise zero/span calibration is achieved by
 simply pressing calibration keys. Automatic
 calibration is also available.

Self-diagnostic function detects abnormality and displays an error massage.

Other functions include remote range switching, range identification signal output, output signal hold, and upper/lower limit alarm.



■ SPECIFICATIONS

Measurement principle:

CO₂, CO, CH₄, SO₂, NO: Non-dispersive infrared

method

Single light source-single

beam

O2: Paramagnetic type (built-in),

or zirconia type (external)

Measurable gas components and measuring ranges:

Minimum range	Maximum range
0 – 500 ppm	0 – 100 vol%
0 – 200 ppm	0 – 100 vol%
0 – 1000 ppm	0 – 100 vol%
0 – 500 ppm	0 – 5000 ppm
0 – 500 ppm	0 – 5000 ppm
0 – 5 vol%	0 – 100 vol%
0 – 5 vol%	0 – 25 vol%
	0 – 500 ppm 0 – 200 ppm 0 – 1000 ppm 0 – 500 ppm 0 – 500 ppm 0 – 5 vol%

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- Measurement of up to 4 components including O2.
- 1 or 2 measuring ranges per component.
- Measuring range ratio:

≤1:5 (except built-in paramagnetic O₂ analyzer) ≤1:20 (built-in paramagnetic O₂ analyzer)

For measurable components and possible combinations of measuring ranges, see pages 9 and 10.

Display: Digital, 4-digit LCD with CFL backlight

- · Instantaneous value of each component
- Instantaneous value after O₂ correction (only in CO, SO₂, NO with O₂ measurement)
- Average value after O₂ correction (only in CO, SO₂, NO with O₂ measurement)
- · Average O2 value

Analog output signal:

4 to 20 mA DC or 0 to 1 V DC, non-isolated, 8 points max.

Analog output corresponds one-to-one with measured value indication.



Permissible load resistance:

550 Ω max. for 4 to 20 mA DC 100 $k\Omega$ min. for 0 to 1 V DC

* See Table 9 on page 11 for channel numbers of displayed values and analog output signals.

Analog input signal:

For signal input from external O₂ analyzer Signal requirement:

(1) Signal from Yokogawa's zirconia O2 sensor (Model ZX8D)

(2) 0 to 1 V DC from an O2 sensor Input section is not isolated. This feature is when built-in O₂ sensor is not used.

* External O2 sensor should be purchased separately.

Relay contact output:

1a contact (250 V AC/2 A, resistive load) Instrument error, calibration error, range identification, auto calibration status, solenoid valve drive for auto calibration, pump ON/FF.

1c contact (250 V AC/2 A, resistive load) Upper/lower alarm, peak alarm.

* All relay contacts are isolated mutually and from the internal circuit.

Contact input: Non-voltage contact (ON/0 V, OFF/5 V

DC, 5 mA flowing at ON) Remote range changeover, auto calibration remote start, remote hold,

average value reset

Isolated from the internal circuit with a photocoupler. Contact inputs are not isolated from one another.

*Only M3.5 screw terminals are used for all signal inputs and outputs. Fordetails, see External Connection Diagram on page 14.

Power supply: Voltage rating; 100 to 240 V AC

Allowable range; 85 to 264 V AC

Frequency: 50/60 Hz

Power consumption; 70 VA max. Inlet; Conform to EN60320

Protection Class I

Operating conditions:

Ambient temperature: -5 to 45°C Ambient humidity; 90%RH max., non-condensing

Storage conditions:

Ambient temperature; -20 to 60°C Ambient humidity; 90%RH max., non-condensing

Dimensions (H \times W \times D):

19-inch rack mounting type;

177 × 483 × 493 mm (500 max.)

Weight: Approx. 10 kg

Finish color: Front panel; Off-white (Munsell 10Y7.5/

0.5 or equivalent)

Steel-blue Casing; Steel casing, for indoor use Enclosure:

Material of gas-contacting parts:

Gas inlet/outlet; SUS304

Sample cell; SUS304/neoprene rubber Infrared-ray transmitting window; CaF₂

Internal tubing; Toalon tube

Gas inlet/outlet: Rc1/4 or 1/4 NPT internal thread

Purge gas flow rate: 1 L/min (when required) Safety and EMC conforming standards:

Installation altitude; 2000 m or less

Pollution degree; 2 (Note) Installation category; II (Note)

Note: Installation category, called overvoltage category, specifies impulse withstanding voltage. Category II is for electrical equipment.

Pollution degree indicates the degree of existence of solid, liquid, gas or other inclusions which may reduce dielectric strength. Degree 2 is the normal in door environment.

Safety; EN61010-1

EMC; EN61326-1 Class A. Table 2.

EN61326-2-3, EN61000-3-2,

EN61000-3-3

EMC Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand (RCM)

EN61326-1 Class A



This instrument is a Class A product, and it is designed for use in the industrial environment. Please use this instrument in the industrial environment only.

Standard Functions

Output signal hold:

Output signals are held during manual and auto calibrations by activation of holding (turning on its setting). The values to be held are the ones just before start calibration mode. Indication values will not be held.

Remote output hold:

Output signal is held at the latest value by short-circuiting the remote output holding input terminals.

Holding is maintained while the terminals are short-circuited. Indication values will not be held.

Remote range changeover:

Measuring range can be changed according to an external signal when remote range changeover input is received.

Changeover is effective only when remote range setting is turned on. In this case, measuring range cannot be

changed manually.

When the contact input terminals for each component are short-circuited, the first range is selected, and it is changed over to the second range when the terminals are open.

Range identification signal:

The present measuring range is identified by a contact signal.

The contact output terminals for each component are short-circuited when the first range is selected, and when the second range is selected, the terminals

are open.

Auto calibration:

Auto calibration is carried out periodically at the preset cycle. When a standard gas cylinder for calibration and a solenoid valve for opening/ closing the gas flow line are prepared externally by the customer, calibration will be carried out with the solenoid valve drive contacts for zero calibration and each span calibration turned on/off sequentially at the set auto calibration timing.

Auto calibration cycle setting:

Auto calibration cycle is set. Setting is variable within 1 to 99 hours (in increments of 1 hour) or 1 to 40 days (in increments of 1 day).

