OPERATING INSTRUCTIONS



All-in-one solution for OCR and various labels checking task





Described Product	Label Checker LBC6XX
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1 About this document

1.1 Information on the operating instructions

These operating instructions provide important information on how to use devices from SICK AG.

Prerequisites for safe work are:

- Compliance with all safety notes and handling instructions supplied.
- Compliance with local work safety regulations and general safety regulations for device applications

The operating instructions are intended to be used by qualified personnel and electrical specialists.

Read these operating instructions carefully before starting any work on the device, in order to familiarize yourself with the device and its functions.

The instructions constitute an integral part of the product, which must be stored immediate near the device, so they remain accessible to staff at all times. Should the device be passed on to a third party, these operating instructions should be handed over with it. These operating instructions do not provide information on operating the machine in which the device is integrated. For further information, refer to the operating instructions of the particular machine.

1.2 Scope

These operating instructions serve to incorporate the device into a customer system. Instructions are given by stages for all actions required. These instructions apply to all available device variants of the product.



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More detailed information of available device type and variants is listed on the on-line product page:

- https://www.sick.com/cz/en/machine-vision/2d-machine-vision/inspectorp62x/c/g507066
- https://www.sick.com/cz/en/machine-vision/2d-machine-vision/inspectorp63x/c/g401751
- https://www.sick.com/cz/en/machine-vision/2d-machine-vision/inspectorp64x/c/g401752
- https://www.sick.com/cz/en/machine-vision/2d-machine-vision/inspectorp65x/c/g401753

Various device variants are used as examples for commissioning, based on the default parameter settings for the relevant device.

1.3 Explanation of symbols

Warnings and important information in this document are labeled with symbols. The warnings are introduced with signal words that indicate the extent of the danger, these warnings must be observed at all times. Care must be taken to avoid accidents, personal injury, and material damage.



DANGER

... Indicates a situation of imminent danger, which will lead to a fatality or serious injuries if not prevented.



WARNING

... Indicates a potentially dangerous situation, which may lead to a fatality or serious injuries if not prevented.



CAUTION

... Indicates a potentially dangerous situation, which may lead to minor/slight injuries if not prevented.



NOTICE

... Indicates a potentially harmful situation, which may lead to material damage if not prevented.



NOTE

... Highlights useful tips and recommendations as well as information for efficient and trouble-free operation.



REFERENCE

Used to refer to other parts of these operating instructions or an external document.

Instructions to actions

- The arrow denotes instructions to action.
- 1. The sequence of instructions for action is numbered.
- 2. Follow the order in which the numbered instructions are given.

1.4 Further information

 (\mathbf{i})

All the documentation available for the device can be found on the on-line product page at:

www.sick.com

The following information is available for download:

- Model-specific on-line data sheets for device variants, containing technical data, dimensional drawings, and diagrams.
- EU declaration of conformity for the product family.
- Dimensional drawings and 3D CAD dimension models in various electronic formats.
- These operating instructions, available in English and German, and in other languages if necessary.
- Other publications related to the devices described here.
- Publications dealing with accessories.

1.5 Customer service

If you require any technical information, our customer service department will be happy to help. To find your representative, see the final page of this document.



Before calling, make a note of all type label data such as type code, serial number, etc. to ensure faster processing.

2 Safety

2.1 General safety notes

This chapter contains general safety information about the Label Checker.

Further information about specific product use/situations can be found in the relevant chapters.

Additional safety information about configured devices can be found in the operating instructions for the relevant devices.

Please refer to Chapter 1.2 Scope.

Hazard due to lack of effectiveness of the protective device

If there is non-compliance, it is possible that the dangerous state of the machine may not be stopped or not stopped in a timely manner.

- Please read this document carefully and make sure that you understand the content fully before working with the device.
- ► Follow all safety notes in this document.

2.2 Intended use

The Label Checker can be used to design, configure, commission, and diagnose safetyrelated devices or system configurations.

2.3 Requirements for the qualification of personnel

Only qualified Service personnel may use the Label Checker to design, configure, commission, and diagnose safety-related devices, device groups, or system configurations.

Project planning

For project planning, a person is considered competent when he/she has expertise and experience in the selection and use of protective devices on machines and is familiar with the relevant technical rules and national work safety regulations.

Parameterization

For parameterization, a person is considered competent when he/she has the expertise and experience in the relevant field and is sufficiently familiar with the application of the protective device on the machine that he/she can assess its work safety aspects.

Commissioning

For commissioning, a person is considered competent when he/she has the expertise and experience in the relevant field and is sufficiently familiar with the application of the protective device on the machine that he/she can assess its operational safety status.

Operation and maintenance

For operation and maintenance, a person is considered competent when he/she has the expertise and experience in the relevant field and is sufficiently familiar with the application of the protective device on the machine and has been instructed by the machine operator in its operation.

3 Installation

3.1 Scope of delivery

Depending on the device version and the accessories ordered, the scope of delivery will include the listed items:

- Label Checker (InspectorP6xx Flex + LBC App preinstalled).
- Software (Installed)
- Two sliding nuts, M5
- Light inlet and electrical connections fitted with protective caps/plugs.
- SW 2 hexagon key for opening and closing the micro SD card slot cover and mounting the integrable illumination unit from the optic kit (InspectorP6xx Flex)

Accessories

Accessories such as the optic kit, brackets, connecting cables and SD card are only supplied if ordered separately.

3.2 System requirements

Operator interface:

- Supported Web Browsers: Google Chrome: 69.0.3497.92, Mozilla Firefox: 62.0.2 (32-bit) and Internet Explorer 11.0.969919129 or the most recent version.
- SOPASair uses new web technologies such as HTML5, so technical incompatibilities can be expected when using older browsers.

3.3 Hardware

The Label Checker is based on Inspector Pxx camera, for further mechanical and electrical information.



Please refer to:

- https://www.sick.com/cz/en/machine-vision/2d-machine-vision/inspectorp62x/c/g507066
- https://www.sick.com/cz/en/machine-vision/2d-machine-vision/inspectorp63x/c/g401751
- https://www.sick.com/cz/en/machine-vision/2d-machine-vision/inspectorp64x/c/g401752
- https://www.sick.com/cz/en/machine-vision/2d-machine-vision/inspectorp65x/c/g401753

3.3.1 Module components examples



Label Checker already support PROFINET onboard and CDF module is needed in special occasions only. Please be informed that the LBC62x will not support Profinet until 2021.

The following setup displays a variety of Label Checker connections:

LBC621

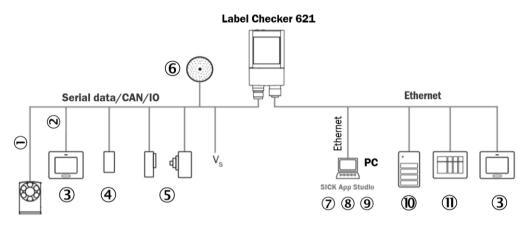


Figure 1 Label Checker 621 connections

Description:

- ① CSN/CAN (not supported)
- Serial
- ③ PLC (Programmable Logic Controller)
- ④ Digital Outputs e.g signal lamps
- ⑤ Digital inputs e.g. for encoders, photoelectric sensors (trigger sensor)
- 6 External illumination unit, e.g. ICL

- ⑦ Setting
- 8 Image display
- 9 Diagnostics
- 10 FTP server (image storage)
- ① HMI interface

Label Checker connection examples

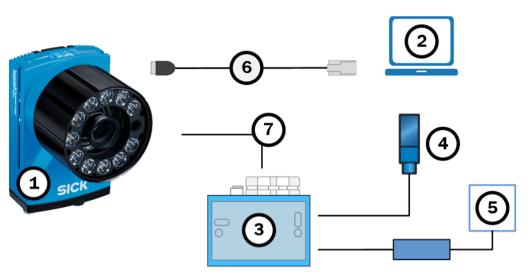


Figure 2 LBC6xx connected via module CDB650-204

Description:

- ① Label Checker camera
- 2 PC
- ③ Connection module CDB650-204
- ④ Trigger sensor

- 5 voltage supply 24V DC
- 6 Ethernet cable M12, 8-pin, x-coded
- ⑦ Power I/O cable M-12, 17-pin, A-coded

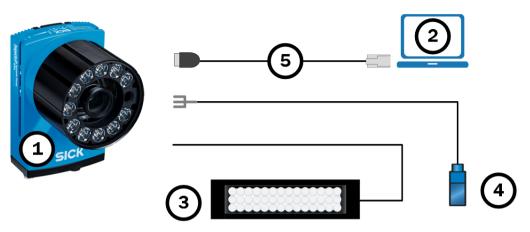


Figure 3 LBC6xx using external illumination and trigger sensor.

Description:

- 1 Label Checker camera
- 2 PC
- ③ External Illumination
- ④ Trigger sensor
- (5) Ethernet cable M12, 8-pin, x-coded



Figure 4 LBC65x and LBC642 using external illumination

Description:

- ① Label Checker camera
- 2 C-mount lens
- 3 Lens protective hood
- ④ Mountingbrackets

- ⑤ PC
- 6 External illumination
- O Ethernet cable M12, 8-pin, x-coded
- ⑧ Connecting cable

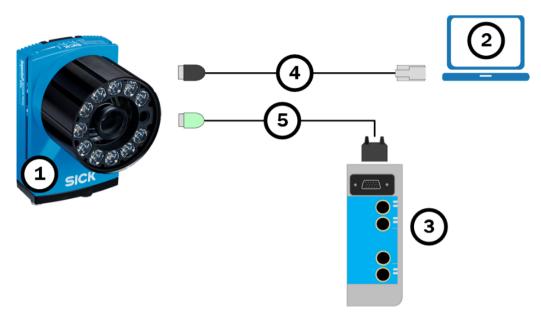


Figure 5 LBC6xx connected via CDF600 module

Description:

- 1 Label Checker camera
- 2 PC
- ③ PROFINET CDF600-2200
- ④ Ethernet cable M12, 8 pin, x-coded
- 5 Connection cable 2m

3.4 Electrical installation

3.4.1 LBC621 connections pin assignment

Power/serial data/CAN/I/O connection

Pin	Signal	Function
$\begin{array}{c} \begin{array}{c} & & 3 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 14 \\ 6 \\ 17 \\ 1 \\ 15 \\ 8 \\ 9 \end{array} \begin{array}{c} 12 \\ 11 \\ 10 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16$		
1	GND	Ground
2	Vs	Supplyvoltage
3	CAN L	CAN bus (IN/OUT)
4	CAN H	CAN bus (IN/OUT)
5	TD+ (RS-422/485), host	Host interface (sender+)
6	TD– (RS-422/485), host TxD (RS-232), host	Host interface (sender-)
7	TxD (RS-232), AUX	AUX interface (sender)
8	RxD (RS-232), AUX	AUX interface (receiver)
9	SensGND	Digital input ground
10	Sensor 1	Digital input 1
11	RD+ (RS-422/485), host	Host interface (receiver+)
12	RD- (RS-422/485), host RxD (RS-232), host	Host interface (receiver-)
13	IN/OUT 3	Digital input/Digital output 3 (configurable)
14	IN/OUT 4	Digital input/Digital output 4 (configurable)
15	Sensor 2	Digital input 2
16	IN/OUT 5	Digital input/Digital output 5 (configurable)
17	IN/OUT 6	Digital input/Digital output 6 (configurable)
-	-	Shield

LBC621 Ethernet connection

Pin	Signal	Function
1	TD+ Sender+	
2	RD+	Receiver+
3	TD-	Sender-
4	RD-	Receiver-

3.4.2 LBC63x connections pin assignment

Pin	Power/ Serial Data/CAN/IO	USB ¹	External Illumination connection	GB Ethernet
	$\begin{array}{c} 3 & 12 \\ 4 \\ 5 \\ 14 \\ 14 \\ 17 \\ 17 \\ 15 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 17 \\ 15 \\ 8 \\ 9 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 \\ 16 $	4 2 3 0 1 4-pin M8 female connector	3 4-p in M12 female connector, A-coded	4 3 6 2 1 8 8-pin M12 female connector, X-coded
1	GND	N/C	DC 24-V switchable output	TRD0_P
2	DC 24 V± 20%	N/C	Trigger illumination DC 24 V	TRD0_N
3	CAN L	N/C	GND	TRD1_P
4	CAN H	N/C	Not connected	TRD1_N
5	TD+(RS-422), Host	-	-	TRD3_P
6	TD- (RS-422), Host TxD (RS-232), Host	-	-	TRD3_N
7	TxD (RS-232), AUX	-	-	TRD2_P
8	RxD (RS-232), AUX	-	-	TRD2_N
9	SensGND	-	-	-
10	Sensor 1 switching Input	-	-	-

11	RD+ (RS-422), Host	-	-	-
12	RD- (RS-422), Host RxD (RS-232), Host	-	-	-
13	IN/OUT 3, configurable	-	-	-
14	IN/OUT 4, configurable	-	-	-
15	Sensor 2 switching input	-	-	-
16	IN/OUT 5, configurable	-	-	-
17	, IN/OUT 6, configurable		-	-

Table 1Label Checker 63x

3.4.3 LBCP64x/65x connections pin assignment

Pin	Power/ Serial Data/CAN/ IO	CAN IN ¹	CAN OUT ¹	USB ¹	Triggering of external Illumination	GB Ethernet	Ethern et ¹
	3 12 14 10 16 17 15 8 9 17 17 15 8 9 17 17 15 8 9 17 16 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10 10	3 4 5-pin M12 male connector, A-coded	5-pin M12 female connector, A-coded	4 2 3 0 1 4-pin M8 female connector	3 4 9 1 3-pin M8 female connector	4 3 6 2 1 8-pin M12 female connector, X-coded	4-pin M12 female connector, D-coded
1	GND	Shield	Shield	N/C	Sensor 1	TRD0_P	-
2	DC 24 V± 20%	DC 24 V ± 20%	DC 24 V ± 20%	N/C	-	TRD0_N	-
3	CAN L	GND		N/C	Result 4	TRD1_P	-
4	CAN H	CAN H	CAN H	N/C	SensGND	TRD1_N	-
5	TD+(RS- 422), Host	CAN L	CAN L	-	-	TRD3_P	-
6	TD- (RS- 422), Host TxD (RS- 232), Host	-	-	-	-	TRD3_N	-
7	TxD (RS- 232), AUX	-	-	-	-	TRD2_P	-
8	RxD (RS- 232), AUX	-	-	-	-	TRD2_N	-
9	SensGND	-	-	-	-	-	-
10	Sensor 1 switching Input	-	-	-	-	-	-
11	RD+ (RS- 422), Host	-	-	-	-	-	-
12	RD- (RS- 422), Host RxD (RS- 232), Host	-	-	-	-	-	-
13	Result 1 switching output	-	-	-	-	-	-

14	Result 2 switching output	-	-	-	-	-	-
15	Sensor 2 switching input	-	-	-	-	-	-
16	Result 3 switching output	-	-	-	-	-	-
17	Result 4 switching output	-	-	-	-	-	-

Table 2 InspectorP65x/64x

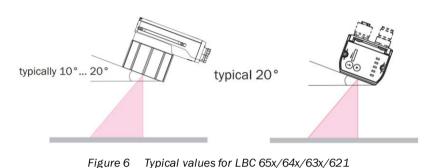
¹ Not used

3.5 Mounting and reflection prevention

1

LBC65x/64x/63x/621

In order to avoid reflections from the glossy surfaces to be scanned, the device is usually tilted so it is not perpendicular to the surface, unless you want to use the effect of direct reflections. When camera is tilted, the image is slightly distorted and may result in worse performance when certain inspections are performed (i.e. Object Locator). Image rectification can be used to correct the effect of perspective distortion, please find <u>subsection 4.6.7 on how to perform picture calibration rectification</u>. Typical values are between 10° and 20°. When using a polarizing filter, the recommended angle is 0°.



You may use a polarizing filter to minimize reflection effects on the image, see subsection 7.1.

4 Getting started

4.1 User interface at a glance

SETT	ING TAB	STATUS BAR AND RESULTS	LIVE VIEW
PapectorP632 Flex 24.0.218 16290248	Live image >		Brief result.
16290248	b 0 ⊂ <i>n</i>		
nite Rus Rus Cipert Locator	SIC Mr.	sponsible delivery - Newton K spol. s.r.o. Jan Novak ajinska 2a 0.0300 Prana 10	
COR DOTHEr Inspections FTP Digital (VO	There are a second s		The conversion and the conversion of the convers
Communication	Of Task	23,4567 8901 014 A CZ-12345-DEP1	# RENAME B REMOVE + CREATE NEW JOB IN: COPY SELECTED JOB
Statistics		5-01 132.52.10100 A123	Dow image of failed impection
 System setting 		**************************************	© PROCESS MAGE OF FAILED INSPECTION
south a	JSER LOGIN	IMAGE SNAP SHOT	INSPECTION SETTINGS

Figure 7 Label Checker GUI

UI controls



Using this tool you can drag the polygon frame to change its position, corner/edge in order to change the size.

Select this action to grab and drag the image into a different location within the window.

Select this tool to zoom in/out images to varying levels of detail.

Home fits the image to current view.



Using the Undo/ redo functions lets you undo erroneous steps or move forward and backward through the operations.

About PView

PViewer 2D Version:2.2.7

Region adjustment zones

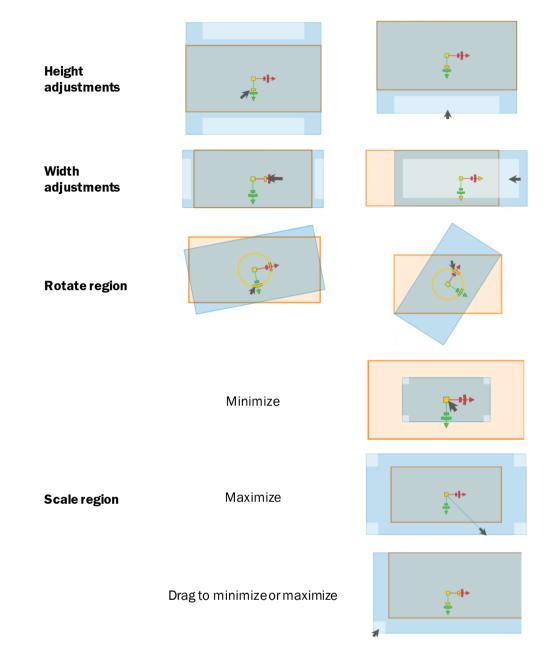


Figure 8 Region adjustments zones

4.2 Login

The Label Checker will start automatically after you power up the system.

i

Before you start working with the program, please check if the operator screens are working properly.

The Label Checker features different types of user access levels. Each user name varies with different privileges.

L	ogin	
User Name		
Operator Operator		
Service		
SICKService		-
	LOGIN CAN	ICE

Figure 9 Login user name

Login and proceed as follows:

1. Type the IP address of your camera, in your web browser.



Default IP address is 192.168.0.1. The IP address of your camera can be either obtained or changed from SOPAS/AppManager. The camera must be in the same subnet as the connected PC to be visible.

impectorP632 Fiex - (n			
C © 192.16	3.0.1 /#(page 18)	n	Q. o 🖬 i
Run , Irapector P032 Flex	Live Image	To channe the conferentian planes line in first	a Data be
40 Address 2.3.5.16R 17(80064	h @ Q (C Object locator: shape not found
nice Puer			③ 192.168.0.1 /#!page
			b b b c
- free day			

2. Click the login buttor at the bottom-left corner.

3. Enteryour designated user name and password.

Ŀ	ogin		
User Name			
Operator			
Password			
•••••			
keep me logged in			
		LOGIN	CANCEL

4. Afterwards, click the login button.

1	•	
(1	
	_	/

Password:

Operator – No password Service – servicelevel

!

The operator has the most limited role. They can only start the system with no authority to Edit or fix any programs.

4.3 Status results

This feature will constantly display the current status of the most recently adjusted settings, which only applies to the following device tabs:



When the browser is refreshed, the reference image result will not appear, unless the Apply button is enabled.

- FTP
- Digital Inputs/Outputs
- Communication
- Output format

- Statistics
- Font teachings
- System settings

4.4 Inspection result

This feature will constantly display the current status of the most recently adjusted settings, which applies to the following device tabs.

• Run

OCR/OCV

- Image
- Object locator
- Total counters

- 1D/2D codes
- Other inspections
- The inspection results may be viewed via:

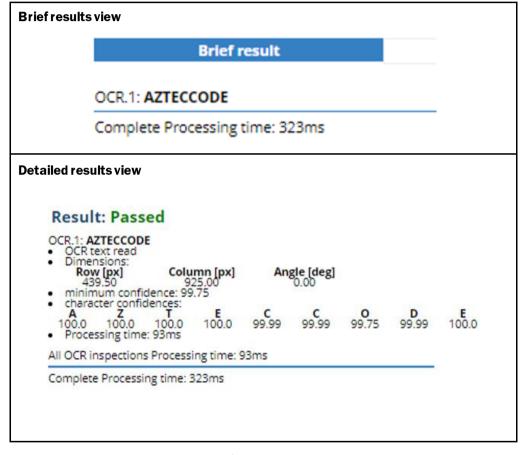


Figure 10 Inspection results

Job ID

Information added to the currently selected job (for better performance in combination with the "Auto job switching" function.

Total counters

Total counter of incoming triggers.

4.5 Run tab

This feature allows the operating entity to create inspection, and run the created job program.

The Label Checker features different types of user access levels. Each user level varies with different privileges.

The run tab features the following settings:

- Create default job
- Rename a job
- View total counters
- List of available jobs
- Select inspection to set expected text
- View inspection results
- Process image of failed inspection
- Clear result information

- Copy a selected job
- Remove a job
- Reset total counters
- Start the program/system
- Set expected text
- Show image of failed inspection
- Inspection trigger

Service user level has full access to the Label Checker system with all permissions including maintenance, commissioning, and login privilege to restricted programs. SICK service user level is **restricted only** for SICK employees.



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The operator has the most limited role and with no authority to Edit or fix any programs.



In the Run tab, the operator only has access to following features:

- Start the system.
- Input the expected text for the already existing inspections.

1

Since Label Checker is web-based, some minor functionalities regarding web transfer could be automatically disabled to prevent negative influence to the speed of image processing.

The following list shows what functionalities could be automatically disabled, if there is not enough processing time (initiating from Level 1 up to Level 7):

- Level 1 Save each image and result on FTP Server
- Level 2 Save only when inspection fails
- Level 3 Save image and result on FTP Server
- Level 4 Display image to UI
- Level 5 Save reference image, store CSV data
- Level 6 Display results in UI
- Level 7 Save NOK image (Show last 30 failed images)

4.5.1 Create new job

New job program with default parameters can be set up and saved in the camera memory by selecting Create new job.

4.5.2 Rename

The operating entity can rename the job by inputting and confirming the text change/edit for the selected job.

4.5.3 Remove

You can easily delete unnecessary jobs from your camera. The removed selected job will not exist in the list box, and all related files to the deleted job will be irreversibly removed from the camera memory.

4.5.4 Copy selected job

Copying an existing job is a convenient way to re-use the same label sample, in order to create a different job specification.

4.5.5 Reset total counters

You can easily reset the total counters by enabling the reset button.

Total counters provide relevant label inspection data, starting from the very first run of the Label Checker. This feature displays the OK (passed) & NOK (failed) test, including the overall passing rate for statistic purpose.

 $\label{eq:please-find} Please find \, \underline{subsection \, 4.18 \, Statistics} \, to \, learn \, more \, about \, the \, features \, of \, the \, total \, counters.$

4.5.6 Select inspection to set expected text

The operator (including other user levels) will be able to select the type of inspection via Run tab, in order to set/change the expected text.

4.5.7 Set expected text

The expected text can be inserted in this field.

4.5.8 Inspection trigger

Changing the inspection trigger will give you the option to quickly deactivate/activate the digital input.

4.5.9 How to create a job program

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Select + CREATE NEW JOB button.
- 2. Type in a unique ID name for the newly created job program.
- 3. Then, confirm the new job program by selecting the <a href="https://www.confirm.con
- 4. Afterwards, go to image settings tab in order to save the created reference image found in <u>subsection 4.6 of the Image tab</u>

4.5.10 Renaming a job program

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the job program that needs to be renamed from the list of available jobs.

2. New Job 2	•
2. New Job 2	
3. New Job 3	
1. New Job1	

- 2. Then, click the **PRENAME** button and type in a new program name.
- 3. Afterwards, click the button to verify.