Gas flow time setting:

The time for flowing each calibration gas in auto calibration is set.

Settable within 60 to 599 seconds (in increments of 1 second)

Auto calibration remote start:

Auto calibration is carried out only once according to an external input signal. Calibration sequence is settable in the same way as the cyclic auto calibration. Calibration starts by opening the auto calibration remote start input terminals after short-circuiting for 1.5 seconds or longer. Auto calibration is started when the contacts open.

Auto zero calibration:

Auto zero calibration is carried out periodically at the preset cycle. This cycle is independent of "Auto calibration" cycle.

When zero calibration gas and solenoid valve for opening/closing the calibration gas flow line are prepared externally by the customer, zero calibration will be carried out with the solenoid valve drive contact for zero calibration turned on/off at the set auto zero calibration timing.

Auto zero calibration cycle setting:

Auto zero calibration cycle is set. Setting is variable within 1 to 99 hours (in increments of 1 hour) or 1 to 40 days (in increments of 1 day).

Gas flow time setting:

The time for flowing zero gas in auto zero calibration is set.
Settable 60 to 599 seconds (in increments of 1 second)

Upper/lower limit alarm:

Alarm contact output turns on when the preset upper or lower limit alarm value is reached.

Contacts close when the instantaneous value of each component becomes larger than the upper alarm limit value or smaller than the lower alarm limit value.

Instrument error contact output:

Contacts close at occurrence of analyzer error No. 1, 3 or 10.

Calibration error contact output:

Contacts close at occurrence of manual or auto calibration error (any of errors No.4 to 9).

Auto calibration status contact output:

Contacts close during auto calibration.

Pump ON/OFF contact output:

During measurement, contacts close. While calibration gas is flowing, contacts open. Contacts are connected in power supply of pump, and stop the sample gas while calibration gas is flowing.

Optional Functions

 O_2 correction: Conversion of measured CO, SO_2 and NO gas concentrations into values at reference O_2 concentration.

Correction formula: $C = \frac{21 - On}{21 - Os} 3 Cs$

Where:

C: Sample gas concentration after O₂ correction

Cs: Measured concentration of sample gas

Os: Measured O₂ concentration

On: Reference O₂ concentration (value changeable by setting)

* The upper limit value of the fractional part in this calculation is 4.

The result of calculation is indicated and output in an analog output signal.

Average value after O_2 correction and O_2 average value calculation: The result of O_2 correction or instanta-

neous O_2 value can be output as an average value in the determined period of time.

Used for averaging is the moving average method in which sampling is carried out at intervals of 30 seconds. (Output is updated every 30 seconds. It is the average value in the determined period of time just before the latest updating.)

Averaging time is settable within 1 to 59 minutes (in increments of 1 minute) or 1 to 4 hours (in increments of 1 hour).

Average value reset:

The above-mentioned output of average value is started from the initial state by opening the average value resetting input terminals after short-circuiting for 1.5 seconds or longer.

Output is reset by short-circuiting and restarted by opening.

CO concentration peak alarm:

(available only for CO + O₂ measurement)

Alarm output turns on according to the preset concentration and count. Whenever the instantaneous value of CO exceeds the preset concentration value, count increments. If the count exceeds the preset value in one hour, the alarm contacts close.

Communication function:

RS-232C (9 pins D-sub) Half-duplex bit serial Start-stop synchronization Modbus[™] protocol

Contents: Read/write parameters

Read measurement

concentration and instrument

status

Remark: When connecting via RS-485

interface, a RS-232C ↔ RS-485 converter should be used.

Performance

Repeatability:±0.5% of full scale Linearity: ±1% of full scale Zero drift: ±2% of full scale/week Span drift: ±2% of full scale/week Response time (for 90%FS response): 1 or 2 component measurement:

> Within 15 seconds including replacement time of sample gas

More than 2 component measurement;

Within 30 seconds including replacement time of sample gas

Interference from other gases:

Interference component	CO ₂ analyzer	CO analyzer	CH ₄ analyzer	SO ₂ analyzer	NO analyzer	Built-in paramagnetic O ₂ analyzer
CO 1000 ppm	≤ 1%FS	-	≤ 1%FS	≤ 1%FS	≤ 1%FS	_
CO ₂ 15%	_	≤ 1%FS for 200 ppm analyzer, ≤ 2.5%FS	≤ 1%FS	≤ 1%FS	≤ 1%FS	≤ 2% FS
H ₂ O saturation at 20°C	≤ 1%FS	≤ 1%FS for 500 ppm analyzer, ≤ 2.5%FS	≤ 1%FS	_	_	_
H ₂ O saturation at 2°C	_	≤ 2.5%FS (for 200 ppm) analyzer	_	≤ 50ppm * ≤ 2%FS with inter- ference compen- sation	≤ 60ppm * ≤ 2%FS with inter- ference compen- sation	_
CH ₄ 1000 ppm	≤ 1%FS	≤ 1%FS	-	≤ 50ppm	_	_

^{*:} The H₂O interference of NO and SO₂ analyzer can be reduced by the interference compensation.

Standard Requirements for Sample Gas

1 ± 0.5 L/min Flow rate: Temperature: 0 to 50°C

10 kPa or less (Gas outlet side should Pressure:

be open to the atmospheric air.)

Dust: 100 µg/Nm3 or less in particle size of

0.3 µm or less

Mist: Unallowable

Moisture: Below a level where saturation occurs

at room temperature (condensation

unallowable).

Below the level where saturation occurs at 2°C for CO measurement in 0 to 200 ppm range, NO measurement, and SO₂

measurement.

Corrosive component: HCl 1 ppm or less Standard gas for calibration:

Zero gas; Dry N₂

Span gas; Each sample gas having concentration 90 to 100% of its measuring range (recommended).

> Gas beyond concentration 100% is unusable.

In case a zirconia O2 analyzer is installed externally and calibration is carried out on the same calibration gas line:

Zero gas; Dry air or atmospheric air

(provided without CO₂ sensor)

Span gas; For other than O2

measurement, each sample gas having concentration 90 to 100% of its measuring range

For O₂ measurement, O₂ gas

of 1 to 2 vol%

It is understood that a large quantity of hydrogen, helium, or argon in sample gas affects the calibration model of an infrared gas analyzer (pressure broadening). When measuring such sample gas, use a gas which has similar composition to the sample gas as a span gas.

Installation Requirements

- · Indoor use: Avoid exposure to direct sunlight, weather, and radiant heat from hot substances. Where exposure to such conditions are unavoidable, a protective hood or cover should be prepared.
- Minimal vibration
- A clean atmosphere

Diagram of measurement principle of infrared gas analyzer (CO₂, CO, CH₄, SO₂, NO)

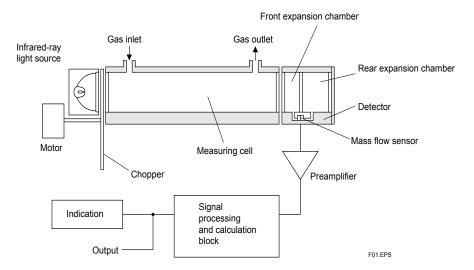
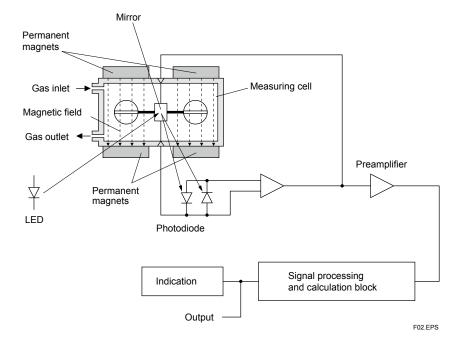


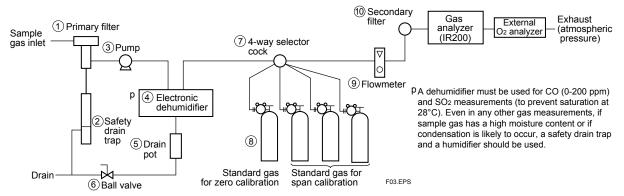
Diagram of measurement principle of paramagnetic oxygen analyzer



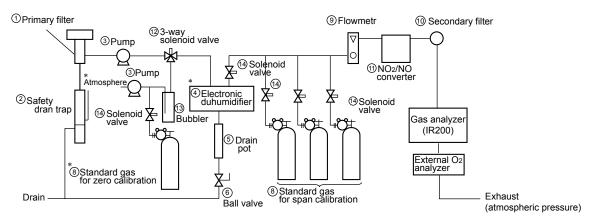
Examples of sampling system configuration

Typical examples are shown below. The system configuration may vary depending on sample gas. Consult with Yokogawa.

Measurement of sample gas with low moisture content (room-temperature saturation level or below): CO, CO₂ and CH₄ measurement



When NO or SO_2 is included in components to be analyzed When measurement range of CO meter is 0 to 200 ppm When condensation may occur due to excessive moisture content in measured gas



^{*}A dehumidifier must be used for NO, SO₂, and CO (0-200 ppm) measurements (to prevent saturation at 28°C). Use either atmospheric air or cylinder gas as a zero calibration gas and supply it through a bubbler (humidifying) to reduce interference of water.

Typcal sampling system components

No.	Item	Description
1	Primary filter (mist filter)	Removes dust and mist.
2	Safety drain trap	Separates and dischages drain.
3	Pump	Sucks in sample gas.
4	Electronic dehumidifier	Ddhumidifies sample gas.
(5)	Drain pot	Cellcts discharged water from dehumidifier.
6	Ball valve	Used for discharging drain.
7	4-way selector cock	Used for switching sampling and calibration lines.
8	Standard gas for calibration	Used for zero/span calibration.
9	Flowmeter	Adjust and monitors sample gas flow rate.
10	Secondary filter (membrane filter)	Removes fine dust.
11)	NO2/NO converter	Converter NO2 gas into NO gas.
12	3-way solenoid valve	Used for introducing humidified gas.
13	Bubbler	Humidifies calibration gas.
14)	Solenoid valve	Used for switching sampling and calibration lines.

MODEL AND SUFFIX CODE

[Style: S3]

Model Suffix code	
A	
Measurable components	nase separately
Measurable components	nase separately
CO2	nase separately
(note 8)	nase separately
Second Property Second Pro	nase separately
C	nase separately
A	nase separately
CO2 + CO + CH4	nase separately
O2 analyzer	nase separately
C2 analyzer	nase separately
O2 analyzer 1	nase separately
1	nase separately
1	nase separately
2	
Section Sect	
Suilt-in paramagnetic type O2 sensor	
1st Component 1st Range (note 2) A B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
St Component 1st Range (note 2)	
(note 2)	
D	
F	
G	
H J Component 2nd Range (note 2) B C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
J	
K	
L	
M P C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C	
P	
R 0-50% 0-70% 0-70% 0-100%	
S T 0-70% 0-100%	
T 0-100% 1st Component 2nd Range (note 2) B C 0-500 ppm C D 0-2000 ppm D E 0-2500 ppm F 0-5000 ppm	
1st Component 2nd Range (note 2) B C 0-500 ppm 0-1000 ppm 0-1000 ppm 0-2000 ppm 0-2000 ppm 0-2500 ppm 0-5000 ppm 0-5000 ppm	
C	
C	
(note 2)	
F 0-2500 ppm 0-5000 ppm	
0–5000 ppm	
G H 0-1%	
H	
L 0-5%	
M 0-10%	
P 0-25%	
R 0-50%	
T 0-100%	
N Not available	
2nd Component B 0-500 ppm	
1st Range C 0-1000 ppm	
(note 2) D 0-2000 ppm	
E 0-2500 ppm	
F 0-5000 ppm	
G 0-1%	
H 0-2%	
J 0-3%	
К L 0-5%	
-	
M 0−20% 0−25%	
Q 0 23%	
R 0-50%	
S 0-70%	
T 0-10%	
1 1 100/0	

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MODEL AND SUFFIX CODE (Continued)