4.5.11 How to remove a job program

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the listed job that needs to be removed.



3. Afterwards, a confirmation dialog box will appear.

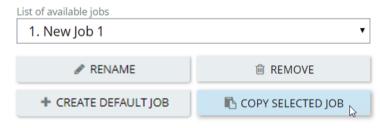
		Removing Job		
		Are you sure that you want to remove this job?		
			OK	CANCEL
4.	Click	to confirm deletion.		

5. Afterwards, check the results in the Inspection result window.

4.5.12 How to copy a selected job

Proceed as follows:

1. Firstly, select the job (from the list of available job) that you would like to copy. Then click the copy selected job button.



2. Fill in a new name for the selected copied job, and select the confirm button.

Name of new job		
New Job 1 - copy		
X CANCEL	 CONFIRM 	N
		3

3. After confirming selection, you will find the copied job in the list of available jobs.

List of available jobs	
1. New Job 1	•
1. New Job 1	
2. New Job 1 - copy	
3. New Job 3	~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~~
4. New Job 4	
5. New Job 5	
6. New Job 6	
7. New Job 7	
8. New Job 8	
9. New Job 9	

4.5.13 Failed inspection - image process

Provides information of at least 30 recent failed image results during production operations. The recent 30 failed images can assist in diagnosis or resolve any arising errors, and serves as ease of reference.

This feature also provides the date and time of the failed inspection.



Please be informed that only the last 30 recent failed images will be stored.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select one from the ten failed inspection number.



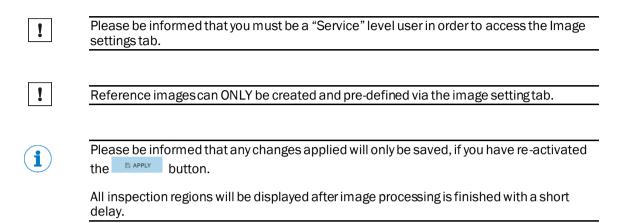
2. Then click the O PROCESS IMAGE OF FAILED INSPECTION button.

The selected failed inspection image number with all its results will appear on the window.



The purpose of this feature is to select and process the selected failed inspection image in order to track why the inspection failed. You can process the last 30 failed inspection images, where number 1 is the latest failed inspection image 2 ... 30 the oldest.

4.6 Image tab



4.6.1 Save reference image

When the desired exposure time and field of view requirements are achieved, the camera stores the confirmed reference image that will be used further for pre-defining the job program (label sample).

4.6.2 List of available jobs

Contains the names of the pre-defined programs. The operating entity can still modify these pre-define job programs according to their requirements.

4.6.3 Save Image to File

When this feature is enabled, the last captured image will be stored in the camera $\hat{}$ s memory, to the path /App

data/public/camera_simulator_images/images_from_web_page/. Saving the image can work with or without the SD card present. You may easily use the images in the camera simulator, when the camera's memory path to the images is set.

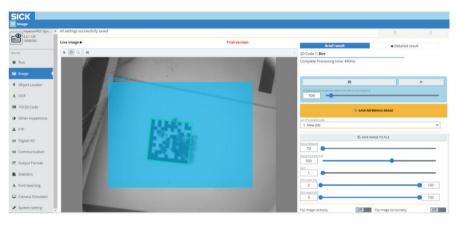


Figure 11 Last captured image stored in camera's memory

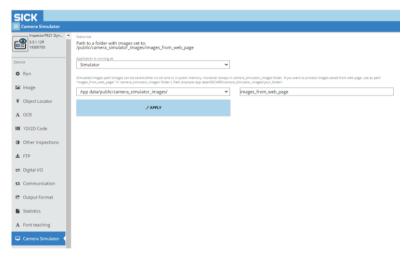


Figure 12 Camera simulator path to folder with images

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Please be informed that the internal memory capacity of the camera is limited, thus we do not recommend storing large number of images (>20).

We highly recommend the use of the SD card for this purpose.

4.6.4 Image settings

Exposure time

Exposure time is entered in microseconds and can be set from 100 microseconds to 1000 microseconds (depending on the camera type and illumination).

Gain

Gain helps brighten the image by increasing the sensitivity of the image sensor, but in tradeoff of image noise increase. Gain should only be used after optimizing the exposure settings.

FOV width (maximum - minimum)

This slider will extend or reduce your specified FOV width. You can adjust the FOV width using the slider or track bar.

FOV height (maximum - minimum)

This slider will extend or reduce your specified FOV height. You can adjust the FOV height using the slider or track bar.

Off

Off

Flip Image horizontally

When enabled each acquired image is flipped horizontally.

Flip Image Horizontally

Flip image vertically

When enabled the acquired image is flipped vertically.

Flip Image Vertically

4.6.5 Preprocessing filter

Preprocessing filter modifies the image sample before any initial inspection process.

Preprocessing filter	
None	•
None	
Minimum 3x3	
Minimum 5x5	
Median 3x3	
Maximum 3x3	
Maximum 5x5	

Figure 13 Preprocessing filters

Minimum filter

Selects the minimum value for each pixel from its surrounding area.

Median filter

Selects the median value for each pixel from its surrounding area.

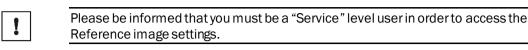
Maximum filter

Selects the maximum value for each pixel from its surrounding area.



Preprocessing filters are not available for Label Checker 621.

4.6.6 How to adjust and save the reference image



Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed as follows:

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- 1. Click the continuous acquisition button and focus the camera lens. You should be able to see the edges on the target object.
- 2. Set the camera or the label sample to the correct position. The target sample has to be in the center of the image.

We recommend to zoom-in the image for better focus results.



Off-center

Center position

- 3. When the desired image has been achieved, select the button to stop/pause the continuous acquisition.
- 4. Now, adjust the Exposure time. Set the lens aperture manually, as well as the exposure time via the UI to achieve the target object with higher contrast.

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We recommend overexposing the image, so the background is densely white, with no gray artifacts visible on the background (if possible).

Or underexpose the image for white characters on dark background.

Exposure and Gain affects the brightness of the image (these values are tradeoff), while increasing Gain adds unwanted noise to the image, exposure time extends the time of shutter and can cause blur, if the sample is moving during image acquisition.



Please be informed that having enough illumination leads to lower value, resulting to shorter exposure time. Higher value can cause blurring, if the object is moving during exposition.

If the object is moving, we recommend using lower value, then compensate the brightness by increasing Gain.

If the exposure time is too short, the image will be underexposed, i.e. generally dark with low contrast between the part and its features.

If the exposure time is too long, then large sections of the image will appear white and washed out.

- Live image Live image Live image 21 12 32 21 12 12 12 21 12 12 12 21 12 12 21 12 12 21 12 12 21 12 12 21 1
- 5. Adjust the FOV width and FOV height.

Unadjusted FOV

Adjusted FOV



We highly recommend reducing the field of view (FOV) height & width to the lowest required rate to achieve faster imaging process.

The size of the field of view significantly affects the evaluation speed.

- 6. Enable these functions to change the image's orientation.
 - Flip image horizontally

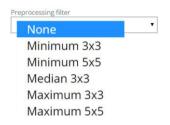
Flip image horizo... Off

Off

Flip image vertically

Flip image vertically

7. Select the required preprocessing filters. When processing samples/objects with high reflection, then keep the exposure time low.

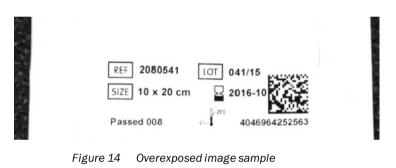


Preprocessing filters can improve the reading by adjusting the contrast or brightness of the final image. These filters are accelerated and unlike the image filters, affect the processing time insignificantly.



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The ideal image adjustment for **OCR**, **1D**/**2D**, is to overexpose the label sample (dense-white background), with no visible gray artifact.



Images with shades are still possible to read.



Figure 15 Under exposed image sample

Images with high reflections can produce wrong results.



Figure 16.....Images with high reflection

- 8. When all adjusted settings are finalized, you can select the save reference image button to store the created/edited job program.
- 9. Then select OK to verify.

Are you sure you want to save reference image? OK CANCEL 10. Afterwards, check the results in the Inspection result window.



When the reference image is saved to the camera, it will be saved together with job settings.

4.6.7 How to perform picture calibration/rectification



Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the Image rectification settings.



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Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Image rectification flattens the image and changes the size and resolution of an acquired image. Primarily helps avoid perspective distortion effect caused by the camera (not being positioned perpendicular to the object of interest).

When the rectification map is applied onto the curved surface of the product sample, the camera will calculate the mapping between the grid points and flatten/straighten the image. These points are detected from the distorted image, including the corresponding grid points of the ideal regular point grid, thereby significantly increasing the reliability of the reference shape localization.

We highly recommend enabling the rectification setting for the following samples:

- Creased/uneven label samples
- All rounded surfaces
- Eliminate perspective distortion



Original image



Rectified image

Figure 17 Rectification process



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Please refer to <u>https://supportportal.sick.com/downloads/label-checker/</u> where you will be able to download the rectification grid.



Please be informed that the rectification feature has restrictions

After finalizing the rectification calibration, the products must be inspected in the same position as the product with the rectification grid.

Proceed as follows:

1. Enable the picture calibration (rectification).

Picture calibration (rectification)

Or

- 2. Use the appropriate rectification grid size, relevant to the size of the product.
- 3. Apply and align the rectification grid firmly on the surface of the product sample, preferably on the desired ROI.



The surface to be rectified was wrapped with a rectification grid, which is used to determine the mapping between the distorted image and the rectified image.

The orientation of the two circular marks. The rectified image is rotated such that the black mark is left of the white mark.

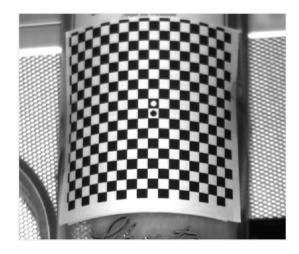


Figure 18 Rectification grid

4. Set the "Distance of the grid points" parameters, to influence the resolution of the rectified image. Higher values, means higher resolution. Although, over increasing the value can significantly prolong the processing time.

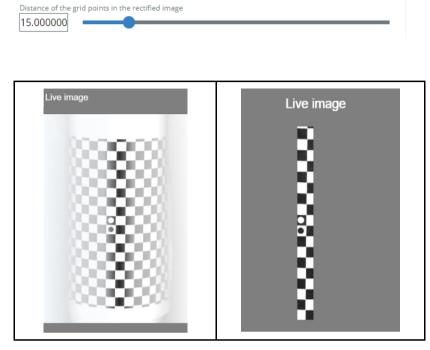


Figure 19 Overexposed image - only a contrasting part is evaluated

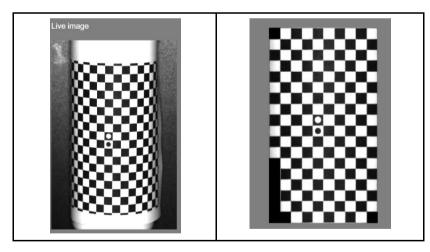


Figure 20 Optimal rectification result

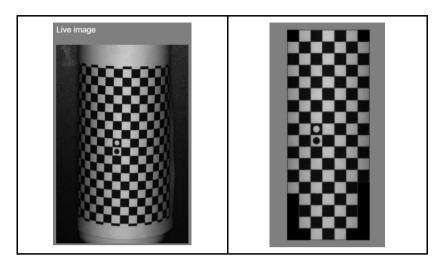


Figure 21 Underexposed image

- 5. Afterwards, selec Z CREATE CALIBRATION (RECTIFICATION) MAP .
- 6. The rectification map creation process can take a few minutes.

If the rectification process is taking too long, cancel the process by clicking "restart the camera" button.

Processing... Takes too long?

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C RESTART CAMERA

- 7. When the rectification process is successful, wait for the rectifying grid to appear, and the image will be flattened accordingly.
- 8. You will now acquire the rectified image, and you can save it as a reference image via Image tab.
- 9. After creating the calibration (rectification) map and saving the reference image (via Image tab), you can remove the grid and start to create an image.

10. If the creation process fails, then you must adjust the image parameters again.

ne image i	ectification has two di	fferent settings, according to user level:	
peratinge	ntity: Service		
Picto	re calibration (rectification)		Or
	🎢 CRE	ATE CALIBRATION (RECTIFICATION) MAP	
	2 CRE	ATE CALIBRATION (RECTIFICATION) MAP	

• **Distance of the grid points in the rectified image** Influences the resolution of the rectified image. Higher values, means higher resolution.

Operating entity: SICK service (Only available for SICK service)



Figure 23 SICK service access to advanced rectification settings

• Minimum Contrast of a segmentation

Minimum Contrast of a grid image used when segmenting the rectification grid region in the image. Image areas with a contrast of at least minimum contrast of a segmentation are extracted.

• Radius of opening to eliminate high contrast areas

Radius of the circular structuring element, when segmenting the rectification grid region in the image. Image areas with a contrast of at least minimum contrast of a segmentation are extracted and the holes in these areas are filled up. Then, an opening with the radius is applied to these areas to eliminate smaller areas of high contrast.

• Sigma Saddle Points

Sigma of the Gaussian to smooth an input grid image, when detecting saddle points.

Threshold

Minimum absolute value of the Eigenvalues of the Hessian matrix, when detecting saddle points in a grid image.

• Sigma Connect Grid Points

Size of the applied Gaussian to smooth an input image with grid, when searching for connecting lines between the grid points (row, column) of the rectification grid.

• Maximum distance of the connecting lines from the grid points When searching for connecting lines between the grid points (row, column) of the rectification grid.

4.7 Object locator

When enabling the object locator tab, you will be able to teach the camera to identify a specific mark/object/shape. The object best suits as a reference. If the label moves within the field of view and reference shape is found, then the position and rotation of the regions of each inspection (OCR, code, measurement etc.) will be adjusted accordingly.

You can use this feature if the label position or rotation in front of the camera differs. Another use of this feature is to localize an object and the information of its position and rotation is required.



Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the BAPPLY button.



The Object locator can highly affect the processing time. Optimizing its settings might significantly decrease influence.

4.7.1 Object locator region

When the add locator is enabled, the object locator will teach the camera to identify a specific mark. The selected object region will then act as a reference point to orient and assist the camera during processing.



Matching robustness

Controls the accuracy in locating the components. Where values range from 1 to 6:

• Option 1

No specific parameters to set. Easy to use – fast option but for well-defined shapes only.



Figure 25 Option 1 SICK speed & robustness

Option 2

Parameters: Edge threshold, downsample factor, and scale factor.

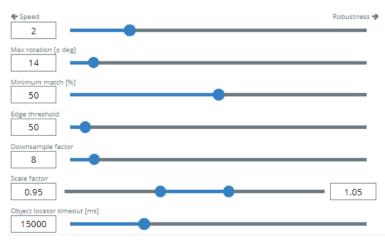


Figure 26 Option 2 Advanced SICK Speed & robustness

• Option 3 to 6 Disabled Advance settings

No specific parameters and easy to use. Slower than Option 1 and 2, but with higher accuracy.



Figure 27 Option 3 - 6 Disabled Advanced settings

Option 3 to 6 Enabled advanced settings

Parameters: Contrast and segment size.

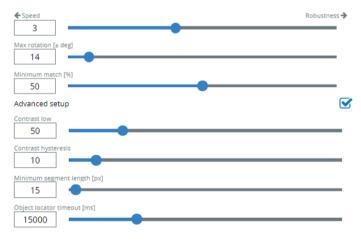


Figure 28 Option 3 - 6 Enabled advanced settings

Edge threshold

The edge strength is calculated using a local image gradient filter. An image gradient is a directional change in the intensity in an image.

Edge strength/threshold-difference between edge intensity and background Intensity (Contrast)

Significant edges - this value can be greater (black on white and vice versa).

Weak edges - the value should be lesser (black on dark gray and vice versa). The default value is 50.

- Increase the default value for very sharp and high-contrast edges.
- Reduce the default value for lower contrast edge.

Downsample factor

Sets how many times the image is downscaled before the object search is performed. If there is trouble on finding the object or if teach process fails, it is advisable to reduce the value; recommended values are from 4 to 10.

This feature sets the downsample factor in x & y dimensions of the image. If the original image has (M, N) size, the downsample image has (M/d, N/d), where d is the downsample factor.

• Increasing this value will reduce the computation time, but will also reduce the accuracy.



You may use a higher downsample factor for clean scenes with minimum background clutter. Decrease the value, if you encounter teach failures or when not finding the edge.

Scale factor

Sets the scale interval in order to teach the size. The points on each end of the bar reflect a scale factor. In order to favorably find a taught object in the acquired image, taught object must be set more or less bigger or smaller.



Defines how much the shape can be smaller and bigger compared to reference shape. By setting both values to 1, the algorithm searches for exactly the same size of shape. Decreasing the first value to 0.5 will force the algorithm to look even for a half-sized shape. Increasing the second value to 2 will also look for a double-sized shape. This setting has a great impact on the search speed.

Object locator timeout

Sets the allowed maximum time to search for the locator.

Advanced setup

The parameters for advanced setup determine the contrast of what the model points must have. The contrast is a measure for local gray value differences, between object & the background, and between different parts of the object.

Contrast low - the lowest value used for threshold

Contrast hysteresis - high threshold value; where, low + hysteresis

Minimum segment length - sets the minimum length of the found components.

Timeout - determines the maximum time that the locator object tries to find the shape.

4.7.2 Mask region

The masked region is subtracted from the object locator region, where the resulting mark will not contain edges from the mask region. This action is most favorable in eliminating any changes in text or character print of the label sample.

- Maximum rotation Maximum rotation sets the rotation interval and restricts the range of rotation of a searched object.
- Minimum match match setting tells how well the located object must match. The match score can be set between 0.05 (lower value) to 0.95 (higher value).

4.7.3 Search area region

Defines the region of interest where the object is searched within the area of the object locator. The search area can easily be adjusted/resized which creates faster search inspection. Only the center of the shape must be located within the search area, in order for the algorithm to find it.

4.7.4 Region shape

Shape type is a geometric shape of a region and is placed where we execute a reading. The characters are identified within this shape region.

Supported region shapes are the following:

Region shape		
Rectangle		•
Rectangle		
Circle		
Ellipse		

Figure 29 Region shape

4.7.5 How to adjust the object locator regions



In order to improve the Object locator speed, you should focus most of the time on influencing the features. The speed optimization should start within the adjustment of the **Speed/robustness** slider.

There are multiple shape locating algorithms in setting the object locator:

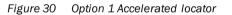
1. Speed

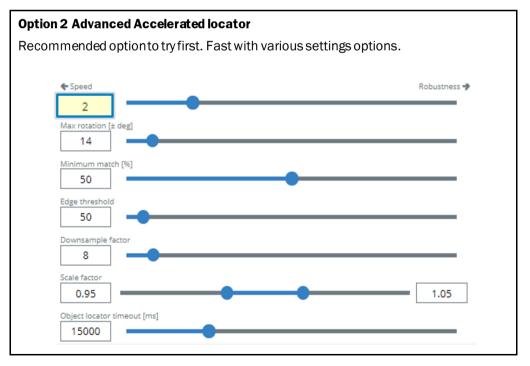
Values 1 and 2 algorithm grant faster processing (accelerated algorithm).

Option 1 Accelerated locator

No specific parameters to set. Easy to use, faster option but for well-defined shapes only. When the teach process fails, you should try different shape or you can switch to option 2.









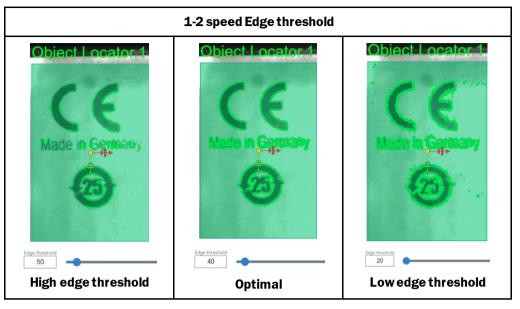


Figure 32 1-2 Speed Edge threshold



Adjusting the Downsample factor and max rotation settings usually has less impact on speed, but should still be considered for applications requiring maximum speed.

2. Robustness

Values 3 \ldots 6 algorithms offer higher stability and are recommended in applications that do not require:

- High process speeds
- Applications with a high variability in the positions, rotations, or reference shape angle relative to the camera.

Algorithms:

- 1 and 2 algorithms FPGA accelerated algorithms.
- 3 and 4 algorithms are able to find shapes that are not scaled.
- 3 algorithm without subpixel accuracy. Faster that 4 algorithm.
- 4 algorithm with subpixel accuracy.
- 5 and 6 algorithms can find scaled shapes according to parameter scale factor.
- 5 algorithm without subpixel accuracy. Faster than 6 algorithm.
- 6 algorithm with subpixel accuracy.

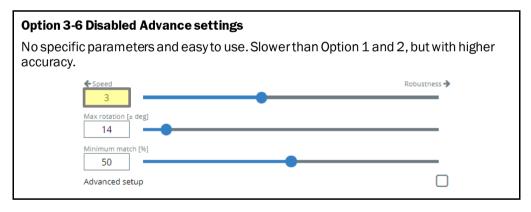


Figure 33 Option 3-6 Disabled Advanced settings

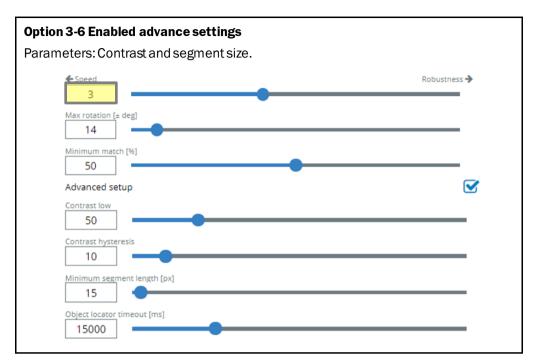


Figure 34 Option 3-5 Enabled Advance settings

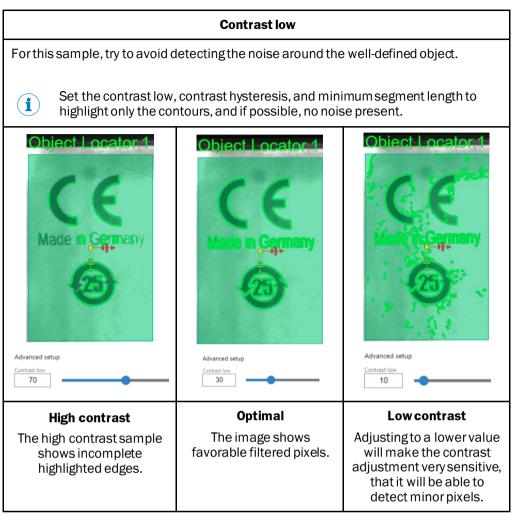


Figure 35 Contrast low

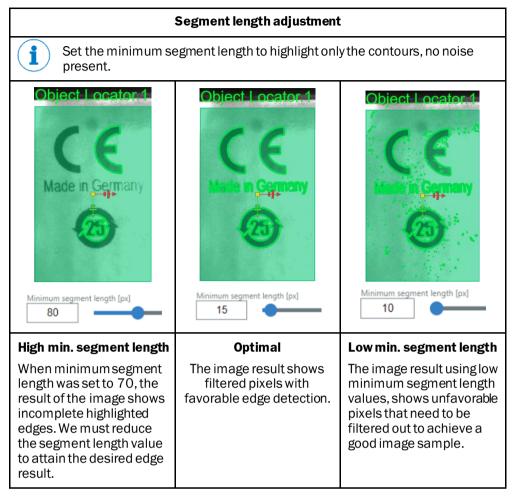


Figure 36 Segment length adjustment

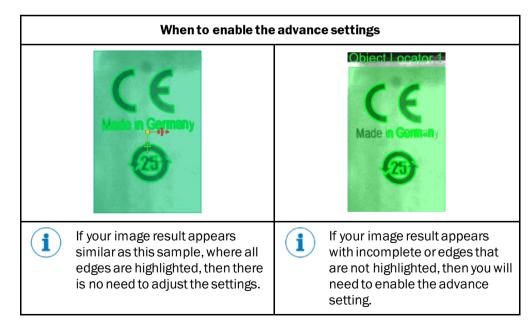


Figure 37.....Enabling the advanced settings

4.7.6 How to create the Object locator



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Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the Object locator settings tab.

Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the baper button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed to create the Object locator region as follows:

- 1. Click the + ADD LOCATOR button.
- 2. Select the applicable region shape.

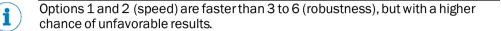
Region shape	
Rectangle	•
Rectangle	
Circle	
Ellipse	

3. Change the pointer to select.



4. Select + ADD SEARCH AREA to define the ROI, where the mark/object is most likely found (within the area) in the object locator.

- 5. Place the search area region shape on the desired region of interest.
- 6. Adjust the Speed/Robustness parameters and select the optimal locator detection. Select from the six Speed/Robustness parameter options in order to achieve the best results.



7. Adjust the maximum rotation. Increase the rotation value, it allows the locator to search in a different rotation $(+/-180^\circ)$, of the shape. But if set with no tolerance $(+/-0^\circ-1^\circ)$ then there is a higher chance for unfavorable results.



Always leave a favorable (robust) degree of freedom.

Maximum rotation
 <u>Max rotation [± deg]</u>



Minimum match





Figure 38 Favorable and unfavorable results of shape location

Match scenario example:

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If you experience a situation similar with the unfavorable image (where the object is found on a different location), you must increase the minimum match value or adjust the settings of Object locator.

Recommended values are around 80%.

You must adjust the match settings conservatively, in order to control the step-bystep adjustment.

- 8. When all adjusted settings are finalized, click the button to confirm.
- 9. Then, verify on the UI window if the shape is correctly highlighted.



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If a warning occurs, please try to adjust the settings again.



Figure 39 Teaching process failed

If an object is not found, try to decrease the downsample factor first, if Option 2 is being used. Moving to a higher speed/robustness option will most likely help.

If after adjusting the settings and the image result has not improved, then try to place the object locator onto a different area (object, symbol, drawing, etc.) of the image sample.



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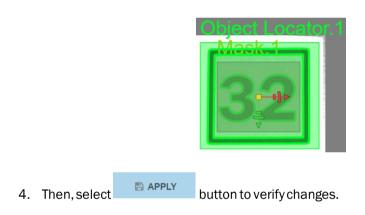
When the object locator sample is enclosed in a frame, you can utilize the **Mask region** function to define and identify the component inside the frame/borders. This action is most favorable in eliminating any changes in text or character print of the label sample.

4.7.7 Mask region

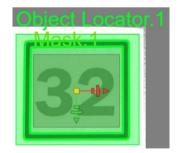
- 1. Click the + ADD MASK button. You may add additional mask if needed.
- 2. Select the applicable region shapes.

Region shape	
Rectangle	•
Rectangle	
Circle	
Ellipse	

3. Place the mask region shape inside the frame/borders.

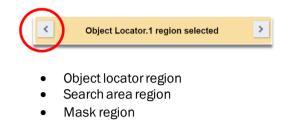


5. You will notice that the mask area will be subtracted from the selected area of the region.



4.7.8 How to remove a region in the Object locator

1. Select the region that needs to be removed by clicking on the relevant region shape or simply click the arrow.



- 2. Select the REMOVE REGION button.
- 3. Then, select the button to confirm changes.
- 4. You will notice that the selected region for removal will not be present.

4.8 OCR/OCV tab

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When enabling the OCR/OCV settings tab, you will be able to teach the selected OCR/OCV region.

Please be informed that correct character/numbers are alternately highlighted in green and aquamarine. Fully highlighted characters and color difference between two adjacent characters is prerequisite for a successful OCR/OCV result.

Required character dimensions

Please be informed that each character must be at least 16 x 16 pixels size (does not apply for dots and thin characters like "I"). We recommend the minimum height of each character around 50 px, for better performance.

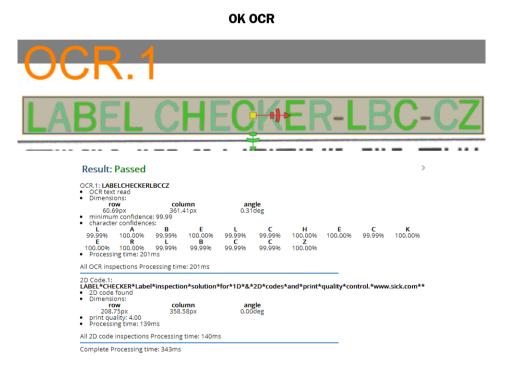






Figure 40 OCR/OCV OK & not OK results

4.8.1 Add OCR/OCV region

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Activating the "Add OCR/OCV region" button will enable you to set up the region parameters for OCR/OCV settings.

When teaching multiple-OCR region, you must highlight the desired OCR/OCV region shape, or select the region shape using the arrow keys, in order to adjust the selected region's parameters.



4.8.2 Region shape

Shape type is a geometric shape of a region and is placed where we execute a reading. The characters are identified within this shape region.

The supported shapes are as follows:

- Rectangle
- Circle
- Ellipse

4.8.3 Print type

The print type can be switched accordingly to the type of text and background color of printed label samples.

Black on white

Enable the black on white button mode, if the expected text is printed on a light-colored background.

White on black

Enable the white on black button mode, if the expected text is printed on a dark-colored background.

Is text on a single line?

Enable this feature if the character is read in single-line manner.

Is text on a single line

On

4.8.4 Thresholding method

Manual threshold

Sets the threshold in selecting the pixels, depending on their intensity (brightness). According to the option "White on black" or "Black on white", the lighter/darker pixels than the threshold will be selected.

Adjusting of hysteresis threshold will filter out any pixels with undesirable intensity.

All pixel of a region fulfills the condition and are kept as potential characters. This method is not suitable for changing the light condition, only for stable light condition.

• Threshold (intensity) – The manual threshold selects the pixels from the input image, whose gray values are lower than the selected threshold.

Local threshold

The local threshold segments an image to smaller parts according to the set mask size and adjust the threshold for each segment dynamically. Automatically determines the threshold for each pixel from OCR/OCV region based on its surroundings:

Mask size x Mask size

 Local threshold mask size - Size of neighborhood in which the local threshold is calculated.

Auto threshold

The auto threshold segments an image determined from its histogram. The threshold level automatically adjusts the contrast between the characters, the background, including each character (locally). Threshold computation is based on the entire OCR/OCV region.

Changing the character surroundings affects the value of the threshold.

Enabling the auto threshold will automatically adjust the settings. You only need to click the capture image.



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You will notice that when the Auto threshold is selected, the threshold slider will be invisible and you will not be able to adjust the threshold.

The auto threshold can be slower in reading, but highly recommended for inconsistent image samples and complicated backgrounds.

4.8.5 Maximum mismatch

Used for a number ("n") of letters where recognition can fail. The evaluation will be still considered OK unless the result of another setting prevents it.

- If OCV is selected, verification of "n" letters can fail.
- If the minimum confidence is enabled, "n" letters can have lesser confidence than minimum.
- If both options were selected, then "n" letter can fail due to verification/confidence or both.

Highlights of results:

Green – enough confidence.

Red - with sufficient confidence, but does not match to specific pattern.

* - If confidence is low.

If **OCV** option is selected and the minimum confidence option is enabled, then the result of inspection is OK, if the number of uncertain recognized characters is lesser or equal than the maximum mismatch.

If **OCR** option is selected and the minimum confidence option is enabled, then the result of inspection is OK, if the number of uncertain recognized characters is lesser or equal to the maximum mismatch.

An "uncertain" recognized character, is a character which does not match the expected character or a character recognized with lesser confidence than minimum confidence.



Inspection fails, if the number of "uncertain" read characters is greater than the maximum mismatch.

4.8.6 Specify number of characters

The value of the desired 1D code characters can be set or changed simply through adjusting the slider.

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4.8.7 CRC (Cyclic Redundancy Check)

A cyclic redundancy check (CRC) is an error-detecting code commonly used in digital networks and storage devices to detect accidental changes to raw data. Blocks of data (sting of characters) entering these systems get a short check value attached, based on the remainder of a polynomial division of their contents. On retrieval, the calculation is repeated to verify if the string is recognized correctly.

CRC check and standards:

- SEMIM12-0998E
- PSA
- AUTOSAR CRC 8 SAE-J1850

CRC	
Not computed	T
Not computed	И
SEMI M12-0998E	
PSA	
AUTOSAR CRC8 SAE-J1850	

Figure 41 CRC check and standards

4.8.8 Font

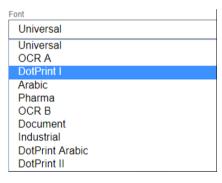


Figure 42 Font types

The selections for pre-defined standard fonts are as follows:

Industrial

Fonts samples such as: Arial, OCR-B, sans-serif, sans serif, gothic, or simply sans. Letterform which does not have extending features called serifs at the end of strokes.

ARIAL GOTHIC SANS SERIF SERIF

Document

Fonts of monospaced typefaces such as: Courier, Arial, as well as, serif typeface Times new roman.

Courier Arial Times

Dot Print

Digits and text created from sequential dots.



Pharma

Standard fonts used for pharmaceutical and medical packaging solutions.



OCR – A

Monospaced fonts (American) with thick strokes to form recognizable characters.



OCR – B

Monospaced natural fonts (European fonts) with thick strokes to form recognizable characters.



Arabic numbers

Standard monotype Arabic numbers.

European	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Arabic-Indic	•	١	۲	٣	٤	٥	٦	٧	٨	٩

Character type 4.8.9

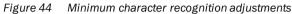
í

All characters Numbers 0-9 Letters A - Z Predefined sequence Figure 43 Character types All Characters – All characters and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ1234567890). All Characters – All characters and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ1234567890). Only numbers – Strictly numbers and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ). Only letters A-Z - Only letters and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ). Predefined sequence - Text input of specify string. o Specific string few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character election. //hen the predefined sequence is enabled, the specific string sample must be a ccording to following rule: A = Capital letter * = Any character 1 = Number Specify String: 'A' Capital letter. '1' Number. '*' Any character A			
Numbers 0-9 Letters A - Z Predefined sequence Figure 43 Character types • All Characters - All characters and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ1234567890). • Only numbers - Strictly numbers and punctuation are read (12345678 • Only letters A-Z - Only letters and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ). • Only letters A-Z - Only letters and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ). • Predefined sequence - Text input of specify string. • Specific string few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character /hen the predefined sequence is enabled, the specific string sample must be a coording to following rule: A = Capital letter * = Any character 1 = Number Specify String: 'A' Capital letter, '1' Number, '* Any character			
Letters A - Z Predefined sequence Figure 43 Character types • All Characters – All characters and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ1234567890). • Only numbers – Strictly numbers and punctuation are read (12345678 • Only letters A-Z - Only letters and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ). • Predefined sequence - Text input of specify string. • Specific string few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character coording to following rule: A = Capital letter * = Any character 1 = Number Specify String: 'A' Capital letter, '1' Number, '*' Any character			
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 Only letters A-Z - Only letters and punctuation are read (ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ). Predefined sequence - Text input of specify string. Specific string few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character Then the predefined sequence is enabled, the specific string sample must be a coording to following rule: A = Capital letter X = Any character Number 			
(ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ). • Predefined sequence - Text input of specify string. • Specific string few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character election. //hen the predefined sequence is enabled, the specific string sample must be a ccording to following rule: A = Capital letter *= Any character 1 = Number	•	Only numbers – Strictly numbers and punctuation are read (12345)	5789
 Predefined sequence - Text input of specify string. Specific string few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character cording to following rule:	•		
 Specific string few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character then the predefined sequence is enabled, the specific string sample must be a coording to following rule: A = Capital letter * = Any character 1 = Number 		(ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVWXYZ).	
 Specific string few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character then the predefined sequence is enabled, the specific string sample must be a coording to following rule: A = Capital letter * = Any character 1 = Number 	•	Predefined sequence - Text input of specify string.	
few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character few font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Character then the predefined sequence is enabled, the specific string sample must be a coording to following rule: A = Capital letter *= Any character 1 = Number Specify String: 'A' Capital letter, '1' Number, '*' Any character			
A = Capital letter *= Any character 1 = Number			
/hen the predefined sequence is enabled, the specific string sample must be a ccording to following rule: A = Capital letter *= Any character 1 = Number Specify String: 'A' Capital letter, '1' Number, '*' Any character	A few f	font packages such as Pharma or customized fonts do not support Cha	arac
ccording to following rule: A = Capital letter * = Any character 1 = Number Specify String: 'A' Capital letter, '1' Number, '*' Any character		ion	
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1 = Number Specify String: 'A' Capital letter, '1' Number, '*' Any character	selecti		
Specify String: 'A' Capital letter, '1' Number, '*' Any character	When)e arı
	When	ding to following rule:	
	When	ding to following rule: A = Capital letter * = Any character	
	When	ding to following rule: A = Capital letter * = Any character 1 = Number	

4.8.10 Minimum confidence

Each letter is recognized with a probability; it describes the similarity between its patterns, as well as read letter. You can adjust the minimum characters confidence [%] to reject letters with low match.

Minimum Co	Minimum Confidence for Character Recognition					
Minimum chara	cters confidence [%]					
50						



Using this feature with font packages (document, industrial, etc.) containing multiple fonts has lower confidence reliability, via comparison with multiple variants of the same character. A decrease of confidence can also occur with similar characters such as "O" and "O" (zero).

4.8.11 Reading type

OCR

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OCR reads a text string and is capable to read poor quality and damaged text. Use the OCR type, when you only need to read the text string sample.

Character recognition

OCV

The OCV (optical character verification) reads a text string, as well as comparing the previously taught-in text with the text found on the object.

Use the OCV type, when the text string sample is already known, and to validate the legibility of the text.

Character verification

4.8.12 Expected text counter

Keep value

The expected text value will be the same.

Increment

After one iteration (trigger pulse) the expected text value will be increased by one (+1), respectively.

Decrement

After one iteration (trigger pulse) the expected text value will be decreased by one (-1), respectively.

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4.8.13 Types of image filter

Emphasize – Choose this feature to enhance the contrast of the image/text and emphasizes high frequency areas of the image (edges and corners). The resulting image will appear sharper.

#	Image filter		Parameters					
1	Emphasize		Width: 7, Height: 7, Factor: 1					
Filter								
En	nphasize					•		
Width	1 [px]		Height [px]		Factor			
7		^	7	^	1			
		Fi	gure 45 Emphasize	- Image fil	ter			

Illuminate – Choose this feature to illuminate the image. Very dark parts of the image will be more illuminated, very light ones will be "darkened".

- Filter mask height adjusted height of the image.
- Filter mask width adjusted width of the image.
- Filter mask factor filtered multiplicative light.

#	Image filter	P	arameters	
Filter				
Illur	ninate			•
Width [p 7	[xc	Height [px] 7	Factor 1	•

Figure 46 Illuminate - Image filter

Shock filter – Choose this feature to apply a shock filter into the input image to sharpen the edges contained in it.

- Theta time step
- Mode type of edge detector

List of values:

- o Lap lace
- o Canny
- Sigma smoothing of edge detector
- Iterations number of iterations

#	Image filter		Paramete	ers	
Filter					
Sh	ock filter				•
Theta		Mode	Sigma	Iterations	
0.5		Laplace	▼ 1	2	

Figure 47 Shock filter - Image filter

Erosion w/ rectangle mask - erodes a region with a rectangular structuring element.

- Width width of a rectangle structuring element.
- Height height of the rectangle structuring element.

# Im	age filter	Parameters
Filter		
Erosio	n with rectangle ma	ask 🔹
Width [px] 7	• •	Height [px]
	Figure 48	Erosion with rectangle mask -Image filter

 Image filter
 Parameters

 Filter
 Dilation with rectangle mask

 Width [px]
 T
 Figure 49
 Dilation with rectangle mask - Image filter
 Dilation with rectangle mask - Image filter

Dilation with rectangle mask - dilates a region with a rectangular structuring element.

Erosion with circle mask - erodes a region with a rectangular structuring element.

#	Image filter	Parameters
Filter		
Ere	osion with circle mask	•
Radiu: 3.5	s [px]	
	Figure 50	Erosion with circle mask - Image filter

Dilation with circle mask - dilates a region with a circular structuring element.

#	Image filter	Parameters	
Filter			
Dil	ation with circle mask		•
Radius	5 [px]		
3.5	▲ ▼		

Figure 51 Dilation with circle mask - Image filter

4 GETTING STARTED

4.8.14 How to manage the image filters

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Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the Image filters settings.

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Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

!

We need to utilize all image filters from the list in a given order, before the character recognition process. The image filter serves as enhancement for the image/text.

Proceed as follows to Add filter:

1. Select the applicable filter:

Image filter	Parameters	
ilter		
Shock filter		
Dilation with circle mask		
Dilation with rectangle mask		
Erosion with circle mask		
Erosion with rectangle mask		
Emphasize		
Illuminate		
Shock filter		

Figure 52 Image filters - Parameters

- 2. Apply the necessary parameter values for your selected filter type. Please refer to <u>subsection 4.8.15</u> to know which type of image filter parameter to use.
- 3. Select the + ADD FILTER button.

4.	Then click the	🖺 APPLY	button.

5. Afterwards, the selected filter type and adjustments will be displayed.



Proceed as follows to Modify filter:

1. Highlight the filter type to be modified.



- 2. Apply the necessary adjustments.
- MODIFY FILTER 3. Then click the button. 4. Afterwards, select the button to confirm changes.

Proceed as follows to Remove filter:

2.

3.

1. Select the image filter to be removed

	0		
#	Image Filter	Paramete	rs
1	Circle dilation	Radius:	6.5
2	Erosion	Width: 6	, Height: 7
Clic	k the 🗎 R	EMOVE FILTE	R button.
Tho	n, select the	🖺 APPLY	
			button to confirm

button to confirm changes.

4 GETTING STARTED

4.8.15 How to utilize each image filter



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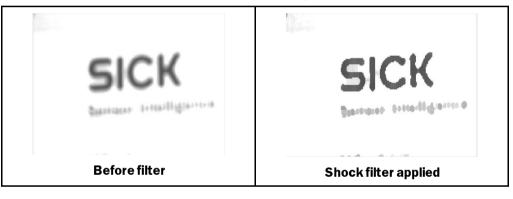
Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access on how to adjust the filter settings.

Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Filter setting types:

1. Image filters - These filters affect the image before the OCR reading starts.



• Shock filter - Sharpens a defocused image.

Figure 53 Shock filter

• Emphasize filter - Enhances image contrast.

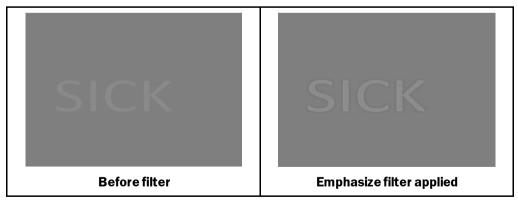
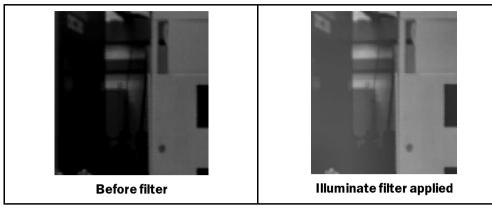


Figure 54 Emphasize filter



• Illuminate filter - Enhances detail in bright and dark regions.

Figure 55 Illuminate filter

- 2. **Region filters** affects the thresholded region (highlighted pixels in the region).
 - Erosion such filter erodes thresholded regions. Makes the region smaller and can disconnect some bigger areas and clears smaller areas, e.g. salt & pepper noise.

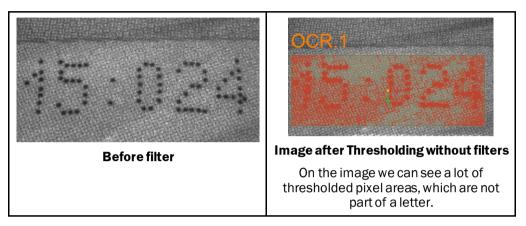


Figure 56 Region filter

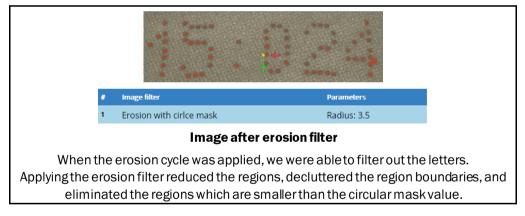


Figure 57 Image after Erosion filter

• Dilation filter - Such filter dilates thresholded regions. Makes regions bigger and can connect closely placed regions.

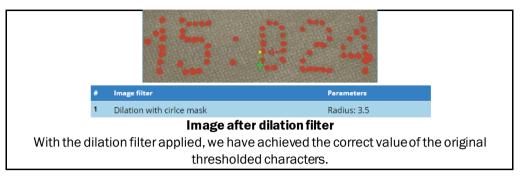


Figure 58 Image after Dilation with circle mask

You can create the opening filter by adding erosion filter followed by dilation filter using the same structuring element for both operations.

• **Open** eliminates foreground features smaller than the structuring element, smoothed contours, suppresses small features in the image, and removes sharp protrusions of shapes.



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You can create the closing filter by adding dilation filter followed by erosion filter using the same structuring element for both operations.

• **Close** eliminates background features smaller than the structuring element, and blocks up narrow channels in shapes.

4.8.16 How to teach the OCR/OCV region



Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the OCR/OCV settings tab.

 (\mathbf{i})

Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you press the button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Please proceed as follows:

3.

- 1. Click the + ADD OCR/OCV REGION button.
- 2. Select the region shape.

	Region shape		-	
	Rectangle	•		
	Rectangle			
	Circle			
	Ellipse			
Adjust	the region sha	ape usingt	he 🕨	pointer.

4. Drag the region shape within the desired ROI.



Once the region is on its position, we highly recommend to first specify the suitable Character segmentation, followed by threshold and Image filter setup, before setting up any minor OCR/OCV setting adjustments.

- 5. Select the reading type:
 - OCR
 - OCV

6. When OCV is selected, choose the expected text and insert the expected character/text (exact text) that is printed on the label sample.

Keep value		Increment	Decrement
Expected text			
Enter expected text			
Maximum mismatch			
0			
	Figure 59	Expected text counter	

Wildcards

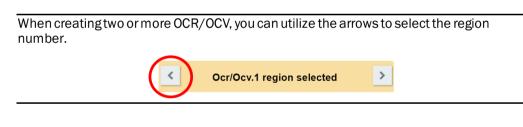
You may also use wildcards in the expected text counter. Wildcards can be also used when the expected text is sent from the external device (PLC).

E.g., A[B;0]1234[5-6] can be used to read as OK text AB12345 and A012346. When [] is entered in the expected text field, notification about correct syntax is displayed.

The following image works for "SICK" text sample:

Character recognition	on Cha	Character verification	
Expected text counter			
Keep value	Increment	Decrement	
Expected text			
[F;S]I[A-C;0-9][K]			
Maximum mismatch			
0			

Figure 60 SICK text sample



7. Select the suitable **character segmentation** type, and adjust the applicable settings.

Separated characters – Fastest character algorithm, ideal for text with sufficient letter spacing.

		Dilation height [px] 1	• •
Character width [px]	2000	Character height [px]	2000
Figure 61	Separated chara	cters setting	





The Dilation height must be increased carefully, if there are more lines read.

Semi-connected - Fast algorithm with the ability to divide touching/adjacent characters. Correct setting of minimum and maximum character width is necessary for proper operation.

Character stroke width			
Medium			•
Punctuation	Off	Diacritic marks	Off
Partition method			
Variable width			•
Fragment distance			
Medium			•
Maximum clutter size			
0			
Character width [px]	2000	Character height [px]	2000
Figure 62 Ser	ni-connected cha	racters setting	

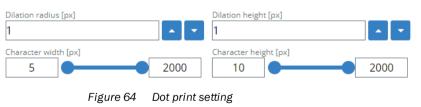
Connected characters - Slow algorithm, only suitable when other method cannot resolve it.



Figure 63 Connected characters settings



- Faster segmentation method. Use the dilation radius and height (dilation filter with circle mask) to connect the dots in order to create a character. The effect of this filter will not be visible on the screen.





Please refer to <u>subsection 4.8.174.8.17</u> on <u>how to select and adjust each character</u> <u>segmentation type</u>.

8. Now, select the most favorable image filter for your label sample.

Please refer to the subsection 4.8.14 on How to manage the image filters.

9. Enable the Type of print.

i

- Black on white
- White on black
- 10. If applicable, enable if text on single line.