Model	Suffix code	Option code	Description
IR200			Infrared gas analyzer 19-inch rack mounting type with slide rail
2nd Component 2nd Range (note 2)	C D E		0-1000 ppm 0-2000 ppm 0-2500 ppm
(note 2)	F		0-5000 ppm
	G		0-1%
	H K		0-2% 0-5%
	Ľ		0-10%
	M		0-20%
	P R		0-25% 0-50%
	Ť		0-100%
	N		Not available
3rd Component	В		0-500 ppm
1st Range	C		0-1000 ppm 0-2000 ppm
(note 2)	Ϊ́Ε		0-2500 ppm
	F		0-5000 ppm
	G		0-1%
	H J		0-2% 0-3%
	K		0-5%
	L		0-10%
	M P		0-20% 0-25%
	Q		0-40%
	Ř		0-50%
	S		0-70%
	T N		0-100% Not available
Ord Commonsus			0–1000 ppm
3rd Component 2nd Range	C		0-2000 ppm
(note 2)	E		0-2500 ppm
	F		0-5000 ppm
	G H		0-1% 0-2%
	l K		0-5%
	L.		0-10%
	M P		0-20% 0-25%
	l 'R		0-50%
	т		0-100%
	N		Not available
O ₂ Analyzer	1		0-5%
1st Range	2		0-10%
(note 2)	3 4		0-25% 0-50%
	5		0-100%
	N		Not available
O ₂ Analyzer	2		0-10%
2nd Range (note 2)	3 4		0-25% 0-50%
(Hote 2)	5		0-100%
	N		Not available
Output	-4		4-20 mA DC, non-isolation
	1		0-1 V DC, non-isolation
Piping	R T		Rc1/4 1/4 NPT
Indication, Power Cable (n	ote 6) J E U		Japanese, Power Cable; rated voltage 125 V AC English, Power Cable; rated voltage 125 V AC (UL) English, Power Cable; rated voltage 250 V AC (CEE)
		///	With Or same tien and Or system and value
Option	O ₂ Correction and O ₂ Average (note 5)	/K	With O ₂ correction and O ₂ average value
Option	O2 Correction and O2 Average (note 5) Peak alarm (note 5) Communication	/A /C	With peak alarm (CO gas Only) RS-232C (note 7)

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- Footnotes: 1: A signal from the external O_2 analyzer should be 0-1 V DC linear to full scale. 2: Possible combinations of ranges are specified in separate tables.

- 3: Only available for CO measurement.
- 4: Only available for CO₂, CO, SO₂ or NO measurements.
- 5: O₂ correction is available only for CO, SO₂, and NO. Both average value output after O₂ correction and average O₂ value output are provided at the same time. A peak alarm can be provided only for CO measurement.
- 6: Suffix Codes "E" and "U" are power cables with different voltage rating and plug type. Select appropriate code according to the operating power supply voltage to be used in the field. Suffix Code "E" is of the North American plug type and "U" of the European type.
- 7: Should be specified when using Modbus[™] communication.
- 8: For NOx measurement, a NO2/NO converter (P/N K9350LE or K9350LF) should be purchased separately.

Measurable components and ranges - availability check table -

Table 1. Single-component analyzer (CO₂, CO, CH₄, SO₂, NO)

$\overline{}$	2nd range	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	K	L	М	Р	R	Т
1st	t range	0-500ppm	0-1000ppm	0-2000ppm	0-2500ppm	0-5000ppm	0-1%	0-2%	0-5%	0-10%	0-20%	0-25%	0-50%	0-100%
Α	0-200ppm	0	0	-	-	ı	ı	ı	-	-	_	_	-	-
В	0-500ppm	-	◎○□☆	⊚○□☆	@○□☆	1	-	ı	-	-	_	_	-	-
С	0-1000ppm	-	-	©0∆□☆	©0∆□☆	©O∆□☆	ı	1	_	1	_	_	-	_
D	0-2000ppm	-	ı	ı	©0∆□☆	@O∆□☆	©0∆	ı	_	-	ı	ı	ı	-
Ε	0-2500ppm	-	_	-	-	@O∆□☆	©0∆	ı	-	_	_	_	-	_
F	0-5000ppm	-	-	-	-	1	@ΟΔ	©0∆	-	-	-	-	-	-
G	0-1%	_	-	-	-	-	-	@ΟΔ	⊚ 0∆	-	_	_	-	_
Н	0-2%	_	-	-	-	1	1	-	@0A	@ΟΔ	_	_	-	_
J	0-3%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	⊚ ΟΔ	@ΟΔ	_	_	_	_
Κ	0-5%	-	-	-	-	1	-	-	_	@ΟΔ	@0Δ	©0∆	-	-
L	0-10%	_	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	@0Δ	@0Δ	@0Δ	-
М	0-20%	-	_	-	-	1	1	1	-	_	_	@0A	◎ ○△	00
Р	0-25%	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	_	-	@ΟΔ	© O
Q	0-40%	_	-	_	-	1	-	-	_	_	_	_	@0Δ	@0Δ
R	0-50%	_	-	_	1	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	-	@0Δ
S	0-70%	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	-	@0Δ
Т	0-100%	-	_	-	-	_	_	_	-	_	_	_	_	@0Δ
	@ : CO. anal							211						T05.ai

^{© :} CO₂ analyzer measurable range □ : SO₂ analyzer measurable range *Note:Single range is also available.

Table 2. Two-component analyzer (CO₂ and CO)

	_		2nd com	ponent (C	O), 1st rar	nge →	-			СО						
1st	СО	mponent	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	J	K	L	М	Р	R	Т
1 (C) (2	, 1st range	0-500ppm	0-1000ppm	0-2000ppm	0-2500ppm	0-5000ppm	0-1%	0-2%	0-3%	0-5%	0-10%	0-20%	0-25%	0-50%	0-100%
	F	0-5000ppm	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	G	0-1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Н	0-2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	J	0-3%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
CO ₂	K	0-5%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	L	0-10%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	М	0-20%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	R	0-50%	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Т	0-100%	ı	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

^{○:} Available as single range, ©: 2 ranges of 2 or 2.5 times each range available

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Table 3. Two-component analyzer (CH₄ and CO)

	_		2nd com	ponent (C0	D), 1st rang	ge 			(CO					
1st	СО	mponent	В	С	D	Е	F	G	Н	K	L	М	Р	R	Т
‡(C⊦	H₄),	1st range	0-500ppm	0-1000ppm	0-2000ppm	0-2500ppm	0-5000ppm	0-1%	0-2%	0-5%	0-10%	0-20%	0-25%	0-50%	0-100%
	F	0-5000ppm	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	_
	G	0-1%	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Н	0-2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
 CH₄	K	0-5%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Ci 14	L	0-10%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	M	0-20%	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	R	0-50%	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Т	0-100%	_	_	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

^{○ :} Available as single range, ◎: 2 ranges of 2 or 2.5 times each range available

T07.EP

 $[\]bigcirc$: CO analyzer measurable range \triangle : CH₄ analyzer measurable range

e ☆: NO analyzer measurable range

Table 4. Two-component analyzer (CO₂ and CH₄)

			2nd com	ponent (Cl	H₄), 1st ran	ge 		CH ₄						
		mponent	С	D	Е	F	G	I	K	L	М	Р	R	Т
(CC)2),	1st range	0 – 1000ppm	0 – 2000ppm	0 – 2500ppm	0 – 5000ppm	0 – 1%	0– 2%	0 – 5%	0 – 10%	0 – 20%	0 – 25%	0 – 50%	0 – 100%
	D	0 – 2000ppm	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	-	_
	Е	0 – 2500ppm	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	_	_	-	_
	F	0 to 5000ppm	_	_	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	_	1	_
	G	0 – 1%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	ı	_
CO ₂	Н	0 – 2%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	_
	ĸ	0 – 5%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	L	0 – 10%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	М	0 – 20%	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	R	0 – 50%	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Т	0 – 100%	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

^{○:} Available as single range, ◎: 2 ranges of 2 or 2.5 times each range available

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Table 5. Two-component analyzer (NO and SO₂)

			2nd compone	2nd component (SO₂), 1st range → SO₂						
		t component	В	С	D	E	F			
	(N	IO),1st range	0-500ppm	0-1000ppm	0-2000ppm	0-2500ppm	0-5000ppm			
	В	0-500ppm	0	0	0	0	0			
	С	0-1000ppm	0	0	0	0	0			
NO	D	0-2000ppm	0	0	0	0	0			
	E	0-2500ppm	0	0	0	0	0			
	F	0-5000ppm	0	0	0	0	0			

 $[\]mbox{O}\:\mbox{:}\mbox{Two components measurable range.}$ 1st component ; NO, 2nd component ; SO $_2$

Table 6. Two-component analyzer (NO and CO)

		2nd compon	ent (CO), 1st r	ange —	СО			
_ 1:	st component	Α	В	С	D	E	F	G
1 (1	NO),1st range	02200ppm	02500ppm	021000ppm	022000ppm	0v2500ppm	025000ppm	021%
	B 02500ppm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	C 021000ppm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
NO	D 022000ppm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	E 022500ppm	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	F 025000ppm	_	0	0	0	0	0	0

O:Two components measurable range. 1st component; NO, 2nd component; CO

2nd max. range of NO is 0 to 5000ppm. 2nd max. range of CO₂ is 0 to 1%.

Table 7. Three-component analyzer (CO₂ + CO + CH₄ and NO + SO₂ + CO)

See Table 4 for CO₂ + CH₄ measurement of three-component analyzer (CO₂ + CO + CH₄) and Table 5 for NO + SO₂ measurement of three-component analyzer (NO + SO₂ + CO). See Table 1 for CO measurement.

Table 8. O₂ analyzer

	2nd range	2	3	4	5
1st	range	0-10%	0-25%	0-50%	0-100%
1	0-5%	ОΔ	ОΔ	0	-
2	0-10%	_	ОΔ	0	0
3	0-25%	_	_	0	0
4	0-50%	_	_	-	0
5	0-100%	_	_	_	0

^{○:} Built-in O₂ analyzer measurable range,

T05-2

^{* 1}st range (low range) must meet the combination in above table. 2nd range, both NO and SO₂ measurements are up to 5 times of the 1st range, and 2nd max. range is 0 to 5000ppm.

¹st range (low range) must meet the combination in above table.

²nd range, both NO and CO measurements are up to 5 times of the 1st range.

 $[\]triangle$: External zirconia type O_2 analyzer (in this case, Yokogawa9s ZX8D) measurable range

^{*} O2 analyzer is selectable indifferently to combination with other components.

Table 9. Measurable Components and Their Corresponding Channel Numbers

Suffix/Option Code			Output and Corresponding Channel							
Measurable component		O2 correction	CH1	CH2	СНЗ	CH4	CH5	CH6	CH7	CH8
- A	N	Not specified	SO ₂							
- B	N	Not specified	CO							
- C	N	Not specified	CO ₂							
- D	N	Not specified	CH ₄							
- E	N	Not specified	NO							
- F	N	Not specified	CO ₂	CO						
- G	N	Not specified	CH ₄	CO						
- H	N	Not specified	CO ₂	CH ₄						
- J	N	Not specified	CO ₂	CO	CH ₄					
- K	N	Not specified	NO	SO ₂						
- L	N	Not specified	NO	CO						
- M	N	Not specified	NO	SO ₂	CO					
- A	1, 2, 3	Not specified	SO ₂	O ₂						
- B	1, 2, 3	Not specified	CO	O ₂						
- C	1, 2, 3	Not specified	CO ₂	O ₂						
- D	1, 2, 3	Not specified	CH ₄	O ₂						
- E	1, 2, 3	Not specified	NO	O ₂						
- F	1, 2, 3	Not specified	CO ₂	CO	O ₂					
- G	1, 2, 3	Not specified	CH ₄	CO	O ₂					
- H	1, 2, 3	Not specified	CO ₂	CH ₄	O ₂					
- J	1, 2, 3	Not specified	CO ₂	CO	CH ₄	O ₂				
- K	1, 2, 3	Not specified	NO	SO ₂	O ₂					
- L	1, 2, 3	Not specified	NO	CO	O ₂					
- M	1, 2, 3	Not specified	NO	SO ₂	CO	O ₂				
- A	1, 2, 3	/K	SO ₂	O ₂	Correct SO ₂	Correct SO ₂ av.	O2 av.			
- B	1, 2, 3	/K	CO	O ₂	Correct CO	Correct CO av.	O ₂ av.			
- E	1, 2, 3	/K	NOx	O ₂	Correct NOx	Correct NOx av.	O ₂ av.			
- F	1, 2, 3	/K	CO ₂	CO	O ₂	Correct CO	Correct CO av.	O2 av.		
- G	1, 2, 3	/K	CH ₄	СО	O ₂	Correct CO	Correct CO av.	O2 av.		
- J	1, 2, 3	/K	CO ₂	CO	CH ₄	O ₂	Correct CO	Correct CO av.	O ₂ av.	
- K	1, 2, 3	/K	NOx	SO ₂	O ₂	Correct NOx	Correct SO ₂	Correct NOx av.	Correct SO ₂ av.	O ₂ av.
- L	1, 2, 3	/K	NOx	СО	O ₂	Correct NOx	Correct CO	Correct NOx av.	Correct CO av.	O ₂ av.
- M	1, 2, 3	/K	NOx	SO ₂	СО	O ₂	Correct NOx	Correct SO ₂	Correct CO	O ₂ av.