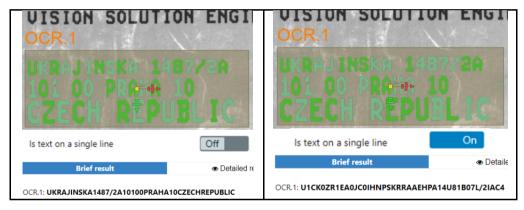


Figure 65 Is text on a single line - enable/disable

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- 11. Specify the following Thresholding method:
 - Auto threshold No parameters; easy to use. The Auto threshold is highly recommended for inconsistent sample text and complicated backgrounds. Although it will take some time during reading. Auto threshold works the same way as local threshold and automatically calculates mask size.
 - Local threshold Calculates the threshold on the areas, depending on the local threshold Mask size. Best used for samples with background of various shades.



Figure 66 Local threshold

Manual threshold - Usually the fastest method. Best used for character/numeral samples with same/constant background/character shade.

LABEL CHECKER-LBC-CZ

Figure 67 Manual threshold

12. Choose the applicable character font.

Font
Universal
Universal
OCR A
DotPrint I
Arabic
Pharma
OCR B
Document
Industrial
DotPrint Arabic
DotPrint II

13. Select the character type.

Character type	
Predefined sequence	•
All characters	
Numbers 0-9	
Letters A-Z	
Predefined sequence	

• When the Predefined sequence is selected, then you can fill-in the exact character sequence of the image sample.

Specify String: 'A' Capital letter, '1' Number, '*' Any character
A

14. Enable the minimum confidence for character recognition, and adjust the minimum character confidence, if applicable.

Minimum confidence for character recognition			On
Minimu	m chara	acters confidence [%]	
5	0		

15. Set the maximum mismatch, if applicable;



17. Afterwards, check the results in the Inspection result window.

Remove OCR/OCV region

You will be able to remove an existing OCR region by selecting the region that needs to be eliminated and afterwards clicking the remove region button.

Existing OCR region can be removed by performing the following:

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Select the region that needs to be deleted.
- 2. Click REMOVE REGION button.
- 3. Then select the BAPPLY button to confirm.

4.8.17 How to select and adjust each type of Character segmentation

!

Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the Character segmentation settings.



Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the BAPPLY button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

There are four types of Character segmentation:

- Separated Characters
- Semi-connected Characters
- Connected Characters
- Dot print

Separate Character

LABEL CHECKER-LBC-CZ

Used for character/numeral samples with a visible gap between each two consecutive characters. The fastest method.

• Dilation height

Increases the area of highlighted pixels in vertical axis



Character width

Filters out all characters with different width or height.



• Character height

Influences the minimum and maximum height of the dot/fragment.



Proceed as follows:

1. Select the type of character segmentation.

Separated characters

2. Adjust the dilation height, if applicable.



3. Then, adjust the character width & height.





The character height and width can be measured in two ways:

- Using the arrow tool When you place the arrow tool on the character, the coordinates will show and you can calculate moving the mouse from the right side of the characters to the left side.
- Using blob tool Highlight the characters and it will tell you the size of the characters.

SEPARATED CHARACTERS SCENARIO EXAMPLE

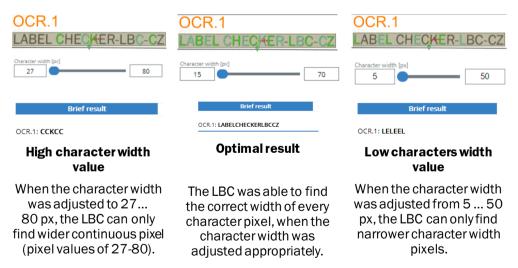


Figure 68 Separated characters scenario examples

Semi-connected

LABEL CHECKER

Characters that are adjacent to each other.

- **Character width and height** is the most important setting of semiconnected algorithm, adjust these parameters to make the separation successful.
- Characterstrokewidth

Specifies the stroke width of the text. It is used to calculate internally used mask sizes to determine the characters. These mask sizes are also influenced through Dot print, the average Character width, and Character height parameters.

Punctuation

When this feature is enabled, the Label Checker will detect the punctuation marks, e.g. ".", ":", ",", etc., otherwise when disabled it will be suppressed.

• Diacritic marks

When this feature is enabled, the Label Checker will detect diacritic marks, e.g. â, é, ö, etc., otherwise when disabled it will be suppressed.

Partition method

Using this parameter, you can specify to separate neighboring characters that are printed close to each other, or partly merged characters.

Fragment distance

 $This \ parameter \ influences the \ connection \ of \ the \ character \ fragments.$

• Maximum clutter size

This parameter is used if the extracted characters contain clutter, i.e., small regions near the actual symbols.

• Character width

Filters out all characters with different width or height.

• Character height

 $Influences the minimum and maximum height of the \ dot/fragment.$

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the type of character segmentation.

Semi-connected

2. Select the type of character stroke width.

Character stroke width	
Medium	•
Ultra light	
Light	
Medium	
Bold	

3. Enable the following button, if punctuation or diacritic marks are present on the character sample.

Punctuation	On	Diacritic marks	On

4. Select the type of partition width.

Partition method	
Variable width	•
Fixed width	
Variable width	
None	

5. Select the type of fragment distance.

Fragment distance	
Medium	•
Narrow	
Medium	
Wide	

6. Adjust the maximum clutter size.



7. Then, adjust the character width and height. This step is mandatory for proper segmentation of characters.



SEMI-CONNECTED CHARACTERS WIDTH EXAMPLE			
OCR.1 ABLE ABE CHECKER Character width [pr] 5 200	OCR.1 LABLELABEECHECKER	OCR.1 ABLELABENCHECKER Character width [px] 5 20	
Wide width	Default value	Narrow width	
Brief result	Brief result	Brief result	
OCR.1: @V4@@	OCR.1: -	OCR.1: L/%%4E3LEL/1VE3I5LUC0DF4E(0DK:EF7	
The brief result only shows five read characters. Since the character width was adjusted to 200 pixels, then the LBC is only trying to read the specified character width value of 200 px.		The LBC is only reading the character width up to 20 pixels. The character width value is too low that the LBC was not able to read a favorable result.	

Figure 69 Semi-connected characters width examples

Semi-connected character scenario sample: When segmenting characters/numerals that are almost connected/entirely connected, it very important to specify the following:

- Characterstrokewidth
- Partition method
- Fragment distance
- Character width and height

The following sample shows the character width and height with the same value, but with different Partition, distance, and stroke width values. You will be able to set the optimal result of the label sample, if you will try to establish the correct or the nearest value of the character/number pixel x, y.

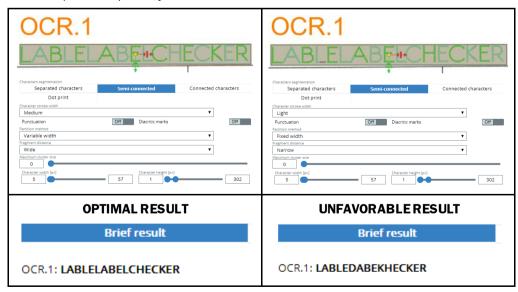


Figure 70 Character width and height examples

Connected characters

0012345678901234567890123456789

Used for Character/numeral samples that are connected to each other. It is the slowest method.

• Minimum contrast (intensity)

Defines the minimum contrast between the text and the background

Character width

The first value is the average width of a character. The second is the minimum width of a character, and the third is the maximum width of a character. The operating entity can only set the minimum and maximum width, the average is adjusted automatically.

• Characterheight

The first value is the average height of a character. The second is the minimum height of a character, and the third is the maximum height of a character. Customer can only set the minimum and maximum height, the average is adjusted automatically.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the type of character segmentation.

Connected characters

2. Adjust the minimum contrast.



3. Adjust the character width and height.



CONNECTED CHARACTERS SEGMENT SAMPLE			
Character width [px] 60	Character width [px] 5	Character width [px]	
Segments are too wide	Default value	Segments are too narrow	
Brief result	Brief result	Brief result	
OCR.1: W134%R91012%567N0134%M9	OCR.1: -	OCR.1: C)3:R3L1:)4I91123)4:E9	

Figure 71 Connected character examples

Connected characters scenario example: The LBC was not successful in achieving a favorable result, by only adjusting the character width. You will notice on the next semiconnected segmentation sample, in order to segment the "00"connected numbers, the **partition method** was adjusted to **Fixed Width** in order to specify the numeral's width measurement type.



Figure 72 Connected character scenario examples

LABEL CHECKER LBC

Dot print - Used specifically for dot print character/numeral samples.

• Dilation radius

Enlarges each dot to join them together into a character. Too high number join all letters together into one. Too low number splits one letter to two separate segments.

• Dilation height

Enlarges the dots along the letter height direction. Thus, the diacritic mark is connected to a corresponding letter.

• Character width

Filters out all characters with different width or height.

• Character height

Influences the minimum and maximum height of the dot/fragment.



There is a difference between dilation in Dot Print algorithm settings and in image filters. **Dot Print algorithm**

The dilation parameter in Dot Print algorithm is used for proper segmentation of the characters and does not affect the image sent to the reading algorithm.

Image filter

The dilation for image filter affects the highlighted pixels, and are sent to the algorithm.

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Proceed as follows:

1. Select the type of character segmentation.



2. Adjust the dilation radius and height, if applicable.



3. Then, adjust the character width and height.



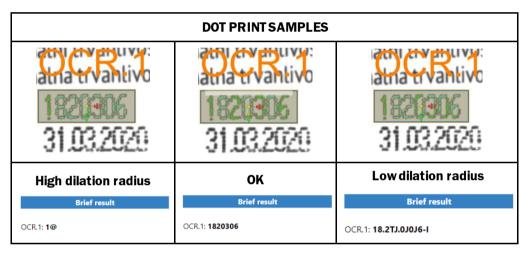


Figure 73 Dot print scenario examples

Dilation height (Dot Print)			
natha trvantivos	atha trvantivo		
1820306	1820306 31,03,2020		
Brief result	Brief result		
OCR.1: 1820306	OCR.1: 001234567891134578912346789		
OK dilation height	Low dilation height		

Figure 74 Dilation height OK/not OK – Dot print

4.9 1D code

When this feature is enabled, you can teach the camera to read a text sample for onedimensional or linear codes (bar codes).

<	1	D Code.1 region sele	ected	>
Region shape				
Rectangle				•
REMOVE REGIO	Ν	+ ADD 1D CODE REG	BION	+ ADD 2D CODE REGION
		Figure 75 1D c	code	2

4.9.1 1D code types

Auto Code type – this feature will automatically determine the type of code, when the Apply button is enabled.

Auto code type	$\mathbf{\mathbf{S}}$	
1D Code type		
Code 128	\sim	

Pharma code

GS1 128

.

.

The Label Checker supports an extensive list of 1D/linear code type:

- 2/5 Industrial
 EAN-13
- 2/5 Interleaved EAN-8
- Codabar

•

- Code 39
- Code 93
 GS1 various types
- Code 32
 MSI
 - UPC-A, UPC-E Auto



When the Auto 1D code type detection is selected, the camera will automatically find the desired sample.

Please be informed that using the auto mode will consume more reading time in comparison with selecting the specific 1D code types.

4.9.2 Inverted

The Inverted mode is used to read inverse 1D/linear codes, where black and white colors of 1D Code components are switched.

4.9.3 Specify number of characters

The value of the desired 1D code characters can be set or changed simply through adjusting the slider.



4.9.4 Quality check

Inspects the print quality of 1D/2D code. The result can be affected by external influences such as ambient light, reflections, etc., so it is necessary to ensure stable and the best possible conditions for reliable quality recognition.

Minimum quality required

Equivalent to OCR/OCV minimum confidence. If the quality check was enabled, then the printing quality of read 1D code is determined and compared to the required minimum quality. Higher printing quality presents positive result.

4.9.5 1D code reading type



Figure 76 Type of 1D code reading

Code recognition

Use code recognition when you only need to read the code.

Code verification

Use code verification when the code is already known, and you only need to validate the legibility.

If the code verification is selected, then you can select whether the expected text is kept or decreased/increased by one, after one inspection is executed. The expected text must be a number; when increasing or decreasing the value.

When the Code Verification is selected, then the expected text is matched to a recognized (read) text.

If the expected text is equal to read text, then the result of the inspection is positive, otherwise negative.

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4.9.6 Expected text change

Keep value

The expected 1D code value will stay the same.

Increment

After one iteration (trigger pulse) the expected 1D code value will be increased by one (+1), respectively.

Decrement

After one iteration (trigger pulse) the expected 1D code value will be decreased by one (-1), respectively.

4.9.7 1D code expected text

The expected 1D code must be inserted according to the exact character/text printed on the label sample.

4.9.8 How to read 1D code



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Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the 1D code settings tab.

Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the BAPPLY button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Select + ADD 1D CODE REGION button.
- 2. Choose the region shape.

Rectangle	
Rectarigie	•
Rectangle	
Circle	
Ellipse	

3. A blue region shape with label 1D Code. # will appear over the reference image.



4. Drag the 1D code region shape (blue) onto the desired region of interest.



- 5. Select the 1D code reading type.
 - Code recognition
 - Code verification
- 6. If code verification is selected:
 - Select the type of expected text change.
 - Fill in the exact 1D code expected text, of what is printed on the label sample.
- 7. Select the required 1D code type.





When the auto mode is selected, the camera will automatically find the desired 1D code type. Please observe that using the auto mode will consume more reading time, compared to directly selecting the specific 1D code type.

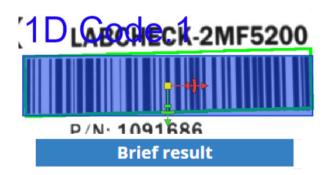
8. If applicable, adjust the value for the specify number of 1D code characters.



9.	If applicable, enable the inverted feature for label samples of inverse 1D/ linear
	codes.

	Inverted	On	
10. If applical	ble, enable the Quality check and adjust	the require	ed minimum quality.
	Quality check <u>Minimum quality required</u>	(Dn
	0		
11. When all a	adjusted settings are finalized, click the	🖺 APPLY	button to confirm.

12. Afterwards, check the results in the Inspection result window.



1D Code.1: 109168618300148

4.10 2D code

When the 2D code is activated, you can teach the camera to read a text sample for twodimensional codes.

<	2	D Code.1 region selected	>
Region shape Rectangle			T
		+ ADD 1D CODE REGION	+ ADD 2D CODE REGION
		Figure 77 2D code	

4.10.1 2D code type

Auto Code type - this feature will automatically determine the type of code, when the Apply button is enabled.

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The Label Checker supports the following 2D code type:

- Data Matrix ECC200 •
- Aztec Code •

QR code •

GS1 Data Matrix .

•

•

- Micro QR code .
- PDF417 •

GS1 QR code GS1 Aztec Code

4.10.2 Dot peening

Dot peening code are created from small dots.

- Threshold Locates the dots.
- Dilation mask width Dilates the rectangles from these dots to create a readable 2D code.
- Dilation filter reduces the following:
 - The holes that are enclosed in a single region
 - o The gaps between different regions
 - o The small intrusions into boundaries of a region are filled-in

4.10.3 Inverted

The Inverted mode is used for inverse 2D codes.

4.10.4 Specific number of characters

The value of the desired 2D code can be set or changed by adjusting the track bar.



4.10.5 Quality check

Determines how the printing quality for 1D/2D code is printed.

Minimum quality required

Equivalent to OCR/OCV minimum confidence. If the quality check was enabled, then the printing quality of read 2D code is determined and compared to the required minimum quality. Higher quality will present positive result.

4.10.6 2D code reading type

Code recognition

Use code recognition when you only need to read the code.

Code verification

Use code verification when the code is already known, and you only need to validate the legibility.

2D Code reading type

Code Recognition Code Verification

Figure 78 2D code reading type

4.10.7 Expected text change

Keep value

The expected 2D code value will remain the same.

Increment

After one iteration (trigger pulse) the expected 2D code value will be increased by one (+1), respectively.

Decrement

After one iteration (trigger pulse) the expected 2D code value will be decreased by one (-1), respectively.

4.10.8 2D code expected text

The expected 2D code must be inserted according to exact character/text printed on the label sample.

4.10.9 How to create 2D code



Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the 2D code settings tab.



Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the BAPPLY button.

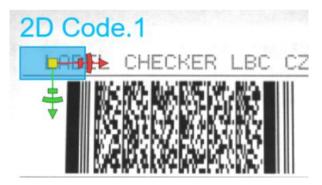
All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

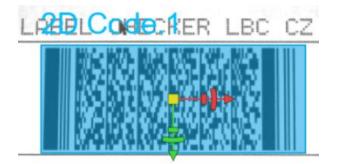
Proceed as follows:

- 1. Enable the + ADD 2D CODE REGION button.
- 2. Select the region shape.

Region shape			
Rectangle	•		
Rectangle			
Circle			
Ellipse			

3. Cyan region shape with label 2D code. # will appear over the reference image.





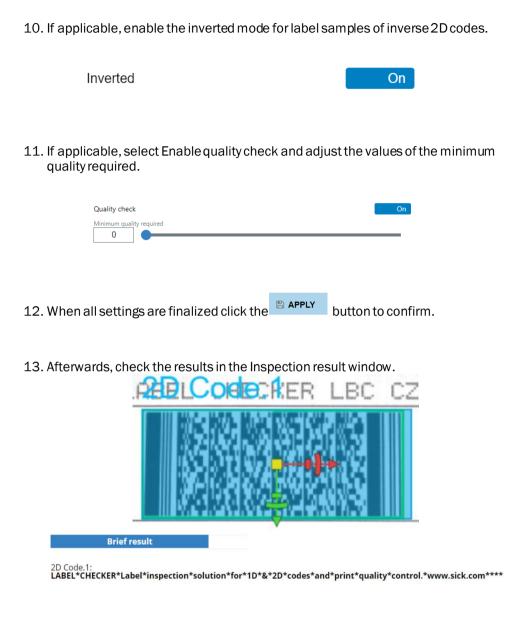
4. Drag the 2D region shape (Cyan) onto the desired region of interest.

- 5. Select the 2D code reading type.
 - Code recognition
 - Code verification
- 6. If code verification is selected:
 - Select the type of expected text change.
 - ► Fill in the 2D code expected text (the exact text encoded in the 2D code).
- 7. Select the required 2D code type.

2D code type			
PDF417			
Aztec Code			
Data Matrix ECC 200			
GS1 Aztec Code			
GS1 DataMatrix			
GS1 QR Code			
PDF417			
QR Code			
Micro QR Code			

- 8. Enable the dot peening, if applicable. Adjust the following settings:
 - Threshold
 - Dilation mask width
- 9. Adjust the slider for specify number of 2D code characters, if applicable.







When creating two or more 2D codes, you can utilize the arrows to select the region number.



4 GETTING STARTED

4.11 Other inspections

The Other inspections tab will allow you to adjust the following settings:

Pixel counter

• 2D measurement

Blob

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Pattern verification



Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the following settings:

- Pixel counter
- 2D measurement
- Pattern verification
- Blob



Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the BAPPLY button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

4.11.1 Pixel counter

Required intensity threshold

Sets the minimum and maximum pixel intensity.

Area ratio

Area coverage to be evaluated.

• Area ratio with required intensity

Area ratio [%] with required intensity specifies the range of coverage to be evaluated as OK.

Pixel count

Counts the number of pixels.

• Count of pixels with required intensity Pixel count with required intensity specifies the range of coverage to be evaluated as OK.

Please be informed that Green color highlight indicates that ROI is detected, and red indicates unfavorable ROI inspection.



Figure 79 Pixel counter inspection comparison

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Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the Pixel counter.

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Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the barry button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the applicable Inspection to Add.



- 2. Then, click the + ADD INSPECTION button.
- 3. Select the region shape.

Region shape	
Rectangle	•
Rectangle	
Circle	
Ellipse	

4. Pink colored region shape with label Pixel counter. # will appear over the reference image.



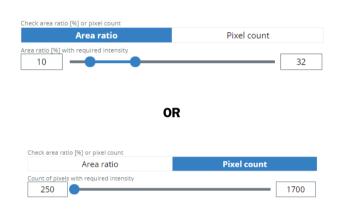
5. Place the pixel counter region shape (Pink) on the desired ROI.



6. Adjust the required pixel intensity.



8. Then adjust the area ratio with the required intensity or pixel count.



When the inspection result is highlighted with green, then the inspection is favorable.



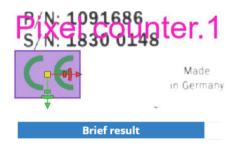
If the inspection result is highlighted in pink, then the inspection is unfavorable.



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10. Afterwards, check the results in the Inspection result window.



Pixel Counter.1: 1604px which is 18.62%

4.11.2 2D measurement

Edge length

You can filter out too short or too long edges.

Edge selection

- The longest contour longest contour/edgefound in the selected region.
- The most significant contour contour/edge with the greatest intensity gradient found in the selected region, where the biggest contrast is found between the edge and the background.
- The contour closest to the opposite region The algorithm finds the one with the shortest distance to the opposite region center.
- The contour farthest to the opposite region The algorithm finds the one with the longest distance to the opposite region center.
- The contour farthest to the opposite region The algorithm finds the one with the longest distance to the opposite region center.

Real distance

When this feature is enabled you can measure the distance between two parallel lines' edges, in order to measure the real dimensions. Such as; box, rectangle, postal markings, etc.

Advanced setup

- Edge threshold hysteresis-filters out the edges with too high or too low contrast (intensity gradient).
- Check distance Checks the dimensions of the object, such as box, rectangle, postal markings, etc.
- Right angle distance

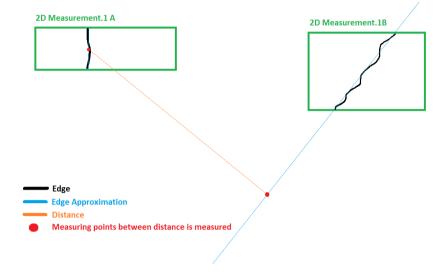


Figure 80 2D Measurement – Advanced setup

Euclidean distance

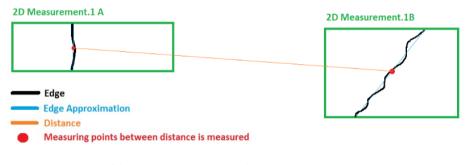


Figure 81 Euclidean distance - 2D Measurement



If the measured object is off-range from the required settings (minimum/maximum distance and tolerance), then the inspection fails, otherwise passed.

!

Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the 2D measurement.



Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the BAPPLY button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the applicable Inspection to Add.

2D Measurement	
Pixel Counter	
2D Measurement	
Pattern Verification	
Blob	

- 2. Then, click the + ADD INSPECTION button.
- 3. Select the region shape

Region shape	
Rectangle	
Rectangle	
Circle	
Ellipse	

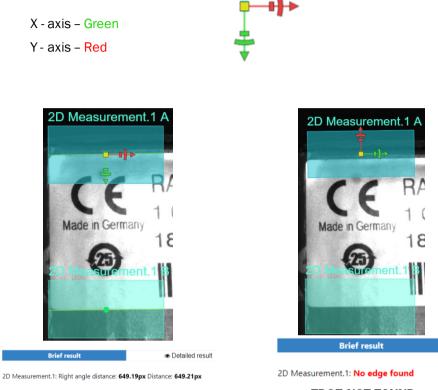
3. Two aquamarine colored region shape with 2D Measurement. # A and 2D Measurement. # B, will be displayed over the reference image.





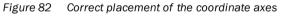


4. You must place each of the x axis (green highlight) horizontally on the desired edge for measurement. You have achieved a favorable result, if both x-axis lines are highlighted in green (edge found).



EDGE FOUND

EDGE NOT FOUND





Each green arrow must be perpendicular to the edge of interest. If the y axis (red highlight) is placed on the edge to be measured, then it will produce unfavorable result (no edge found).

5. Select one of the 2D measurement regions to be adjusted, by highlighting the region shape or click the arrows.



6. Set the necessary adjustments for the following settings:

Edge length [px 50 Edge selection	•		1000
The longe	est		•
• E	dge length dge selection The longest The longest The most significant The closest to the second region The farthest to the second region	•	

7. Enable the real distance, if applicable.

Real distance

	Off

8. For advanced setup, adjust and enable the following settings:

Advanced setup	
Edge threshold hysteresis	40
Check right angle distance	On
28	32
Check euclidean distance	On
28	32

- Edge threshold setup
- Check right angle distance
- Check Euclidean distance

9. When all adjustments are finalized, click the button to confirm.

10. Then, check the results in the Inspection result window.



If one of the 2D Measurement regions is removed, then the second region will also be removed automatically.