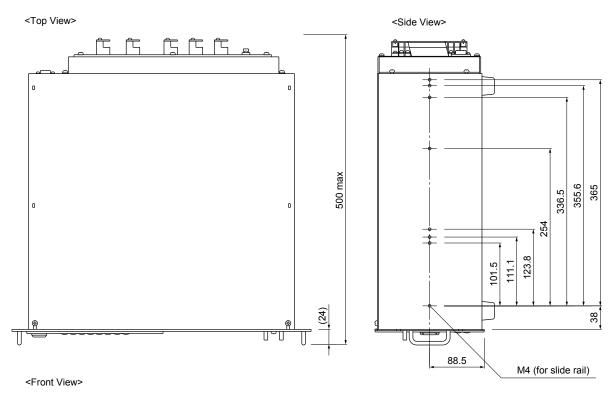
T009.a

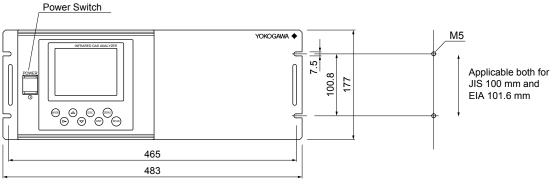
^{*} How to Read the Table

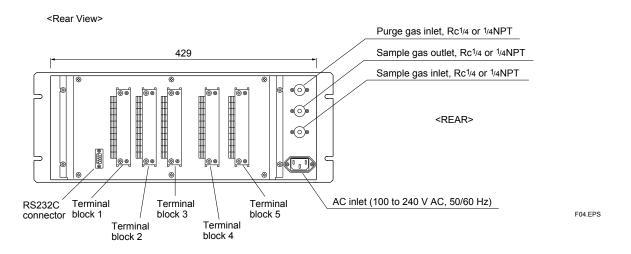
[&]quot;SO2" in the CH1 column means that the display and output of CH1 correspond to SO2 component. "Correct XX" means an instantaneous XX value after O2 correction, "Correct XX av." an average XX value after O2 correction, and "O2 av." an average O2 value.

EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS

Unit: mm



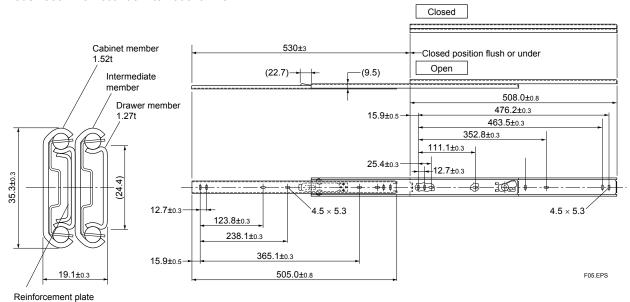




EXTERNAL DIMENSIONS OF ACCESSORY SLIDE RAIL

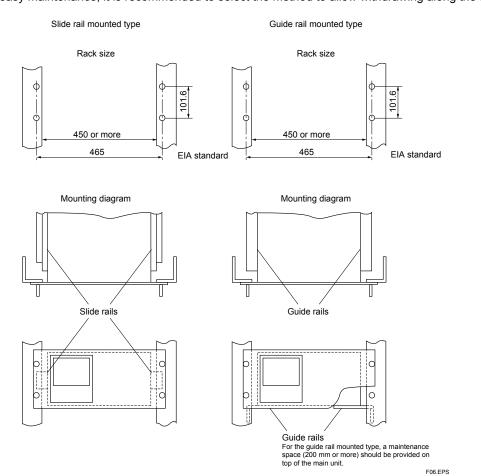
Model: 305A-20/Accuride International Inc.

Unit: mm

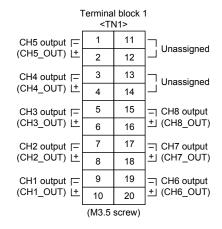


19-inch rack mounting method:

The instrument weight should be supported at the bottom of the unit (or the side of the unit when mounted with the slide rails). For easy maintenance, it is recommended to select the method to allow withdrawing along the slide rail.



EXTERNAL CONNECTION DIAGRAM

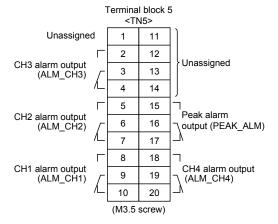


Terminal block 2 <tn2></tn2>							
* O ₂ sensor input =	1	11	T Unassigned				
(O ₂ _IN) <u>L+</u>	2	12] Orlassigned				
Unassigned [3	13	CH4 remote range changeover input				
	4	14	(R_RNG_CH4)				
Unassigned	5	15	CH3 remote range changeover input				
	6	16	(R_RNG_CH3)				
Unassigned [7	17	CH2 remote range changeover input				
	8	18	(R_RNG_CH2)				
Unassigned	9	19	CH1 remote range changeover input				
	10	20	(R_RNG_CH1)				
(M3.5 screw)							