4.11.3 Pattern verifier

Foreground color

Foreground color	
Dark	Light

- Dark dark structures on a light background are segmented.
- Light light structures on a light background are segmented.

Minimum match

Inspects the similarities between the inspected area and its pattern.

 Local threshold mask size – assist the segmentation to extract a foreground from an input image.

Threshold

Segments an image that filters out any pixels with undesirable intensity.

Threshold hysteresis

The hysteresis mode performs a hysteresis threshold operation on an image. Any pixel above the upper threshold will turn to white. The surrounding pixels are then searched recursively. If the values are greater than the lower threshold they will also turn to white, producing many fewer specks of white in the resulting image.

Minimum error area

This feature will filter-out lesser area value (lower than the specified minimum error area) of non-matching region and separated region. These regions will not be included when computing Match [%].

!

Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the Pattern verification.



Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the BAPPLY button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the applicable Inspection to Add.

Select inspection to add	
2D Measurement	•
Pixel Counter	
2D Measurement	
Pattern Verification	
Blob	

- 2. Then, click the + ADD INSPECTION button.
- 3. Dark green colored region shape will appear.



4. Place the Pattern verification polygon frame on the desired ROI to check the correct pattern from the original sample for comparison.



- 5. Set the necessary adjustments:
 - Foreground color



٠	Minimum match
	Minimum match [%]
•	Threshold
	Threshold
٠	Threshold hysteresis
	Threshold hysteresis
	30
•	Minimum error area
	Minimum error area [px]
	83



Adjust the local threshold, according to the desired highlighted pixel.

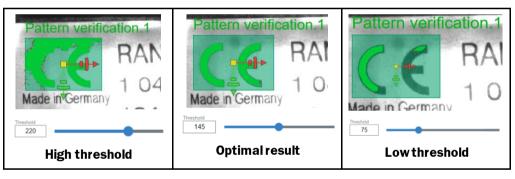


Figure 83 Threshold – Pattern verification

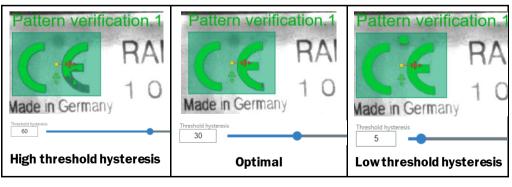


Figure 84 Threshold hysteresis - Pattern verification

- 8. When all adjustments are finalized, click the button to confirm.
- 9. Afterwards, you can check the results in the Inspection result window.



Pattern Verification.1: Match: 100.0%

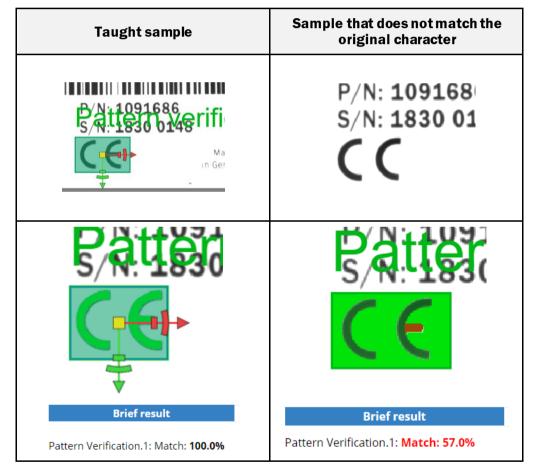


Figure 85 Match - Pattern verification

In some cases, the match can be lower than 100% right after teaching the reference. Such behavior is normal which is caused by the outer regions of the object, and if the match is not significantly lower, then it will not influence the functionality of the inspection.

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4.11.4 Blob

The camera identifies chunks of pixels with the similar gray values. Using this inspection, you can verify the number of objects with specified width, height, area, and/or send their position to external device.

Manual threshold

Sets the threshold in selecting the pixels, depending on their intensity (brightness). According to the selected Foreground color option, the lighter/darker pixels than the threshold will be selected.

Local threshold

The local threshold segments an image to smaller parts and adjust the threshold for each segment dynamically.

Auto threshold

The auto threshold segments an image determined from its histogram. The threshold level automatically adjusts the contrast between the objects and the background.

Foreground color

Dark

Dark structures on a light background are selected.



• Light

Light structures on a light background are selected.



Area, width, and height

Blob feature that filters the chunks of pixels according to set parameters.

Number of blobs

The expected count/number of blobs.

Fill holes

When this feature is enabled, the blob will fill the space inside the highlighted chunk of pixels.

Allow border blobs

When this feature is disabled, it removes all blobs touching the border of the inspection region (polygon).

When enabled, the blobs extending from the border of the region will also be processed.

Ascending/Descending

The detailed result can be documented/stored via output format or csv file. All Found blobs can be sorted in an ascending/descending manner, according to:

• Area

Position row

Height

Position column

Width

!

i

Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the Blob settings.

(\mathbf{i})

Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the BAPPLY button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed as follows:

1. Select the applicable Inspection to Add.



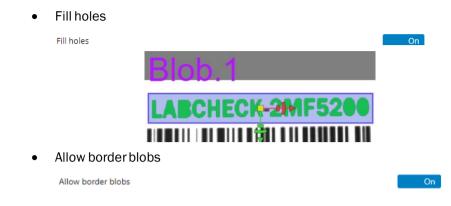
- 2. Then, click the + ADD INSPECTION button.
- 3. Purple region shape will appear.



- 4. Place the Blob inspection region shape on the desired ROI.
- 5. Select the threshold type:
 - Auto threshold
 - Local threshold
 - Manual threshold
- 6. Select the foreground color.
 - Dark
 - Light
- 7. Adjust the following settings:

•	Area	
	Area 10	640
•	Height	
	Height 10	30
•	Width	
	Width 10	28
•	Number of blobs	
	Number of blobs	15

8. Enable the following settings, if applicable:



(i)

The detailed result can be documented/stored via output format or csv file <u>4.12.4 Save</u> results to file. csv file. All found/identified blobs can be sorted in an ascending/descending manner, according to:

Sort by Area		•
	Ascending	Descending
Area		Position row
Height		Position column
Width		

9. When all settings are finalized, click the button to confirm changes.

10. Afterwards, check the results in the Inspection result window.



4.12 FTP setup

4.12.1 FTP client settings

FTP is a standard open protocol that is widely used to transport and receive files and stores images. FTP uses ports for communications, including encryption to protect the information being received and sent.

The FTP is used to upload camera images, and/or results in a text form to remote server.

SICK	
FTP	
InspectorP652 Flex	Status bar
3.1.0.28R 16480135	Save results to .csv file enabled
Device	🖺 APPLY
O Run	
	FTP Client setting
🖾 Image	How to save result
	Disabled •
Object Locator	Save result to .csv file On
A	CSV separator
A OCR	,
1D/2D Code	EXPORT RESULTS TO .CSV FILE IMMEDIATELY
1111 10720 COUC	IP address
• Other Inspections	192.168.0.2
	Port
📥 FTP	65535
	Username
	anonymous
	Password
Communication	•••••

Figure 86 FTP settings

Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the FTP setup settings.

(i

!

Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the batton.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Select the following features on how to save results, if applicable:
- Disabled

i

- Save only when inspection fails
- Save images and results
- Save results to .csv file

You may click the EXPORT RESULTS TO .CSV FILE IMMEDIATELY button whenever ready.

- 2. Set the IP address of the FTP server and the login information:
- IP address

.

• Username

Port

Password

4.12.2 How to save results

You can select from this feature of what type of image will be sent via the FTP.

Disabled	•
Disabled	
Save only when inspection fails	
Save image and result	

Figure 87 How to save results



Saving images only when inspection fails is highly recommended due to the less bandwidth usage than storing all images.

4.12.3 Draw results to image

The stored images will contain the draw inspection results.

4.12.4 Save results to file. csv file

!

The database is exported into a single csv file. The data fields are separated by a predefined separator, most usually with a semicolon. The separators are required so that the fields correspond from row to row. The CSV file is sent every 100th trigger, when a job is changed or when a number of regions were changed.

Save results to .	csv file	On
csv separator		
;		
	EXPORT RESULTS TO .CSV FILE IMMEDIATELY	

Figure 88 CSV separator

If the fields of data in your **CSV** file contain commas, you can protect them by enclosing those data fields in double-quotes ("). The commas that are part of your data will then be kept separate from the commas which delimit the fields themselves.

If your fields contain double-quotes as part of their data, the internal quotation marks need to be doubled so they can be interpreted correctly.

4.12.5	IP address	
		IP address of FTP server, where the data is to be saved. The Ethernet address is set manually via the IP address parameter.
4.12.6	Port	
		The IP port parameter can be used to adjust the port number for the Ethernet host interface, in-line with the connected PC. The "Port" setting specifies on which port the FTP server complies for the new control connections.
4.12.7	Username	The "Username" setting specifies the account name used when logging into the FTP server. The server administrator configures the user accounts.

4.12.8 Password

The "Password" settings specifies the password of the account to be used when logging into the FTP server.

4.13 Digital Inputs/ Outputs



There are no possibilities to switch the jobs via digital input. Switching jobs is only possible via command or by using the auto job switching function. Please find Allowed Messages in <u>subsection Error! Reference source not found.</u> of the Command list.

3.1.0.28R 16480135	Senue bar External lights enabled
evice	D APPLY
Run	Start inspection trigger On
Image	Input Off
Object Locator	Outputs settings
OCR	D05 On
OCK	Inverted Off Device ready
1D/2D Code	D06 On
Other Inspections	Inverted Off Device ready •
FTP	Encoder settings
: Digital I/O	Resolution (pm/pulse)
o gran v o	Lights settings
Communication	Internal light On
Output Format	External light - connected via digital output DO4 On
6	Type Start office End office
Statistics	External light - connected via connector External light Off

4.13.1 Apply

Saves the set parameterization to the camera memory.

4.13.2 Start inspection trigger settings

You may set the delay of the input signal (trigger), as well as the output duration.

Inspection trigger input

The digital input, which is a source of a trigger signal (Input wire). Changing the signal level (rising or falling edge) results in one image acquirement.



Switching this button to off position will ignore all incoming trigger signals.

The trigger default setting is set to Digital in 1, it can also be set to off.

Digital input 1	Activation type Rising edge	Encoder pulses	Start offset	
Figure 90 Trigger inp	out			
Activation t	vne			
	/pe can be set to:			
	ing edge			
	lingedge			
F Tai	ingedge			
	ivation type Rising edge		T	
	ivation type Rising edge		T	
		Trigger activation type	¥	
	Rising edge	Trigger activation type	T	
	Rising edge	Trigger activation type	T	
	Rising edge	Trigger activation type	•	
1	Rising edge	Trigger activation type	•	

4.13.3 Output settings

Output types

All outputs can be configured in three behaviors:

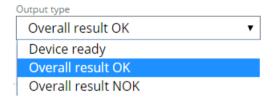


Figure 92 Output type

- **Device ready** Device ready signal will be active when the camera is turned on. The device ready signal will be inactive, when the device is saving the settings during job switching, and during camera booting.
- **OK signal** Ok signal is turned on, when all inspection passed.
- **NOK signal** Ok signal is turned on, when all inspection failed.

Inverted

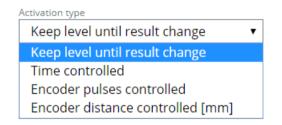
Invert output logic

When the Inverted parameter is set to ON, then Logical "true" means 0 V, and logical "false" means 24 V.

Enabled

Output activated

Inverted activation type



- New result OK/NOK signal is activated when new result is computed.
- **Time-Controlled** Output activated. Start offset must be greater than the camera execution time.

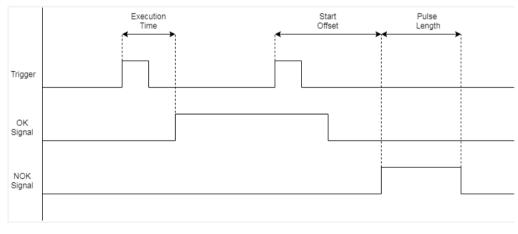


Figure 93 Time diagram

The time diagram demonstrates two trigger signals. Where first part shows OK signal with Activation type – "New results", and second part NOK with Time-controlled activation type.

 (\mathbf{i})

There is a possibility to set the delay of the trigger signal or the delay of the output signal in millimeters.

When the encoder delay is selected, the DO3 is automatically deactivated, thus there will be only two outputs left to be utilized.

Start offset – offset from the trigger, has to be set higher than the processing time (it is not possible to output the result before the inspection ends).

Pulse length - set the duration of the signal.

InspectorP654 Flex not defined 3.2.0.40R 17130558	Status ber DO5 activation type set to: En	coder pulses controlle	d						C	C
l 17130558 Device	_	🖺 A	PPLY							
O Run	Start inspection trigger	On								
🖬 Image	Input Digital input 1	~	Activation type Rising edge	v	Delay Time [ms]	 Start offset 1 				
Object Locator	Outputs settings									
A OCR	D03 D05	Off				_				
ID/2D Code	Inverted	Off	Output type Overall result OK	v	Activation type Encoder pulses controlled	 Start offset (> 20 	image processing time)	• •	Pulse legth 40	 •
Other Inspections	D06	On								
Ł FTP	Inverted	0#	Output type Device ready	~						
≓ Digital I/O	Encoder settings Resolution (um/pulse) 20									
Communication	Lights settings									
🕈 Output Format	Internal light External light - connected via di	igital output DO4		On						
Statistics	External light - connected via co	onnector External light		Off						

Setting the output delay in pulses



When setting the following parameters in **pulses**, there is no need to set the correct encoder resolution.

Setting the output delays in millimeters

SICK									
Digital I/O									
InspectorP654 Flex not defined 3.2.0.40R	Status bar Encoder resolution set to: 20µm/p	sulse						C	C
17130558	17120558								
O Run	Start inspection trigger	On							
🖼 Image	Digital input 1	~	Activation type Rising edge	~	Time [ms]	Start offset 1	• •		
Object Locator	Outputs settings								
A OCR	D03 D05	Off On							
III 1D/2D Code	Inverted	0#	Overall result OK	~	Activation type Encoder distance controlled (mm)	Start offset (> image processing time) 20	• •	Pulse legth 40	
Other Inspections	D06	On							
± FTP	Inverted	Off	Output type Device ready	~					
≓ Digital I/O	Encoder settings Resolution (µm/pulse) 20								
Communication	Lights settings								
😢 Output Format	Internal light External light - connected via digital	output DO4		On					
Statistics	External light - connected via conne	ctor External light		Dff					
Figure 95	D0 delays	in mi	llimeters						

 (\mathbf{i})

When set in **millimeters**, the encoder resolution must be precisely set.

4.13.4 Light settings

Used to select which illumination is used.

Internal light – Driven by the camera itself, but can be disabled when not in use.

External light via connector External light - Enabled only for LBC632 and LBC631.

External light via DI4 - Enabled for Label Checker 621/63x/642/65x



The settings must be adjusted when adding an external light.

4 GETTING STARTED

4.13.5 How to set up the Input/Output settings



Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the Input/Output settings.



Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the BAPPLY button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Enable the start inspection trigger settings:
 - Select digital input.

Input					
Digital input 1	•				
Digital input 1					
Off					

• Select activation type.

Activation type				
Rising edge				
Rising edge				
Falling edge				

Delay

Delay	
No delay	•
No delay	
Time [ms]	
Encoder pulses	

• Start offset



- 2. Select the applicable output settings:
 - D05/D06

	• Output type
	Output type Device ready
	Device ready
	Overall result OK
	Overall result NOK
	 Enable/Disable Inverted/
	Inverted Off
3.	Adjust the encoder settings, if applicable.
	Encoder settings
	Resolution [um/pulse]
	19
4.	Switch on/off the following light settings, if applicable:
	Internal light
	Internal light On
	External light via DO4
	External light - connected via digital output D04 On
	Type Start offset End offset
	• External light via connector external light (only available for LBC63x).

External light - connected via connector External light

Off

5. Adjust	the following parameters, If applicable:
•	Туре
	Type ICL300
•	Start offset in µs.
	Start offset
•	End offset in µs End offset 50
i	If the exposure is set to 500 ms, then the light will be on for 500,1 ms.

6. When all adjustments are final, click the BAPPLY button to save updated changes.

4.13.6 DI/D0 for LBC621/LBC63x/LBC64x/LBC65x

CAMERA	CDB650
DO 3 (also used for encoder)	20 RES/ OUT1
DO 4 (also used for external illumination)	21 RES/ OUT3
DO 5	50 RES/ OUT 3
D0 6	51 RES/ OUT4
DI 1 (used for trigger)	10 SENS/ IN 1

Font teaching 4.14

This feature is used to teach-in/create newfonts.

4.14.1 Create/ modify new/existing alphabets

You may create or change a new or existing font by inserting the font's name file. Retrain with new font samples.

The operating entity collects new characters images and then starts training the Label Checker application – it is trained from beginning.

4.14.2 Font teaching settings

All the settings are similar to OCR settings that can be found in OCR/OCV tab. Please refer to subsection 4.8 of the OCR/OCV tab.

4.14.3 How to create font teaching

I

Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access on how to create Font teaching.

Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the barry button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.



i

The Font teaching features have similar functions as the OCR/OCV tab, such as print type, Thresholding method, image filters.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. You must create an image first via the Run tab <u>subsection 4.5.1</u> and save the reference image via Image tab found on <u>subsection 4.6.1</u>
- 2. Once you have saved the reference image, you can open the Font teaching tab.
- 3. Click to create the image. Or press "Load Image" button and select one of the reference images from the already existing jobs. When the desired reference image is not able to load, then select a different reference image, afterwards reselect the desired one.

ACQUIRE NEW IMAGE			
Load reference image from Job 2. B	LOAD IMAGE		
2.B 1.A			

- 4. Select Create new font
- 5. Fill in the name for the new font.

Name of new font
Test_1

- 6. Then, Click NEXT >
- 7. Select the region shape.

Region shape			
Rectangle	•		
Rectangle	, and the second se		
Circle			
Ellipse			

8. Place the region shape on the desired ROI.



9. Set the necessary adjustments.

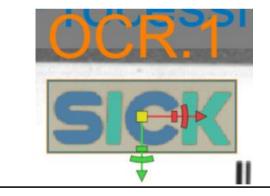
< BACK	APPLY	NEXT >
rint type		
Black on white		White on black
s text on a single line		Off
hresholding method		
Auto threshold	Local threshold	Manual threshold
# Image filter	Parameters	i
B REMOVE FILTER	MODIFY FILTER	+ ADD FILTER
Filter		
Dilation with rectangle mask		

10. Afterwards click APPLY and wait for the text parsing process (ORC font teaching).



Check if all characters are fully highlighted and each adjacent character has a different color.

Text segmentation was successfully finished. 4 characters found.



11. Then click NEXT >

12. Wait until the desired text segmentation is successful.

Fill in highlighted characters here

SICK

Was characters segmentation successfull? If yes, fill in, what characters are highlighted on the image in the same order and click button 'Next'.



- 13. Then click NEXT > button to confirm the new character font, or <BACK button in case you need to redo the process again.
- 14. If you would like to add another character font, you can select "teach another characters", otherwise select "Save & Finish" to generate the created font.

To teach and add new characters to the select To finish the teaching process and save all cha Save & finish'. Only after you have finished the n OCR/OCV reading.	ed font click on button 'Add new characten nges in the the selected font click on butto e teaching will be all new changes available
ADD NEW CHARACTERS	SAVE & FINISH
♦ BACK	

15. Now, you can go to OCR/OCV tab and you will see that the newly created font will be available.

•
5

Your newly created/saved character font will be found in the OCR/OCV font selections.

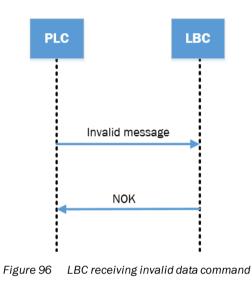
i

You cannot add any character to pre-build fonts. Such setting only applies for created customized fonts.

4.15 Communication

The communication flow chart:

1. When the Label Checker receives invalid data command from enabled interface, the camera confirms each invalid command with "NOK" response.



2. Commands JOB and EXP are executed and after execution the camera sends a command with "ACK" response.

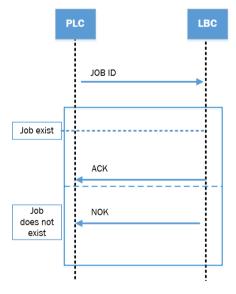
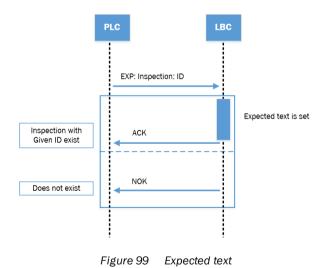


Figure 97 Commands JOB and EXP are executed

PLC LBC TRIG ACK Result Figure 98 Trigger command

3. When the Trigger command is received camera send back "ACK", then triggers

4. The camera sends the result string (built in output format designer) to all enabled communication interfaces immediately after the inspection is achieved (Image processing is completed).



This communication flow chart is similar with the Ethernet communication (UDP TCP/IP), as well as the serial communications. Please find <u>subsection 4.15.5 of the Ethernet/IP</u> <u>control bits behavior</u>.



All communication setting is related to the connected control system/PLC/PC.

the image acquisition.

4.15.1 Command list

ALLOWED MESSAGES			
JOB[X]	Select Job where [X] is Job number.		
	EXP:[Inspection name short cut]:[inspection ID]:[expected text]		
	Inspection name short cut:		
EXP	For 1D code: C1D		
	For 2D code: C2D		
	For OCV: OCV		
	For OCR: OCR		
TRIG	Triggers the camera		
FNM	FNM:[CustomerFileNameWithoutDotAndFileType] Sets desired filename for image sent to FTP server.		

Table 3 Allowed messages (used without brackets "[]")

Example:

There are 2 jobs in the camera, A and B:

Job A has 2 inspections set, OCR.1 and OCR.2. Each of these inspection has an enabled OCV.

Job B has no inspections set. The FTP function and UDP communication is enabled.

The following are the syntax example, on how to use allowed messages:

Choose the job:

JOB2 - choose job B

JOB1 - choose job A

Set the expected text for the current chosen job (job A):

EXP:OCV:1:test (1 - number of the inspection in job, in this case OCR.1)

EXP:OCV:2:test (sets the expected text "test" for the second OCV inspection OCR.2)

Set desired filename for the image file sent via FTP:

FNM:test (sets the filename to "test.*", where * is chosen in the FTP tab)

Triggering the camera:

TRIG - triggers the camera and executes the inspection and FTP transfer

Reply:

ACK/NOK - reply on the message - ACK if message was valid or NOK if message sample has a wrong syntax or unknown

Communication example via UDP:

Hercules SETUP utility by HW-group.com	
UDP Setup Serial TCP Client TCP Server UDP Test Mode About	
Received data	
UDP socket created ACKACKACKACKACKO	Module IP Port 192.168.0.20 65001 Local port 65001 65001 X Close
Sent data	Server settings
JOBJOBIEXF:OCV:1:testEXF:OCV:2:testFNM:testTRIG	Redirect to TCP Server
	UDP broadcast File name: No file Load file Send
Send	
TRIG THEX	Send HU group
EXP:0CV:2:test	Send www.HW-group.com Hercules SETUP stility
FNM:test	1

Figure 100 Communication via UDP

Communication settings:

Job 'A' was loaded			
	🖺 AF	PLY	
ProfiNet & EtherNet/IP UDP Satus bar IP address 192.168.0.200 Heartbeat enabled	Off On	Port send 65001	Port receive 65001
Test message		SEND	Last message received TRIG
TCP/IP Serial communication Aux Serial communication Host Heartbeat Message Pufff Pufff	Off Off Off	Period [ms] [1000	

Figure 101 Communication settings

4.15.2 UDP, TCP/IP and serial

UDP			
UDP On Status bar			
IP address 10.0.0.2	Port 1001	• •	
Heartbeat enabled Off	SEND		Last message received
	Figure 102 UDP		
TCP/IP			
TCP/IP On Status bar			
Server/Client Port Server Rx start Rx stop Tx start	Tx stop	Max. connections	
Heartbeat enabled Off	SEND	Last message received	
	Figure 103 TCP/IP		

The Label Checker utilizes the following communication:

• Serial AUX communication

Serial communication Aux On			
Status bar			
Type RS232 Rx start Rx stop	Baudrate 9600 Tx stort Tx stop	Data bits 8 Parity	Stop bits
02 03	02 03	None •	
Heartbeat enabled Off		Last message received	
Test message	SEND	rost message tereinen	

Figure 104 Serial AUX communication

• Serial Host communication

Serial communication Host On			
Status bar			
Туре	Baudrate	Data bits	Stop bits
RS232 v	9600 •	8 🗸	1 •
Rx start Rx stop	Tx start Tx stop	Parity	
02 03	02 03	None 🔻	
Heartbeat enabled Off			
Test message	SEND	Last message received	
	SEND		

Figure 105 Serial Host communication

Basic serial parameters

Table 4 Basic serial parameters	
Туре	RS-232
Baud rate	9600
Parity	none
Data bits	8
Rx Start	2
Rx Stop	3
Tx Start	2
TX Stop	3
Stop Bits	1



The values for Rx Start, Rx Stop, TX Start, and TX Stop parameters, 2 means the ASCII values of characters (2 means character "STX" and 3 "ETX").

Table 5 Communication

Communication				
	IP address	Host IP address		
UDP	Port	For communication, same as camera setting and host.		
	Test message	Test message what can be sent to host.		
	Server - (one or more) Clien Guarantees delivery, orderi			
	IP address	Client is responsible to set the IP Address to their server.		
	Port	Port for communication; The same for server and all Clients.		
TCP/IP	Maximum connections	Only Server can set it, maximum number of connected Clients. Any other client cannot be connected.		
	Rx Start, Rx End, Tx Start, Tx End	Message framing		
	Test message	Server sends test message to all Clients, or any Client to Server (Not Client to another Client).		
	Send data, only 1 bit at a tir	Send data, only 1 bit at a time.		
	Baudrate	Common measure of the speed of communication over a data channel.		
Serial communication	Parity	Parity type - None, Odd, Even, Mark, Space		
	Data bits	Number of data bits		
	Stop bits	Number of bits		
	Rx Start, Rx End, Tx Start, Tx End	Message framing		

	Test message Test message		
Heart beat	The heart beat periodically sends a message from the camera to the control system. It then enables the destination to identify if and when the camera fails or no longer available.		
	Period	Test message is sent after every real time at a given interval period.	
	Message	Used only for Heartbeat	

4.15.3 PROFINET

GSDML file can be found here:

https://supportportal.sick.com/Product_notes/fieldbus-kit-inspectorp6xx/

You may also find communication examples with S7-300 (Step7) and S7-1200/1500 (TIA):

https://apppool.cloud.sick.com/publications/9e83965a-b671-43d8-af2a-34437d38f868

Bunder Pointe & EtherNeo/IP enabled Profilet & EtherNeo/IP enabled	
Device Control	
ProfNet & EtherNet/P On Selet romms indication standard	
Select communication standard	
Profinet V	
Object Locator Last message sent Last message received	
BD/bD/Device ready BD/bD/Drigger	
B0/b2 NOK B0/b2 Set file name B38129 File name	
10/20 Code B0/b3 Processing 80/b3 Set expected text 8384 Selected inspection	
Other Inspections B0/b4 Overall result OK B3.b19 Expected text	
BDIDS Overall result NOK	
Digital VO B1/o7 Heartbeat enabled On	
E2 Selected job ID	
23 Communication 83 Error code	
Cutput Format UDP Off	
Statistics TCP/IP Off	
Serial communication Aux	
A Font teaching Serial communication Host 0H	
Q4 Service	

Figure 106 Communication

Current versions of Label Checker already support PROFINET onboard and the use of the CDF module is no longer needed nor recommended. Therefore, use the following instructions only if you need to use PROFINET via the CDF module.

The superior system communication utilizes a Profibus/Profinet, which you may use the CDF600 device.

The CDF600 communicates with the Label Checker, utilizing RS-232 protocol. In order to set up this protocol, it must be activated using the Communication tab.

!

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The camera must be rebooted after enabling/disabling the PROFINET communication. The reboot camera button will immediately appear and must be selected.

Byte		Bit structure								
no.	BitBitBitBit7654Bit 3Bit 2Bit 1Bit 0					Тур	e			
0	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Set expected text	Set file name	Change job	Trigger	Bits	Control bits
1	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bits	
0		Selected Job ID						Byte – number 1 - 255		
1	Other commands data - Char 1						Byte – one char			
2	Other commands data - Char 2					Byte – one char	Data bytes			
3	Other commands data - Char 3					Byte – one char				
127			Oth	ner con	nmands data	a - Char 1	27		Byte – one char	

Data transmitted from PLC to Label Checker

Bits

Trigger bit	Trigger the image acquisition and all inspections processing.
Change Job bit	Enable selecting a required job
Set file name	Set name of file which is saved on the FTP server (image, results)
Set expected text	Set expected text of selected inspection – only OCR, 1D Code and 2D Code supported. Adjust expected text of currently selected job. Change "Reading type" option from "Character recognition" to "Character verification".

Bytes/ Data when setting expected text

Byte	Byte content		Example	
number	description	Data type	Char in ASCII representation	Hexadecimal code
Byte 0	Selected job ID – this takes no effect when setting expected text	Byte – number 1 - 255	'SOH'	0x01
Byte 1				
Byte 2				
Byte 3				
Byte 4				
Byte 5				
Byte 6				
Byte 127				

Byte			E	xample
number	Byte content description	Data type	Char	Hexadecimal code
Byte 0	Selected job ID – this takes no effect when setting expected text	Byte – number 0 - 255	'SOH	0 x 01
Byte 1	Used to select inspection type char 'c' = 1D, char 'o' = OCR/OCV, char 'd' = 2D code	x	ʻc'	0 x 63
Byte 2	Used to select inspection ID	Byte - number 1-255	'EXT'	0 x 03
Byte 3	Expected char 1	Char	'S'	0 x 53
Byte 4	Expected char 2	Char	ʻl'	0 x 49
Byte 5	Expected char 3	Char	'C'	0 x 43
Byte 6	Expected char 4	Char	'K'	0 x 4B
Byte 127	Expected text char 125	Char		

Bytes/ Data when setting FTP file name

Byte / Data when setting FTP file name

Byte				Example	
number	Byte content description	Data type	Char	Hexadecimal code	
Byte -	Selected job ID - this takes no effect when setting the name of file	Byte – number 1 - 255	'SOH'	0 x 01	
Byte 1	Name of file to be saved on FTP server char 1	Char	'S'	0 x 53	
Byte 2	Name of file to be saved on FTP server char 2	Char	ʻl'	0 x 49	
Byte 3	Name of file to be saved on FTP server char 3	Char	'C'	0 x 43	
Byte 4	Name of file to be saved on FTP server char 4	Char	'K'	0 x 4B	
Byte 127	Name of file to be saved on FTP server char 127	Char			

				Bit str	ucture					
Byte no.	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Туј	pe
0	N/A	Device error	Overall result NOK	Overall result OK	Processing	NOK	ACK	Device ready	Bits	Control
1	Heart beat	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	N/A	Bits	bits
0				Selecte	d Job ID				Byte - number 1 255	
1				Error	Code				Byte – one char	
2	Outp	ut string c	lesigned i		Format" tab o Char 1	n Label	Checke	er web	Byte – one char	Data bytes
3	Outp	ut string c	lesigned i		Format" tab o Char 2	n Label	Checke	er web	Byte – one char	
127	Outp	ut string c	lesigned i	•	Format" tab o Xhar 126	n Label	Checke	er web	Byte – one char	

Data transmitted from Label Checker to PLC

Bits

Device Ready bit	The camera is ready. Command can be sent to a camera.
ACK bit	If message sent from PLC to Label Checker was valid.
NOK bit	If message sent from PLC to Label Checker was invalid.
Processingbit	Image processing is running.
Overall result OK bit	All inspections passed.
Overall result NOK bit	At least one inspection failed.
Device Error bit	An error occurred - caused by invalid command sent from PLC to Label Checker.

Byte/ Data

Selected Job Id	Currentlyselected job
Error Code	A root cause of an error state
Output string designed in "Output Format" tab on Label Checker web page.	The result of selected inspections in required format.

4.15.4 Ethernet/IP

EDS file can be found here:

https://supportportal.sick.com/Product_notes/fieldbus-kit-inspectorp6xx/

You may also find communication examples with Allen-Bradley PLC:

https://apppool.cloud.sick.com/publications/9e83965a-b671-43d8-af2a-34437d38f868

Byte				Bit	structure				.	_
no.	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Тур	e
0	-	-	-	-					Bits	
1	-	-	-	-	Set expected text	Set file name	Chang e job	Trigger	Bits	Control bits
2				Job ID	to be selecte	d			Byte – number 0 – 255	
3			Oth	er comm	ands data -	Byte 0			Byte – one char	
4			Oth	er comm	ands data -	Byte 1			Byte – one char	Data bytes
5			Oth	ner comm	nand data - I	Byte 2			Byte – one char	
129-			C)ther com	nmand – Byte	e 26			Byte – one char	

Data transmitted from PLC to Label Checker

BIts

Trigger bits	Triggers the image acquisition and all inspection processing.
Change job bit	Enable selecting a required job
Set file name	Set name of file which saved on the FTP server (image, results)
Set expected text	Set expected text of selected inspection – only OCR, 1D Code and 2D code supported. Adjust expected text of currently selected job. Change "reading type' option from "character recognition" to "Character verification".

Bytes/Data when setting expected text

D .4.			Exan	nple
Byte number	Byte content description	Data type	Char	Hexadecimal code
Byte 2	Id of job to be selected – this takes no effect when setting the expected text	Byte – number 0 -255	'SOH'	0 x 01
Byte 3	Used to select inspection type : Char 'c' = 1D code Char 'o' = OCR/OCV Char 'd' = 2D code	x	'c'	0 x 63
Byte 4	Used to select inspection ID	Byte number – 0 - 255	'ETX'	0 x 03
Byte 5	Expected text char 1	Char	'S'	0 x 53
Byte 6	Expected text char 2	Char	ʻl'	0 x 49
Byte 7	Expected text char 3	Char	'C'	0 x 43
Byte 8	Expected text char 4	Char	'K'	0 x 4B
Byte 129	Expected text char 127	Char		

Byte				Bit st	ructure				_	
no.	Bit 7	Bit 6	Bit 5	Bit 4	Bit 3	Bit 2	Bit 1	Bit 0	Ту	pe
0	Heart beat	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	Bits	Control
1	-	Device Error	Overall results NOK	Overall results OK	Processing	NOK	ACK	Device ready	Bits	bits
2				Selecte	ed job ID				Byte – number 0 - 255	
3				Erro	r code				Byte – one char	
4	Output	strings de	signed in '		rmat" tab on L te 0	abel Che	cker wet	page –	Byte – one char	Data bytes
5	Output	strings de	signed in '		rmat" tab on L te 1	abel Che	cker wet) page –	Byte – one char	
129	Output	string des	signed in "		mat" tab on La e 125	abel Cheo	ker web	page –	Byte – one char	

Data transmitted from Label Checker to PLC

Bits

7	
Device Ready bit	The camera is ready. Command can be sent to a camera.
ACK bit	If message sent from the PLC to Label Checker was valid
NOK bit	If message sent from the PLC to Label Checker was invalid
Processing bit	Image processing is running
Overall result OK bit	Image processing is running
Overall result NOK bit	At least one inspection failed
Device Error bit	An error occurred – caused by invalid command sent from PLC to Label Checker

Bytes/Data

Selected job ID	Currently selected job
Error code	Root cause of an error state
Output string designed in "Output format" tab on Label Checker web page	The result of selected inspections in required format.

4.15.5 PROFINET and Ethernet / IP Control bits behavior

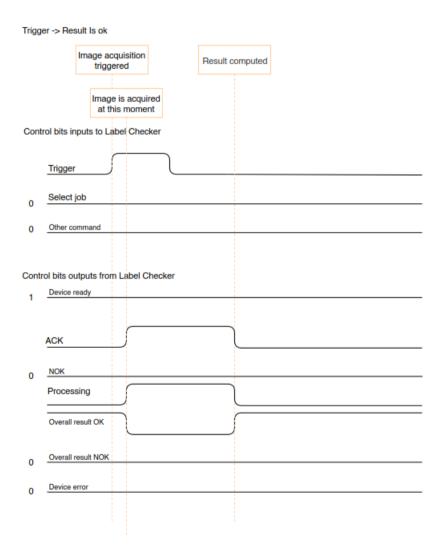


Figure 107 Trigger result OK

Trigger -> Result is NOK

Processing

Overall result OK

Overall result NOK

Device error

0

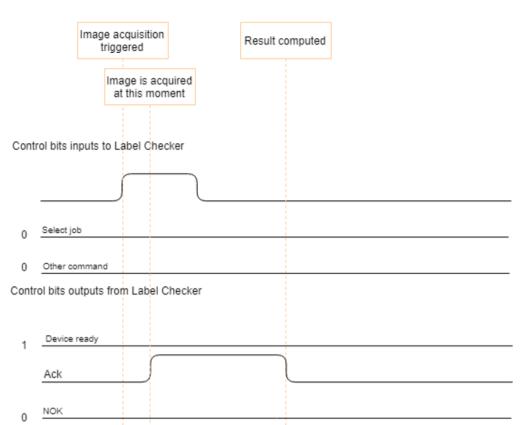


Figure 108	Trigger result not OK

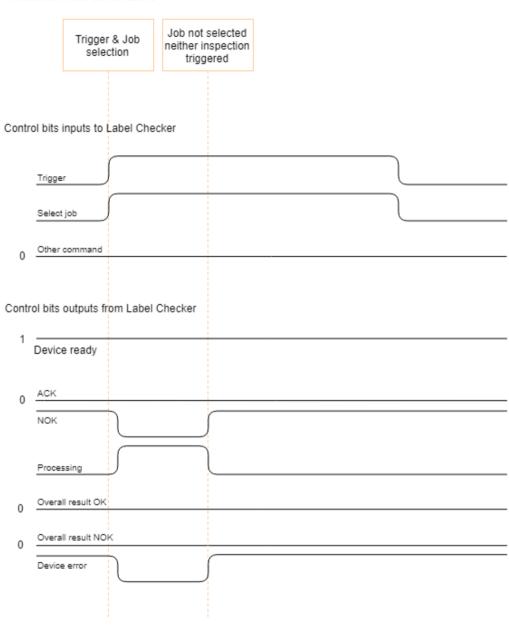
	Job selection	Job selected	
	000 0010000	000 000000	
ol bits ir	nputs to Label Checker		
Trigger			
Select j	inh		
Other c	ommand		
ol bits c	utputs from Label Checke	er	
		er	
ol bits o		er	
		er	
Device		er	
Device		er	
ACK NOK	ready	er	
Device ACK	ready	er	
ACK NOK Process	ready	er	
ACK NOK Process Overall Overall	ready	er	

Select job (Job exists) -> ACK

Figure 109 Select job exist

Select	t job (Job does not exist) -> NC)K
	Job selection	Job not selected
Contro	ol bits inputs to Label Checker	
0	Trigger	
0	Select job	2
0	Other command	
Contro	ol bits outputs from Label Cheo	ker
	Device ready ACK	
	NOK	
	Processing	L
0	Overall result OK	
0	Overall result NOK	
	Device error	

Figure 110 Select job does not exist



Invalid command combinations

Figure 111 Invalid command combinations

Other comand EXP:OCV:1:HelloWorld

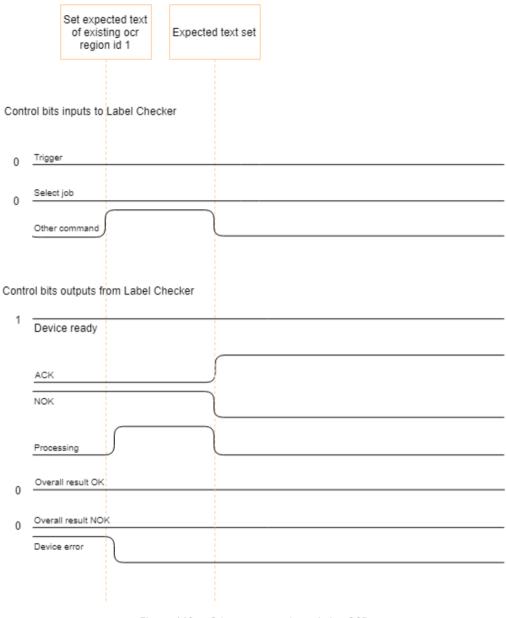
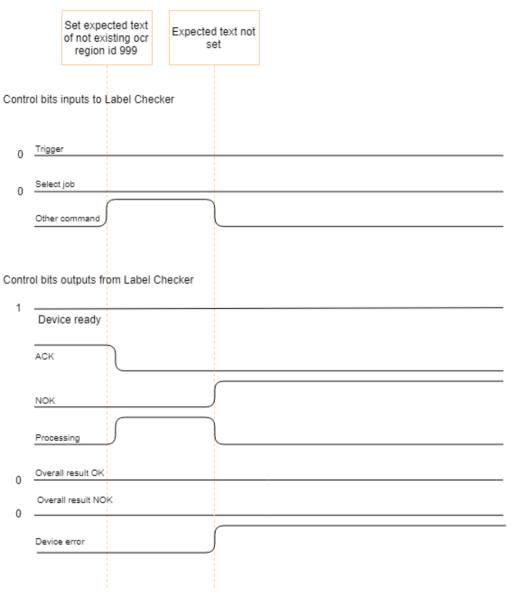


Figure 112 Other command – existing OCR



Other comand EXP:OCV:999:HelloWorld not existing region ID

Figure 113 Other command - OCR not existing

Invalid command combinations

Overall result OK

Overall result NOK

Device error

0

0

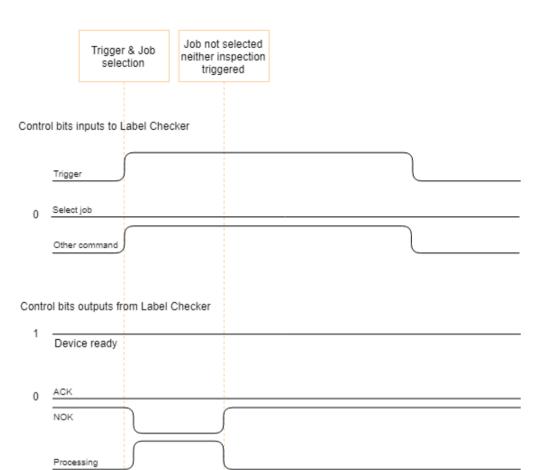


Figure 114 Invalid command combinations

4.15.6 LBC621 supported communication interfaces

PROFINET	Not supported (support will be added in 2021)
Ethernet IP	Supported
TCP/IP	Supported
UDP	Supported
Serial	Notsupported
DI/DO	Supported

4.15.7 LBC63x/64x/65x supported communication interfaces

PROFINET	Supported
Ethernet IP	Supported
TCP/IP	Supported
UDP	Supported
Serial	Supported
DI/DO	Supported

4.15.8 CDBF600 module setup

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Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access the CDF module settings.

Please be informed that any changes applied will only be saved, if you have re-activated the batton.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Set the CDF module to Gateway mode.
- 2. Adjust the mode switch to Position 2.



PROFINET version to position 2 or 3 depending on PROFINET address.

- 3. Configure the CDF module to "handshake" mode.
- 4. Using SOPAS ET software set the "Communication mode" of the PROFINET version to "Mode CDF600".

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Please be informed that the PROFINET versions of CDF module always communicate via "handshake" mode.

The Label Checker will not allow the use of external input "EXTIN1" in the CDF module.

When using PLC, the following files are necessary:

GSDML file Gateway operating mode CDF600-2 PROFINET

The following PLC function blocks are necessary:

S7 function bloc S7-1200/1500TIA	Handheld, non-SOPAS devices, PROFINET
----------------------------------	---------------------------------------

S7 function bloc S7-300/400 step 7 V5.5 Handheld, non-SOPAS devices, PROFINET



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You may download these files on <u>www.sick.com</u> CDF module under download section.

All communication commands functions in the same manner as the other communication modes.

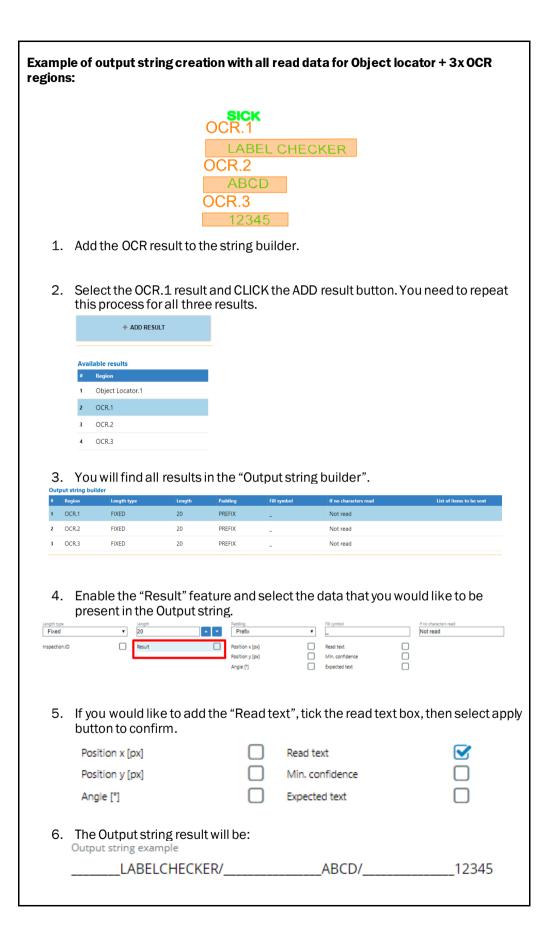
4.16 Output format

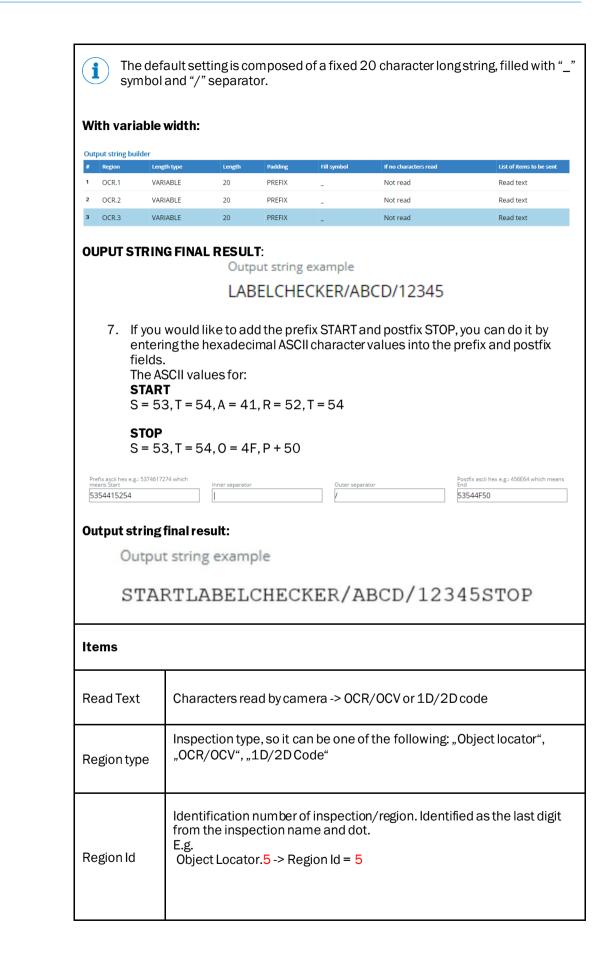
tput Format										
InspectorP654 Flex 3.1.0.28R 18080673	Status bar Reference image was saved								c	C
	+ ADD RESULT							MODIFY RESULT		
n	Available results	Output string b	uilder							
ige	Region	* Region	Length type	Length	Padding	Fill symbol	If no characters read	List of its	ems to be sent	
ject Locator	Object Locator.1 OCR.1	These paramet	ers can be set for e	ach available result	eparately					
R	* 00k1	Length type		Length		Padding	Fill symbol		If no characters read	
2D Code		Fixed	•	20	• •	Prefix	•		Not read	
er Inspections		Inspection.ID	above first select an item fi	Inspection result	put string builder'. Afte	r adjusting the parameters (press button WDD RESULT or 'MODIFY RESU	LT' respectively		
		These paramet	ers are global and a	re used for an outp	it string as a wh	ole				
ital I/O		Job ID	D	Overall result	0	Trigger counter				
nmunication		Prefix ascii hex e.g.: 5 Start	374617274 which means	Inner separator		Outer separator	Postfix ascil hex	e.g.: 456E64 which means End		
tput Format				1		/				
istics		Output string e	xample							
t teaching										
stem setting										

Figure 115 Output format

Table 6 Output format strings

Output Format	Builds an output string, which is sent to all enabled communication interfaces (TCP, PROFINET, Ethernet IP, UDP, Serial HOST, Serial AUX) after the acquired image is processed. It's a result of one image acquirement. It can be built from the results of each inspections/regions defined by a user on "object locator", "OCR/OCV", "1D/2D Code", and other inspections.
	Each inspection type has a different set of commands: Object locator Inspection ID, result, position x [px], position y [px], and angle °.
	OCR / OCV Inspection ID, result, Position x [px], Position y [px], angle °, read text, minimum confidence, and expected text.
	1D code Inspection ID, result, position x [px], position y [px], angle °, read text, and print quality.
	2D code Inspection ID, result, position x [px], position y [px], angle °, read text, print quality, and expected text.
	Pixel counter Inspection ID, and result.
	Pattern verification Inspection ID, result, and match %.
	2D measurement Inspection ID, and result.
	Operating entities can select from these items according to their preference.