Terminal block 3								
<tn3></tn3>								
Unassigned [1	11	☐ Instrument error					
L. L	2	12	J (FAULT)					
Unassigned [3	13	☐ CH4 range identification					
L	4	14	☐ signal output (RNG_IDCH4)					
Remote hold input ┌	5	15	☐ CH3 range identification					
(R_HOLD) L	6	16	☐ signal output (RNG_IDCH3)					
Average value reset ┌	7	17	☐ CH2 range identification					
input (RESET) L	8	18	☐ signal output (RNG_IDCH2)					
Auto calibration remote start	9	19	☐ CH1 range identification					
input (R_CAL)	10	20	☐ signal output (RNG_IDCH1)					
(M3.5 screw)								

Terminal block 4 <tn4></tn4>								
Contact output for CH4 span calibration	1	11	7 Unassigned					
(SPAN_CH4)	2	12] Unassigned					
Contact output for CH3 span calibration	3	13	Auto calibration status contact					
(SPAN_CH3)	4	14	」 output (ACAL/MNT)					
Contact output for CH2 span calibration	5	15	Calibration error					
(SPAN_CH2)	6	16	CAL_ALM)					
Contact output for CH1 span calibration	7	17	☐ Pump ON/OFF contact					
(SPAN_CH1)	8	18	output (PUMP)					
Contact output for zero calibration	9	19	7 Unassigned					
(ZERO) L	10	20						
(M3.5 screw)								

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 $*O_2$ sensor input is used when an external O_2 analyzer is selected.

Note: Unassigned terminals are used for internal connection. So they should not be used as repeating terminals either.

STANDARD ACCESSORIES

Item	Part No.	Description	Qty
Power cable	K9218SA	Standard inlet type (2.5 m)	1
Fuse	K9218RB	Replacement fuse (250 V AC, 1 A, delay type) x1	2
Slide rail	K9218RC	Slide rail x1	2

Note: Quantity in this table is the number of accessories supplied as standard.

For instance, two K9218RC parts, i.e., two slide rails, are supplied as standard.

When ordering separately, the required number of parts should be considered.

Dedicated Zirconia O2 Sensor (to be purchased separately)

For O₂ correction, the IR200 can accept linealized 0 to 1 V DC signal coming from an analyzer calibrated to 0 to 25%O2 of full scale. Dedicated zirconia O2 sensor, Model ZX8D, is available from Yokogawa.e

Measuring method: Zirconia system

Measurable component and measuring range:

Measurable component	Minimum range	Maximum range
Oxygen (O2)	0-5 vol%	0-25 vol%

T12.FPS

Repeatability: Within ±0.5% of full scale Linearity: Within ±1% of full scale Zero drift: Within ±1% of full scale/week Span drift: Within ±2% of full scale/week Response time: Approx. 20 seconds (for 90% response)

Sample gas flow rate: 0.5±0.25 L/min

Note: The Zirconia system, due to its principle, may produce a measuring error depending on the relative concentration versus the combustible O₂ gas concentration. Also, a corrosive gas (SO₂ of 250 ppm or more, etc.) may affect the life of the sensor.

Gas inlet/outlet size: Rc1/4

Power supply: 90 to 126 V AC or 200 to 240 V AC,

50/60 Hz

Enclosure: Steel casing, for indoor application

Indication: Temperature indication (LED)

Temperature alarm output:

Contact output 1a contact,

Contact capacity 220 V AC, 1 A

(resistive load)

Safety and EMC conforming standards: Installation altitude; 2000 m or less Pollution degree: 2 (Note)

Installation category; II (Note)

Installation category, called over Note:

voltage category, specifies impulse withstanding voltage. Category II is for electrical equipment.

Pollution degree indicates the degree of existence of solid, liquid, gas or other inclusions which may reduce dielectric strength. Degree 2 is the normal in door environment.

Safety; EN61010-1

EN61326-1 Class A, Table 2 (For use EMC;

in industrial locations), EN61326-2-3,

EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 **EMC** Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand



This instrument is a Class A product, and it is designed for use in the industrial environment. Please use this instrument in the industrial environment only.

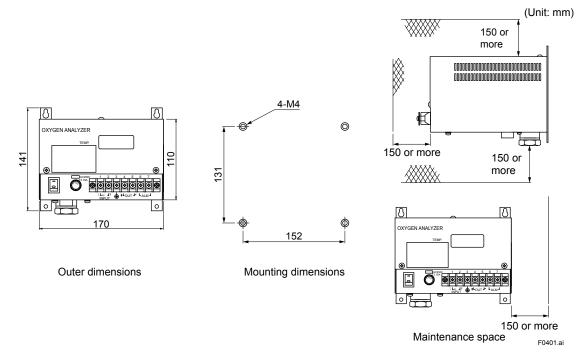
Dimensions (H x W x D): 140 × 170 ×190 mm

Weight: Approx. 3 kg Finish color: Munsell 5Y 7/1

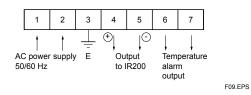
Model	Suffix	code	Option code	Description
ZX8D				Dedicated zirconia O ₂ sensor
Power supply	-5 -3			90-126 V AC, 50/60 Hz 20-2240 V AC, 50/60 Hz
Style code		*C *D		Style C (Non-CE conformity) Style D (CE conformity)

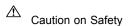
T13.EPS

External Dimensions of ZX8D



External Connection Diagram





Before using this product, be sure to read its instruction manual in advance.

NO₂/NO Converter

Part number: K9350LE (Non-CE conformity)

K9350LF (CE conformity)

Mounting: Indoor surface mounting Target gases: General boiler exhaust gas,

atmosphere

Catalyst: Amount; 2 cm3

Replacement cycle; Approx. 12 months (at flow rate of 0.3 L/min with 5%O₂,10

ppm NO)

Temperature setpoint; 210 ±10°C (Sensing tip: K thermocouple)

Wetted materials:

Ceramic, Viton, glass filter, SUS316

Conversion efficiency: 90% or higher, conforms to JIS

Gas flow rate: 0.5 L/min

Ambient temperature: -5 to 45°C Power supply: 100 V AC, 50/60 Hz (K9350LE)

100 to 240 V AC, 50/60 Hz (K9350LF)

Power consumption: Approx. 85 VA

Weight: Approx. 1.1 kg (K9350LE)

Approx. 1.2 kg (K9350LF)

Sample gas requirements:

Dust/drain removed, gas temperature at 150°C or

less

One-year-Use Spare Parts

Item	Part No.	Qty
Catalyst for NO ₂ /NO converter	K9350LP	2
Glass wool for NO ₂ /NO converter	K9350LQ	2
Fitting for NO ₂ /NO converter	K9350LV	2

115.ep

Safety and EMC conforming standards:

Installation altitude; 2000 m or less Pollution degree ; 2 (Note) Installation category; II (Note)

Note: Installation category, called over voltage category, specifies impulse withstanding voltage. Category II is for electrical equipment.