Result	The result of inspection. Ok -> 1, otherwise 0.			
Expected text	Read characters expected by the user. If option Character verification was enabled, then the user must set the expected text. Setting "Expected text" from OCR/OCV or "1D Code Expected Text" or "2D code Expected Text" from 1D/2D is a content of this item.			
No Read String	If no string is read, then the item "Read Text" will be replaced by this parameter.			

Table 7	Item	parameters strir	ngs
---------	------	------------------	-----

ltems parameters	Setting the following user parameters can modify the final format output string.				
	All position numbers are represented as string without decimal point.				
	You need to convert string value to number, then divide it by 100.				
Position x [px] Position y [px]	Example:				
	"2190" = 21.9				
	"100" = 1.0				
Length Type	Fixed – The item always have the same length.				
	• If the item is shorter, then it will be completed/filled by a				
	"Fill Symbol".If the "Padding" parameter is PREFIX, then the fill symbols				
	are placed in front of the item, otherwise from behind. The final length is always the same as the parameter "Length".				
	Variable – The length of the item is kept. The length can vary for each iteration and each item.				
Length	Length of each item, if the "Length Type" is fixed.				
Fillsymbol	If the "Length Type" is Fixed, then the "Length" symbol is used to complete for each desired item.				
	DDEEIX fill own halo are also ad in front of the item				
	PREFIX - fill symbols are placed in front of the item.				
	POSTFIX - fill symbols are placed behind the item.				
	Example 1				
	Read Text = ABCD, "Length Type"= FIXED, "Length"= 12 "Padding" = PREFIX, "Fill Symbol" = '*'.				
Padding	Then the output string appears as follows:				
	*****ABCD				
	Example 2				
	Read Text = ABCD, "Length Type"= FIXED, "Length"= 10 "Padding" = POSTFIX, "Fill Symbol" = '-'.				
	Then the output string appears as follows:				

	ABCD						
	Example 3						
	Read Text = ABCDEFGHIJKLMNOPQRSTUVXYZ, "Length Type"= FIXED, "Length"= 10 "Padding" = POSTFIX, "Fill Symbol" = '-'.						
	Then the output string appears as follows:						
	ABCDEFGHIJ						
	Example 4						
	Read Text = ABCD, "Length Type" = VARIOUS						
	Then the output string appears as follows:						
	ABCD Inner Separator - Separates an output of each item.						
	Possible items:						
	Object locator Inspection ID, result, position x [px], position y [px], and angle [°] .						
	OCR / OCV Inspection ID, result, Position x [px], Position y [px], angle °, read text, minimum confidence, and expected text.						
	1D code Inspection ID, result, position x [px], position y [px], angle °, read text, and print quality.						
	2D code Inspection ID, result, position x [px], position y [px], angle °, read text, print quality, and expected text.						
Separators	Pixel counter Inspection ID, and result.						
	Pattern verification Inspection ID, result, and match %.						
	2D measurement Inspection ID, and result.						
	Outer Separator - Separates an output of each result/inspection.						
	Possible inspections:						
	 Object locator OCR/OCV 						
	• 1D code						
	 2D code Measurement 2D 						
	Pixel counter						
	Pattern verifier						

Table 8 Other strings

Other	
	Region - Name and Id of inspection/region defined by the operating entity in the current job.
	Format: regionName.ld. (Cannot be set).
	List of Items to be sent - One inspection/region contained in output string (cannot be set).
	# - table line number (Cannot be set).
Available Results	Inspection/Regions which are defined in the current job. Such as; object locator, OCR/OCV, 1D/2D Code, This list corresponds to the regions added in a current job for:
	 Object locator page OCR/OCV page 1D code page 2D code page Measurement 2D page Pixel counter page Pattern verifier page
	# - Table line number (not important)
	Region – Name and Id of inspection/region defined by a user in a current job. Format: regionName.Id.
Control Buttons	j
Add Result	Add selected inspection/region to an output string.
Remove Result	Remove selected region from the output string.
Modify Result	Change parameters of selected part of the output string having regard the following parameters: Read Text, Region type, Region Id, Result, Expected text, Length Type, Length, Fill Symbol, Padding, and No Read strings.
	Overall results parameter – complete results of all defined inspections.

Apply Button	Save all settings
Output String Example	Displays real output string which is sent as a result via UDP, TCP, or serial communication. If any result of the current job is available (at least one image has already been acquired and processed), then it contains a real data (read text etc.); otherwise default values are used.

Table 9 Trigger and JOBi

TRIG	Trigger image acquirement and further image processing. Finally, the result is sent via some communication interface, if enabled.
JOBi	Select job number <i>i</i> in the camera. e.g., Command "JOB25 select" the job number 25.

4.17 Camera simulator

4.17.1 How to work with the camera simulator

The following procedures will show you the step-by-step instructions on how to work with the camera simulator. Camera simulator works either with real device or camera emulator found in AppStudio.

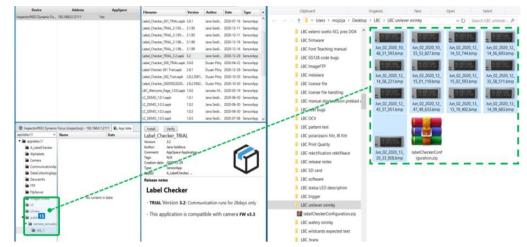
Please proceed as follows:

1. Login as Service, password: servicelevel. Then, the camera simulator tab will appear.

Login	1	
User Name]
Operator		^
Service		
SICKService		-
	LOGIN	CANCEL

2. Go to the camera simulator tab, select the simulator and click apply. The camera simulator job subfolder will be created in the public folder.

SICK	
Camera Simulator	
InspectorP652 Dynami inspectorp 3.3.1.12R 16380224	Status bar Application is running as a simulator. All acquired images are loaded from folder 'Path to a folder with images'
Device	Application is noning as Simulator
O Run	Simulated images path (images can be saved either on isd card or in public memory, moreover always in camera simulator_images folder. If you want to process images saved from web page, use as path 'images_from 'camera_simulator_images folder.'
Image	App data/public/camera_simulator_images/
Object Locator	FAPPLY
A OCR	
IIII 1D/2D Code	
O Other Inspections	
≛ FTP	
≓ Digital I/O	
13 Communication	
ピ Output Format	
Statistics	
A Font teaching	
Camera Simulator	
 System setting 	

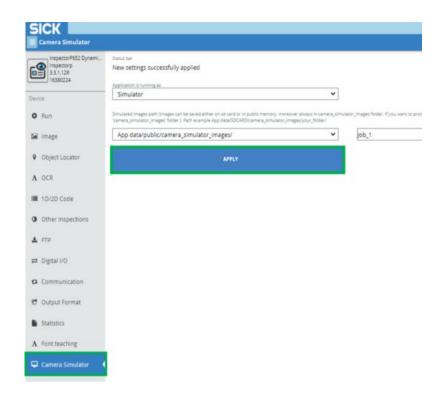


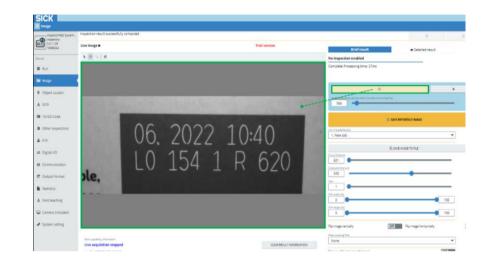
3. Drag and drop files into the camera simulator job subfolder

4. Then, the images will be filed in the camera simulator job subfolder.

InspectorP652 Dynamic Focus (inspectorp) - 192. appdata:///	~	Name	Date	Size	
▼ 🗃 appdata:///					Label_Chec
A_LabelChecker		Jun_02_2020_12_15_01_110		296.05 KiB	
Alphabets		Jun_02_2020_12_15_02_593		296.05 KiB	Comment:
Camera		Jun_02_2020_12_14_58_221	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	Tags:
CommunicationApp		Jun_02_2020_12_47_49_633	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	
DataCollectingApp		Jun_02_2020_12_35_58_511	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	
DataCollectingApp		Jun_02_2020_12_14_56_693	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	
FTP		Jun_02_2020_12_45_57_051	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	Release notes
FtpServer		Jun_02_2020_10_55_53_827	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	Label C
ImageProcess		Jun_02_2020_13_13_19_402	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	
🖬 UI		Jun_02_2020_13_20_33_928	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	- TRIAL Ve
🗎 Ulview		Jun_02_2020_13_14_09_683	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	This app
🔻 🗎 public		Jun_02_2020_12_14_53_744	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	- This app
Camera_simulator_images		Jun 02 2020 10 48 31 593	01.01.1970 02:06	296.05 KiB	
► 🖻 Job_1					

5. Now, select the apply button in the camera simulator tab once again.





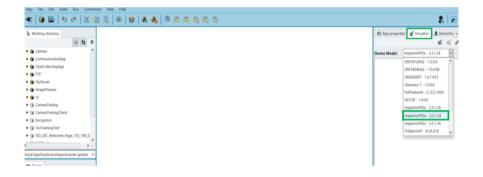
6. Acquire a new image. The image from the camera simulator job folder will appear.

4.17.2 How to use the camera emulator in the AppStudio and run the LBC app

The following procedures will show you the step-by-step instructions on how to use the camera emulator in AppStudio and run the LBC app on it.

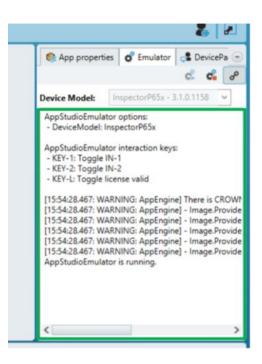
Please proceed as follows:

1. Select the emulator tab and choose the type of camera that you would like to emulate, then select the emulator button to start.



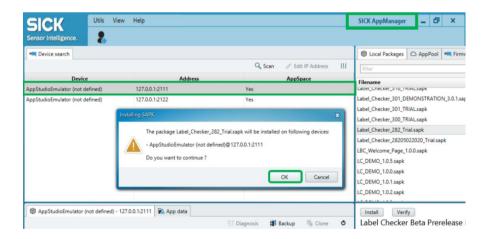
2. Start the camera emulator.

Sensor Intelligence.	3 5 6	× 1		6 9. 9.	医清洗清洗清			2
ing Working directory	0						App properties of Emulator	c c 8
	ř					_	Device Model: Inguetti War, 11	0.7
Device			🎘 Variables	· Breakpoints			1	
Not connected to device	Console	lüter -			4			E G
Constants Name Value	×							~

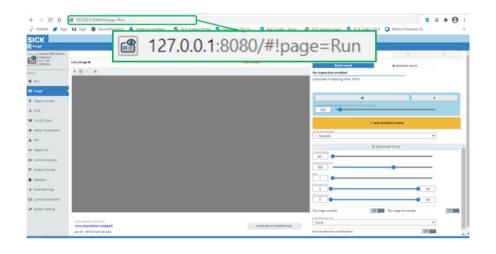


3. The image sample shows that the camera emulator is running.

4. Start AppManager and connect to the camera emulator. Then select the OK button to install the LBC app.



5. Open a web browser, then insert the IP address of the camera emulator and its port (127.0.0.1:8080).



AppManager can be downloaded from:

https://www.sick.com/cz/cs/sick-appspace/sick-appspace-software-tools/sick-appmanager/sick-appmanager/p/p532784

AppStudio can be downloaded from:

https://www.sick.com/cz/cs/sick-appstudio/p/p448644

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The camera simulator will not work if the camera is in use.

The path containing stored images from PC can be set up, when automatically emulated. The operating entity will acquire images from the camera´s memory. Images will be provided instead of the camera inspection.

Images MUST be placed in the subfolder of the "camera_simulator_images" folder. The images cannot be placed right into the "camera_simulator_images" folder, nor the public folder.

Halcon 12.3 or higher version run time license is needed to run camera emulator in AppStudio, image processing will not run without the Halcon USB dongle.

4.18 Statistics

The Label Checker features a counter device which stores OK, NOK, and passing rate of created program inspections. The network time protocol (NTP) does not have to be set up in the system settings for the computer to synchronize with the time server. When a particular event occurs (such as; OK, NOK or passing rate) at any number of times, it will be reflected to the Label Checker's total counters. Please refer to subsection <u>4.19 System</u> settings in order to synchronize with the network time protocol (NTP).

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Please be informed that it is not necessary to set up the NTP, but you will expect that the camera time and statistics will start from 00:00:00 Jan. 01.1970.

The operating entity can select to view the inspection statistics in monthly, weekly, or daily settings.

Monthly	•
Monthly	
Weekly	
Daily	



All statistic can be reset upon selection of the "Reset all statistics" button.

4.19 System settings

4.19.1 Camera

Camera buffer size

Camera buffer size [Image(s)]	
32	-

Figure 116 Camera buffer size

The camera saves the images and image processing (inspections), which can store only 32 images to its buffer.

Camera process each n-th I/O trigger

Each n-th trigger ignites an image processing. Previous n-1 images are skipped.

Camera process each n-th I/O trigger	
1	



4.19.2 Inspections

Set all inspection as ok

First type of the camera bypass, applies for the digital outputs as well as for the communication. Bypass is not shown in output editor example string. The statistics is also not influenced by this option.

Auto job switching

Inspections

Auto job switching



Figure 118 Auto job switching

When this feature is enabled and once the inspection is triggered, the LBC starts to execute the currently selected job, e.g. JOB3, then it tries to execute all the jobs below. Each job can be executed only once during one session.

Count of failed inspections in a row



Figure 119 Count of failed inspection

Second type of the camera bypass, applies for the digital outputs, as well as for the communication. Bypass is not shown in output editor example string. The statistics is also not influenced by this option.

4.19.3 Visualization

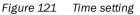
Visualization Enabled On Visualize inspection areas (rectangular border) Visualize inspection labels (method name.id) Visualize object locator countours (edges) Visualize other inspections edges Visualize other inspections dots Visualize regions (red, green areas of OCR, pixel counter etc.) Visualize detailed information

Figure 120 Visualization

 $\label{eq:visualization} Visualization\ provides\ an\ accessible\ way to\ see\ and\ understand\ the\ data\ in\ the\ program/inspection.$

4.19.4 Time settings





In order to set the time manually.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Open the system settings tab
- 2. Enable the Set time manually button
- 3. Select the following settings:
 - Year
 - Month
 - Day
 - Hour
 - Minute
- 4. Then, select the SET TIME when done.

NTP Network Time Protocol

NTP server IP address	
10.0.0.2	
NTP server port	
123	•

Figure 122 NTP - Network Time Protocol

A protocol used for statistics to synchronize computer clocks (time) across the networks. The time server must be configured on an external device.

Í

After installation/upgrade or if any error occurs, the camera must be reset to factory default.

4.19.5 Save images on SD card

Save images on SD card

Enabled

Off

You have the option to enable/disable the Label Checker system in storing the images to the micro SD card.

4.19.6 Synchronize camera time with PC

!

i

Please be informed that you must be a "Service" level user in order to access in synchronizing camera time with the PC.

Please be informed that any applied changes will only be saved, if you have re-activated the **EAPPLY** button.

All inspection regions will be displayed after image processing is finished with a short delay.

- Open the system settings tab.
- Disable set time manually option.
- ► Fill in the network time protocol (NTP) IP address.
- ► Including the NTP port.

System setting					
InspectorP632 Flex	Camera		Cu	rrent time	Jan 01 1970 21:41:23
3.2.0.28A 17440203	Camera buffer site (Image(ti) 32			maining time	27 days 23 hours 59 minutes 30 second
			Re	maining time	27 days 23 nours 59 minutes 30 second.
ice	Camera process each n-ch VO trigger 1		ls :	SD card inserted into the camera	8
Run	Live view			bel Checker version	3.0.0
Image	Image acquisition period [ms]			bei checker version	3.0.0
image	500		Co	py complete configuration except license file	
Object Locator	Inspections			0	
OCR	Super recipe	Off		(2) CAMERA SD CARD	(2) CAMERA SD CARD
OCK	Set all inspections as OK	Off	-		
1D/2D Code	How many inspections in row can fail				
	0				
Other Inspections	Read all letters as CAPITAL	Off			
FTP	Visualization				
	Enabled	On			
Digital I/O	Visualize inspection areas (rectangular border)	\mathbf{S}			
Communication	Visualize inspection labels (method name.id)				
Commencectorr	Visualize object locator countours (edges)	\mathbf{S}			
Output Format	Visualize other inspections edges	A R R R			
	Visualize other inspections dots	S _			
Statistics	Visualize regions (red, green areas of OCR, pixel counter etc.)	S	IP address of connect	ted PC	
Font teaching	Visualize detailed information				
	Time setting				
Camera Simulator	Set time manually	Off			
System setting					
	NTP server IP address 10.0.0.2		Number mostly use	d	
		Ŧ		<u>ч</u>	
	NTP server port 123		in Windows		
	125				

Figure 123 Network Time Protocol

The following procedure belongs to PC connect to the camera:

- 1. Switch off all firewalls and antivirus apps (such as Avast) on connected PC or connected device, where we configure NTP server in the following steps.
- 2. Set the NTP Server on windows. Please visit this website: <u>https://www.interfacett.com/blogs/creating-standalone-ntp-server-windows/</u>
- 3. Finally resynctime.
- 4. Open the command line as an administrator to resync time, and insert the command w32tm/resync. Then press enter.

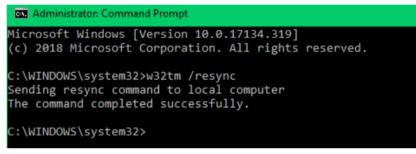


Figure 124 Command prompt

4.19.7 SD card backup cloning

3.1.9
nse file
CAMERA SD CARD

When a completely empty SD card is inserted into the configured LBC, after camera restarts **the configuration is automatically transferred into the SD card**.

When an SD card with previous backup of the same SW version is inserted (after camera restarts), **the configuration present on the SD card is loaded automatically.**

Then you can choose either to copy the configuration from the SD card and to the camera or vice versa, using SD card cloning buttons.

This is only visible in the System Settings tab, when the SD card is present in the camera. All files from the public folder are transferred (including all subfolders; e.g. images saved by the SD card save image function, camera simulator images etc.). When transferring configuration via SD card cloning buttons, destination is always erased and replaced with the source files.

When an SD card is inserted in the camera, at this point all of the jobs and configuration will be saved into SD card. (LBC version 3.2 or later)

This function is applicable for backup cloning between cameras. Firstly, transfer your configuration from the camera into an empty SD card, then insert the SD card into the new camera, afterwards transfer the configuration into it. You can also copy your configuration from SD card and into the camera, then insert another SD card and copy your configuration into it.

Please be informed that source and destination camera \hat{s} FW and LBC versions must be the same. Please find subsection <u>5.3 Backup transfer to another camera for further information</u>.

5 LBC Software

5.1 Software installation

!

Please be informed that the ordered Label Checker 6xx camera is already preinstalled with the Label Checker software. **These steps should only be used if you want to install the software into an older camera or empty InspectorP camera.**

SICK	Utils View	w Help	SICK AppManager	_ 🗆 ×
Sensor Intelligence	1			
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	🔍 Scan 🥒	Edit IP Address	filter	🕀 O
Device	Address	AppSpace	Filename Version Author Date	Type 🕨
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			Label Checker 260 Trial.sapk 2.6.0 Dusan Pilny 2019-08-29	SensorApp
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	📳 Backup	Clone 👌	Label Checker 261 Trial	
🕨 🎲 Camera			Version: 2.6.1 Author: Dusan Pilny	
 Gommunica 			Comment: AppSpace Application	
 GataCollecti 	ngApp		Tags: N/A Creation date: 2019-08-30	
 FTP FtpServer 			Type: SensorApp	
 ImageProces 	55	3		
► 😭 UI			Release notes	^
 ① Device Information 	mation		Trial Version	<u> </u>
			Version 2.6.1	
			Communicaiton runs for 28 days only	
			Measurement 2D edge drawing logic changed	
				\checkmark

Figure 125 SICK AppManager

Connect the camera and start the SICK AppManager.

AppManager can be downloaded from:



https://www.sick.com/cz/cs/sick-appspace/sick-appspace-software-tools/sick-appmanager/sick-appmanager/p/p532784

- 1. Scan for camera
- 2. Select your camera.
- 3. Delete all applications in the camera¹.
- 4. Select sapk. File.
- 5. Click install.

¹ **DO NOT** open/delete the content in the **App data** folder/tab.

5.2 Software update procedure and handling license file

and co used f o	updating your LBC software, it is highly recommended to back up your licens nfiguration first, please see the <u>subsections 5.1, 5.2, and 5.3</u> . Trial version or upgrading , when the license file is detected, it will automatically switch to License is being detected after camera restarts.
Makes	sure that the latest InspectorP firmware is installed in the camera.
LBC so	ftware can be either installed when an SD card is present or not.
AppMa from S	an SD card is present in the camera, files on the SD card are not visible via anager. Please use the SD card backup cloning function first, and copy the file D card to camera´s memory. Afterwards, remove the SD card, restart the car cess the files.
АррМа	anager can be downloaded from:
• •	/www.sick.com/cz/cs/sick-appspace/sick-appspace-software-tools/sick- anager/sick-appmanager/p/p532784
AppStu	idio can be downloaded from:
https:/	/www.sick.com/cz/cs/sick-appstudio/p/p448644
Latest	Label Checker software version can be obtained here:
https:/	/apppool.cloud.sick.com/publications/9e83965a-b671-43d8-af2a- 7d38f868

You can select license file backup via AppManager (recommended) or FTP connection.

 (\mathbf{i})

Backup of License file using AppManager (recommended)

- 1. Open the SICK AppManager
- 2. Then, select the scan button, select the camera.

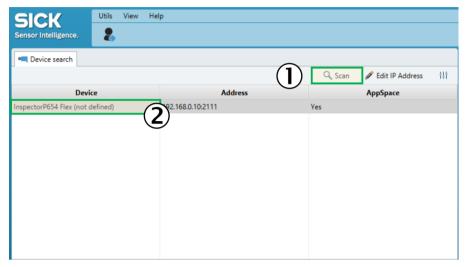


Figure 126 SICK App Manager – scan for the camera and select it

- 3. Open the AppData folder.
- 4. Afterwards, open the Public subfolder.