Pollution degree indicates the degree of existence of solid, liquid, gas or other inclusions which may reduce dielectric strength. Degree 2 is the normal in door environment.

Safety; EN61010-1

EMC; EN61326-1 Class A, Table 2 (For use

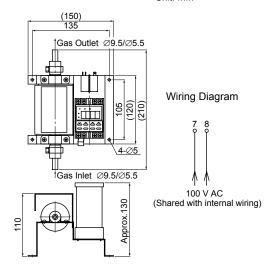
in industrial locations), EN61326-2-3, EN61000-3-2, EN61000-3-3 EMC Regulatory Arrangement in Australia and New Zealand

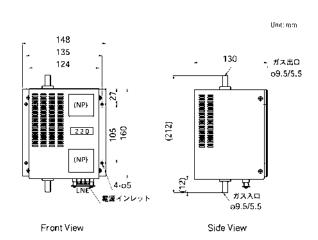


This instrument is a Class A product, and it is designed for use in the industrial environment. Please use this instrument in the industrial environment only.

External Dimensions

Unit: mm





K9350LE K9350LF

Inquiry Sheet for IR200 Infrared Gas Analyzer

Place a checkmark ✓ in the appropriate box and fill in the specific information in the blanks for your reference.

1.	General Information Company:	[Delivery destination :			
	Contact person :		Section :	(Phone No.)		
	Plant name :		Measurement location:			
	Purpose : □Indication read	ing, □ Recording, □Telemet	er transmission, □Alarm, □ 0	Control, Other		
2.	Requirements Measurable component:		O ₂ Analyzer: Without O ₂ analyzer External zirconia type sensor (use ZX8 Style C (Non-CE conformity) External O ₂ analyzer Built-in paramagnetic type O ₂ sensor NO ₂ /NO Converter: With NO ₂ /NO Converter K9350LE (Non-CE conformity) K9350LF (CE conformity)			
	Range: 1st component, 1st range range 0 - 200 ppm 0 - 500 ppm 0 - 1000 ppm 0 - 2000 ppm 0 - 2500 ppm 0 - 5000 ppm 0 - 1% 0 - 1% 0 - 2% 0 - 3% 0 - 3% 0 - 5% 0 - 10% 0 - 20% 0 - 20% 0 - 25% 0 - 10% 0 - 25% 0 - 70% 0 - 70% 0 - 100%	1st component, 2nd range 0 - 500 ppm 0 - 1000 ppm 0 - 2000 ppm 0 - 2500 ppm 0 - 5000 ppm 0 - 1% 0 - 2% 0 - 5% 0 - 10% 0 - 20% 0 - 25% 0 - 10% 0 - 25% 0 - 100% Not available	2nd component, 1st range □ 0 – 500ppm □ 0 – 1000 ppm □ 0 – 2000 ppm □ 0 – 2500 ppm □ 0 – 5000 ppm □ 0 – 1% □ 0 – 2% □ 0 – 3% □ 0 – 5% □ 0 – 10% □ 0 – 20% □ 0 – 25% □ 0 – 40% □ 0 – 50% □ 0 – 70% □ 0 – 70% □ 0 – 100% □ Not available	2nd component, 2nd 0 – 1000 ppm 0 – 2000 ppm 0 – 2500 ppm 0 – 5000 ppm 0 – 1% 0 – 2% 0 – 5% 0 – 10% 0 – 20% 0 – 20% 0 – 25% 0 – 20% 0 – 25% 0 – 100% Not available		

	3rd component, 1st range □ 0 – 500 ppm □ 0 – 1000 ppm □ 0 – 2000 ppm □ 0 – 2500 ppm □ 0 – 5000 ppm □ 0 – 1% □ 0 – 2% □ 0 – 3% □ 0 – 5% □ 0 – 10% □ 0 – 20% □ 0 – 20% □ 0 – 25% □ 0 – 40% □ 0 – 50% □ 0 – 70%	3rd component, 2nd (□ 0 − 1000 ppm □ 0 − 2000 ppm □ 0 − 2500 ppm □ 0 − 5000 ppm □ 0 − 1% □ 0 − 2% □ 0 − 5% □ 0 − 10% □ 0 − 20% □ 0 − 25% □ 0 − 25% □ 0 − 100% □ 0 − 100% □ Not available		2 Analyzer, 1 0 – 5% 0 – 10% 0 – 25% 0 – 50% 0 – 100% Not availabl	·	O ₂ Analyzer, □ 0 - 10% □ 0 - 25% □ 0 - 50% □ 0 - 100% □ Not availa	-
	□ 0 – 100% □ Not available						
	Output O₂ Correction and O₂ Average Peak alarm	: □ Yes	□ 0 – 1 V □ No □ No	DC 🗆	RS-232C		
3.	Sample gas conditions Fuel: u Gas, u Oil, u Coal, u (1) Temperature: (2) Pressure: (3) Humidity: (4) Dust: (5) Corrosive gas: Yes Composition (Detailed composition)	to to	□ No	, Normal [vol%] [mg/Nm³]			[°C] [MPa]

Composition (Detailed composition of sample gas should be provided. This is important for the purpose of knowing the effect of interference gases.)

Composition	Concentration range		
СО	to	h%	hppm
CO ₂	to	□%	□ppm
CH4	to	□%	□ppm
H ₂	to	□%	□ppm
O2	to	□%	□ppm
N ₂	to	□%	□ppm
SO ₂	to	□%	□ppm
H ₂ O	to	□%	□ppm
NO	to	□%	□ppm
	to	□%	□ppm
	to	□%	□ppm