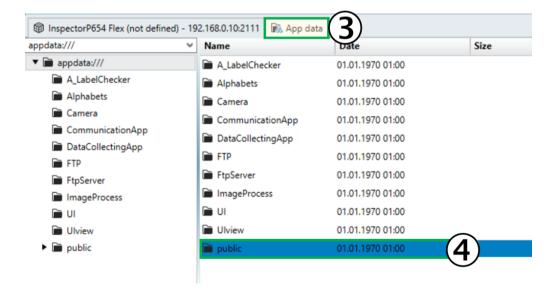


Figure 127 SICK App Manager – AppData folder access

5. Select the License.txt file.

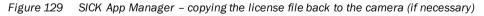
6. Next, right-click the mouse button and select "Copy to Disk". Then, select the folder where the license file should be saved.

appdata:///	✓ Name	Date	Size
▼ 🖻 appdata:///	JOBsid7eidNet	w Job 01.01.1970 01:19	1.65 KiB
A_LabelChecker	License.txt	01.01.1070 01:04	15.97 KiB
Alphabets	D JOBsid2e Rer	name 02:20	12.93 KiB
Camera	JOBsid3e	01:22	1.59 KiB
CommunicationApp	JOB7 refere Del	ete 01:55	4,097.05 KiB
DataCollectingApp FTP	JOB2_locate	ov to disk	0.96 KiB
FtpServer	JOB2_patte	(b)	0.98 KiB
ImageProcess	JOB6_reference_ima	ge.bmp 01.01.1970 01.35	4,097.05 KiB
DI UI	Bootlnit.json	01.01.1970 01:00	0.14 KiB
Ulview	JOB2_locator_ID1_3.	shm 01.01.1970 01:44	142.09 KiB
🕨 🛅 public	trainedAlphabet_stit	tek.omc 01.01.1970 01:10	62.81 KiB
	trainedAlphabet_stit	tek.trf 01.01.1970 01:10	12.30 KiB
	hackUpNameOfFile	ToBeS 01.01.1970 03:00	0.05 KiB

Figure 128 SICK App Manager – selecting the license file

7. If it is necessary to copy the license file back to the camera (for example in case of accidental deletion of the license file), similar process should be used. License.txt file should be moved by "drag and drop" to the Public subfolder of the camera. File should be placed in the public subfolder, and not directly into it.

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There is an automatic license backup handling since v 2.85. After copying the license.txt file into the public folder and camera restart, then the license.txt file will be automatically copied into the UI folder. When the license.txt is accidentally deleted from the public folder, then the LBC software will stay in the "Full version" mode (takes the license from the UI).

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Backup of License file using FTP connection

Not necessary if the backup was done via AppManager).

- 1. Connect to your camera using any FTP manager (FileZilla, Total Commander, and Free Commander).
 - Use IP address of the camera and ort 65530
 - ► Username: Service
 - ► PSW: servicelevel

•		
EMULATOR - FreeCommander XE		- 🗆 X
File Edit Folder Favorites View Tools Help		
← • → • 🗟 🗟 🖺 🕄 🗙 🔝 • 🏣 📰	FTP connection	
🔤 C 📅 E 🛨 M 🛨 N 🛨 Q 🛨 U 🛨 V 🛨 W 🛨 >	(Pre connection A prime connect	X 🛖 Y 🛄 0 🥏 1
🔲 0 🥏 1	Connection Connection details Transfer	- 3
CEMULATOR ×	Connection	
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Název	LBC1	18.07.2019 14:17 File folder
	Server	1,83 MB 02.07.2019 6:55:50 BMP File
original_1970_01_03_14_17_30_454.bmp	Host address: Port:	
	192,168,0.52	
	Remote path:	
	Local path:	
	Login	
	Use anonymous login (e-mail address as password)	
	User name: Service	
	Password:	
	•••••	
	Connect	
	V OK X Cancel	
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Vybrané objekty: 0/1 1,83 MB	→ 🧳 < Vybrané objekty: 0/1 1,83 MB (Volno: 11	
	C\EMULATOR\	·····

Figure 130 FTP Connection

2. Locate the License.txt file and copy it to your HDD or USB stick. The same procedure should be performed when copying the new license from HDD or USB stick (into the camera), in case of accidental deletion of the license file.

] JOB12_locator_ID1_4.shm	390 kB	01.01.1970 0:00:00	SHM File
🔀 JOB12_locator_ID1_6.hobj	8 kB	01.01.2019 0:06:00	HOBJ File
JOB12_locator_ID1_6.shm	133 kB	01.01.2019 0:06:00	SHM File
JOB12_reference_image.bmp	1,83 MB	01.01.1970 0:00:00	BMP File
📄 JOB13.json	2 kB	01.01.1970 0:00:00	JSON File
License.txt	16 kB	01.01.2019 0:01:00	Text Document
🖬 no-img.png	2 kB	01.01.2019 0:01:00	PNG File
🖬 no-ref.png	798 Byte(s)	01.01.2019 0:01:00	PNG File
📄 trainedAlphabet_afb.omc	56 kB	01.01.1970 0:00:00	OMC File
📄 trainedAlphabet_afb.trf	7 kB	01.01.1970 0:00:00	TRF File
🖬 trainingImageafbsoc48eoc2.png	199 Byte(s)	01.01.1970 0:00:00	PNG File
🖬 trainingImageafbsoc48eoc4.png	198 Byte(s)	01.01.1970 0:00:00	PNG File
_			

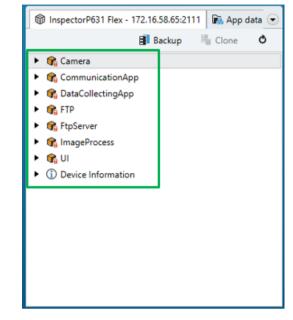
Figure 131 License txt file

Updating the LBC software using AppManager

1. Open the SICK AppManager and select the scan button, select the camera.



Figure 132 SICK App Manager – connecting to the camera



2. Afterwards delete all the contents from the camera.

Figure 133 SICK App Manager – Camera folder content

3. Select the desired application package

		SICK Ap	pManager	_ 0 X
🗑 Local Packages 🛆 AppPo	ol 🔍 Firmware	覧 Backups		
filter				🕀 😌
Filename	+ Version	Author	Date	Type 🕨
Label Checker 241 Trial.sapk	2.4.1	Dusan Pilny	2019-08-12	SensorApp
Label Checker 260 Trial.sapk	2.6.0	Dusan Pilny	2019-08-29	SensorApp
Label Checker 261 Trial.sapk	2.6.1	Dusan Pilny	2019-08-30	SensorApp

Figure 134 SICK App Manager – Available application package

4. Then, press the install button.

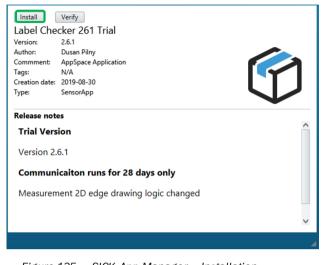


Figure 135 SICK App Manager – Installation

If the license file is not found, the LBC will switch to trial mode. If this is the case, please repeat the first step and then copy the license file back into the camera.

5. After successful installation, access the camera using the web browser.

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6. After login using Service/servicelevel, navigate to System settings and click the reset to factory default button.

IIIII 1D/2D Code	Visualization Visualization enabled On
• Other Inspections	Time setting Set time manually Off
🛓 FTP	
≓ Digital I/O	NTP server IP address 10.0.0.2
🔁 Communication	NTP server port 123
🖻 Output Format	Collect image to assign better configuration
Statistics	Enabled
A Font teaching	1 LICENSE INFORMATION
System setting	
	"D RESET TO FACTORY DEFAULT

Figure 136 Resetting factory default



Updating to a new version/resetting the camera to factory default will not delete the license file.

5.3 Backup transfer to another camera and to HDD

You can easily use the SD card backup cloning function, to transfer your settings into another camera. In case you do not have an SD card or you would like to transfer your configuration on your laptop HDD, please find <u>subsection 4.19.7 of SD card backup</u> cloning, for further information.

It's highly recommended to remove all the contents from the destination camera.

If the camera is new, then this procedure is not necessary.

If an SD card is present in the camera, the files in the SD card will not be visible via the AppManager. Please use the SD card backup cloning function first, and copy the files from SD card into the camera's memory. Afterwards, remove the SD card, restart the camera, and access the files.

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Please make sure that both cameras have the same version of InspectorP firmware and LBC software (they must be of the same type, e.g. LBC621). Please, refer to subsection 5.4 Backup between versions, in case the versions/types are different.

The Job settings, including a few settings (i.e. digital I/O settings) will be transferred as well.

Please proceed as follows:

You can choose the way of backing up the settings files, via AppManager (recommended) or via FTP connection:

1. Follow the first step from the LBC update procedure (either for using AppManager or FTP connection), please find <u>subsection 5.2 Software update procedure and handling license file</u>. Then, select all of the files (to be transferred) from the public folder to the camera.

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The number of the files can vary. Copy these files to HDD or USB stick.

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Backup of settings using AppManager (recommended)

1. Select all of the files to be transferred, except for the license.txt file from the public folder of the source camera. Then copy the transferred files to your USB or HDD.

If you would like to create a backup and use it for the same camera, then you should also include your license.txt files.

Do not transfer the license.txt file, if you would like to transfer the backup into another camera, since the target camera utilizes a **different** license.

InspectorP642 Flex (not defined) - 192.168.0.1:2111	🐻 App data					Install
appdata:///	Ý	Name	Date	Size		Label Chee
▼ 🗃 appdata:///		License.txt	01.01.1970 01:00	15.	91 KiB ^	Version:
A_LabelChecker		BootInit.json	01.01.1970 01:03	0.1	10 Kie	Author:
Alphabets		backUpNameOfFileToBeSa	01.01.1970 11:00	0.0	05 KiE	Comment: Tags:
🗎 Camera		JOB1_loc Copy to disk	01.01.1970 01:02	30.0	65 KiE	Creation date:
CommunicationApp		JOB1_patternVerifier_ID1.h	01.01.1970 01:14	0.4	41 KiE	Type:
DataCollectingApp		JOB1_reference_image.bmp	01.01.1970 01:02	406.0	05 Kil	App(s):
DeviceInfo		CounterCurrent.json	01.01.1970 11:00	0.5	52 KiE	Release note:
FtpServer		isSdCardMountedInfo.txt	01.01.1970 01:02	0.0	D2 KiE	Label C
ImageProcess		DataCollecting.json	01.01.1970 01:02	0.0	D8 KiE	
► 🖻 UI		JOB1_locator_ID1_1.json	01.01.1970 01:02	18.	32 Kié	- TRIAL Ve
🗎 Ulview		JOB1_locator_ID1_2.json	01.01.1970 01:02	21.	D6 KiE	- This app
🔻 🖻 public		CommonConfiguration.json	01.01.1970 01:03	2.9	91 KiE	- This app
Camera_simulator_images		JOB1_locator_ID1_3.hobj	01.01.1970 01:02	2.0	D1 KiE	
		no-ref.png	01.01.1970 01:03	0.1	78 KiE	
		isSdCardMountedUi.txt	01.01.1970 01:02	0.0	02 KiE	
		JOBsid1eidNew Job.js	01.01.1970 01:03	3.0	04 KiE	
		no-img.png	01.01.1970 01:03	1/	16 Kie 🗸	

Figure 137 SICK App Manager – Backing up the files to HDD or USB stick



Backup of settings using FTP connection is not necessary if the backup was done via AppManager.

2. Repeat the same step to access the target camera and upload all the files into its memory (AppManager is recommended). Backup files should be moved by "drag and drop" to the Public subfolder of the camera. Files must be dropped on the public subfolder, and not directly into it.

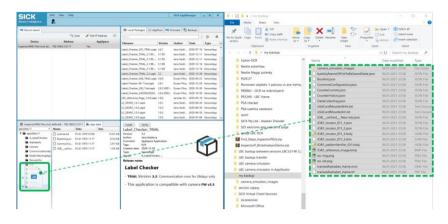


Figure 138 SICK App Manager – Copying the backup files back to the camera

3. Access the camera using web browser and after log-in via Service/servicelevel, navigate to System setting tab and Restart the camera.

Ø	Object Locator	Visualization	
A	OCR	Visualization enabled	On
	1D/2D Code	Time setting Set time manually	Off
0	Other Inspections	NTP server IP address	
*	FTP	10.0.0.2 NTP server port	
₽	Digital I/O	123	• •
t3	Communication	Save images on SD card Enabled	Off
C	Output Format		
	Statistics	1 LICENSE INFORMATION	
A	Font teaching	C RESTART CAMERA	
•	System setting	D RESET TO FACTORY DEFAULT	

Figure 139 Setting tab & restarting camera

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Updating to a new version/resetting the camera to factory default will delete all Jobs settings.

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5.4 Backup transfer between different versions of Software and Firmware/different camera types

Please be informed that this procedure was tested from LBC642 v 3.0 to LBC652v3.2,
FW v 3.3.1, and may not work for all combinations of camera types or SW and FR,
particularly the previous versions, due to significant changes in the code.
We recommend to initially backup your configuration on the HDD.
Please find subsections 5.2 of Software update procedure and handling license file and 5.3 of Backup transfer to another camera.

Please proceed as follows:

- 1. Perform reset to factory defaults.

Figure 140 Reset application settings

2. Once the webpage is refreshed, the camera should be empty.

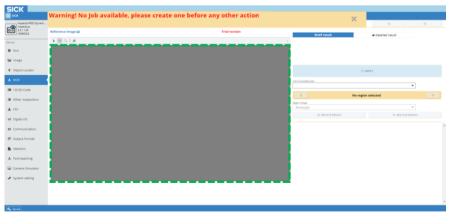


Figure 141 Empty camera

- Device Address AppSpace ctorP652 Dynamic Focus (insp 192.168.0.1:2111 abel Checker 301 TRIALsapk Label_Checker_TRIAL_3.1.95.sapk abel_Checker_TRIAL_3.1.95-1.sapk el Checker TRIAL 3.1.98.sz Delete Following item(s) will be deleted: 2 appdata:///public/CommonConfiguration.json appdata:///public/JOB___sid1eid___New Job.json ОК Cancel InspectorP652 Dynamic Focus (inspectorp) - 192.168.0.1:2111 R App data Verify Date Size Name Label Checker TRIAL ▼ 🖬 appdata:/// 01.1970.01/2 3.2 ΠR 0.10. A_LabelChecker Jana Seidlova Author AppSpace Applie JOB sid1eid New Job.ison 01.01.1970 01:21 1.59 Ki N/A Tags Camera 2020-12-29 Creation date Comm Type: App(s): SensorApp A_LabelChecker, DataCollectingApp DeviceInfo Pala DeviceInf
 FTP
 FtpServer
 ImagePro
 UI Label Checker - TRIAL Version 3.2: G Ulview - This application is o P bublic
- 3. Delete these two files and leave only the bootinit.json file in the public folder, then select the OK button to verify deletion.

Figure 142 Deleted files

4. Copy your backup into the public folder without the bootinit.json file from the backup. Backup files must be moved by "drag & drop" to the public subfolder of the camera, and not directly into it.

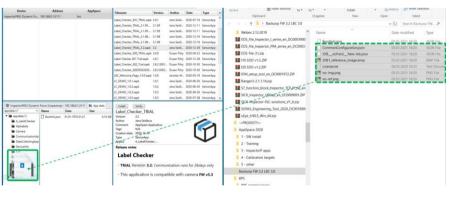


Figure 143 Backup into public folder

The bootinit.json file keeps the information of the FW and SW version, including the camera type (e.g. LBC621/LBC632), and is used when the configuration is created. When these information differs, the camera automatically performs "reset to factory defaults" and deletes all configuration. Thus, the bootinit.json file must be replaced with the latest file from the target camera.

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data:///	~	Name	Date	Size		Label Che
appdata:///		License.txt	01.01.1970 01:22		15.97 KiB	Version:
A_LabelChecker		Bootlnit.json	01.01.1970 01:21		0.10 KiB	Author:
Alphabets		JOB1_reference_image.bmp			2,177.05 KiB	Comment:
🗎 Camera		CommonConfiguration.json			2.86 KiB	Tags: Creation date:
CommunicationApp		no-ref.png	01.01.1970 01:22		0.78 KiB	Туре:
DataCollectingApp					2.87 KiB	App(s):
DeviceInfo		JOBsid1eidNew Job.json				Release not
FTP FTP		🗋 no-img.png	01.01.1970 01:22		1.16 KiB	
FtpServer						Label
ImageProcess						
🖬 UI						- TRIAL
Diview	_					- This ap
🖬 public						This up

5. The public folder should display, as shown on the following image sample.

Figure 144 Public folder

6. Reset the camera

SICK			
System setting			
InspectorP652 Dynami inspectorp 3.3.1.12R 16380224	Auto job switching Set all inspections as OK	CH CH	
Device	How many inspections in row can fail 0 Read all letters as CAPITAL	la ▼	
• Run	Visualization	On	
Q Object Locator	Visualize inspection areas (rectangular borde Visualize inspection labels (method name.ic		
A OCR	Visualize object locator countours (edges) Visualize other inspections edges Visualize other inspections dots	Camera restart	
Other Inspections	Visualize regions (red, green areas of OCR, j Visualize detailed information	Are you sure to restart your camera?	
≛ FTP ≓ Digital I/O	Time setting Set time manually		OK CANCEL
t3 Communication	NTP server IP address 10.0.0.2 NTP server port		
Coutput Format	123 Save images on SD card		
A Font teaching	Enabled	Qff	
🖵 Camera Simulator		& LICENSE INFORMATION	
System setting		C RESTART CAMERA	
	5	RESET TO FACTORY DEFAULT	

Figure 145 Camera reset



7. Finally, the backup will be present in your camera (camera in full mode).

When using an SD card, the procedure will be similar. You will need to place the bootinit.json file (from the target camera) into the source backup on the SD card, before inserting it into the target camera. Otherwise, your configuration will be automatically deleted.

Please be informed that the SD card is not accessible from the AppManager, thus the AppStudio or SD card reader in your PC must be utilized to replace the bootinit.json file.

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6 Troubleshooting

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SICK Service level has full access to the Label Checker system with all permissions including maintenance, commissioning, troubleshooting, and login privilege to restricted programs.

SICK service user level is restricted only for SICK employees.

The operator has the most limited role. They can only start the system with no authority to Edit or fix any programs.

6.1 Overview of possible faults & error

Situation	Error/ Fault
Mounting	 Device poorly aligned to the object (e.g. dazzle).
Electrical installation	 Data interfaces of the device incorrectly wired.
Programming	 See SICK AppSpace interface documentation (troubleshooting of individual objects and functions) found in InspectorP64x_65X. <u>https://visionsupport.sick.com/products/vision/2d- vision/programmable-cameras/inspectorp64x/</u>
Operation	 Trigger control incorrect and/or not suitable for the object. Device faults (hardware/software).

6.2 Detailed fault analysis

The statuses that can be read from the LEDs on the device housing includes.

- Operational readiness (Ready)
- Analysis result status (Pass or Fail)
- Hardware fault
- Firmware download status
- Connection status of the device

The LED display can indicate any errors or faults through detailed fault analysis.



For further information, please visit this link:

https://cdn.sick.com/media/docs/9/79/779/Operating instructions InspectorP64x_65x en_IM0068779.PDF

6.3 Resetting to factory mode

Resetting the Label Checker to its factory settings will result in deleting the following folders and files:

- Alphabets folder
- JobsEB folder
- Data folder
- BootInit.json file
- CommonParams.json file
- Default job JOB1.json file

The following files with default parameters will be created:

- public/Alphabets/*.omc files
- public/bootInit.json file
- public/CommonParams.json file
- default job public/jobsEB/JOB1.json file

6.4 Beep description

Once the camera boots-up, it makes a notification sound, depending on which state it is.

1x high frequency longer beep - error in application boot-up

1x low frequency short beep – found valid configuration, camera restarted

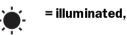
1x high frequency longer beep following by 1x low frequency short beep – valid configuration was not found, camera restarts with factory defaults

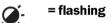
6.5 Ready LED status description

LED status description

Display	LED	Color	Status
Death	÷	green	Sensor ready
Ready	۲	red	Hardware or sensor error
Result	Programmable	Red, green, blue, fuchsia, yellow, aqua, white	Function defined by user
Light	Programmable	Red, green, blue, fuchsia, yellow, aqua, white	Function defined by user
Function	Programmable	Red, green, blue, fuchsia, yellow, aqua, white	Function defined by user
L/A GbE	-	green	The device is connected to a network

Display	LED	Color	Status
LED bar graph (0 – 4)	Programmable	Red, green, blue, fuchsia, yellow, aqua, white	Function for each LED defined by user





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Yellow color of the ready status LED indicates an installation of the SW. When installation ends, ready LED should turn green. If it doesn't, please perform a power cycle of the device.

6.6 Returning devices

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- Do not dispatch devices to the SICK Service department without consultation.
- ▶ Please contact your nearest SICK company agent or representative.

Please include the following when making returns.

In order to process an efficient return request and allow us to quickly determine the cause.

- Details of the contact person
- Description of the application
- Description of the fault that occurred

6.7 SICK Support

If the fault cannot be rectified, the device may be defective.

The operating entity cannot repair the device. Interference with or modification of the device will invalidate any warranty claims against SICK AG.

However, it is possible for the operating entity to acquire Rapid replacement of the device.



If a fault cannot be rectified, please get in contact with your nearest SICK Service department.

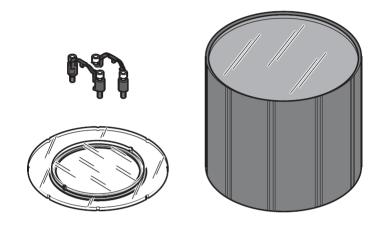
www.sick.com



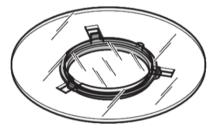
Before calling, make a note of all type label data such as type designation, serial number etc., ensuring faster telephone processing.

7 Appendices

- 7.1 Optic filters
- 7.1.1 Polarizing filter



Polarizing filter for LBC64x/65x; including 2 attachments, 4 screws and extra-long hood)





Polarizing filter for **LBC63x**; delivery includes only the filter Polarizing filter is not available for LBC621. 7.1.2 IR filter

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C-mount filter insert for increasing ambient light immunity when using infrared illumination.

Cannot be used with compact C-mount lens or S-mount lens, cannot be used with focal length 16 mm (part number 2079346).

IR filter is not available for LBC621.

7.1.3 Polarizing and IR filters benefits, image performance tuning

Polarizing filter

The polarizing filter provides favorable camera image results, eliminating any direct reflections. Although it may not positively influence the camera image when the ambient light conditions changes rapidly.

IR filter

The IR filter suppresses the changes of the ambient light conditions, esp. when the ambient light conditions varies to a great extent.

The **IR filter** must only be used in combination with the **IR illumination**. If combined with other IR light (illumination), then it may create unfavorable camera images.

We recommend using the **Polarizing filter**, when the camera is placed perpendicular to the inspected surface. Used particularly for code reading and OCR applications.

In order to eliminate direct reflections from the **internal illumination** of the camera, and at the same time, suppress the changes of the ambient light conditions, then it is highly recommended to utilize **both filters** in combination of the **IR illumination**.

7.1.4 Polarizing filter influence on the camera image brightness

Camera image without polarizing filter	Camera image with polarizing filter
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The camera image without polarizing filter, creates reflection because of the internal illumination.	The camera image with polarizing filter, shows that the image brightness becomes clearly reduced, although a considerable exposure time value is required.

7.1.5 IR filter influence on the camera image

Without IR filter		
Room lighting turned off	Room lighting turned on	
•		

Camera image results affected by illumination in the worksite.

With IR filter		
Room lighting without ambient light	Room lighting with ambient light	

Witho	ut IR filter	With IR filter	
	28년 월 10 3 19 21 26 두 1 1111 1 2 2 2 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1 2 1	Based 20019 2128 F	
	In principal Contraction of the second secon	The second	

Unfavorable image quality when combining IR filter with white illumination

7.1.6 Polarizing and IR filters (example components)

Camera components with Polarizing filter and white illumination

LBC654 with white illumination and polarizing filter			
Part number	Description	Detail	
1086947	LBC654	Label Checker P654 Flex	
5327524	C-mount Lens 1" 25 mm	1" CCD lens 25mm C-mount	
2075220	M125M017*0.14ECO	Power cable with I/O	
6049729	5M08*AWG26M12/RJ45	GigE cable	
2069007	Spacer	Spacer for mounting the integrable illumination, length: 51.3 mm	
2074001	VI83I-WH1441M0	Internal illumination white, medium	
2088230	Polarizingfilters	Polarizing filter for LBC642/65x incl. hood	
2069171	Mountingbracketset	Mounting bracket set consisting of angle and cooler for the camera	
4077575	Micro SD card	SD card 2 GB	

Typical components LBC632 with white illumination and polarizing filter			
Part number	Description	Details	
1091688	LBC632	Label Checker P632 Flex C-mount	
2079343	Compact lens C-mount 25MM	Compact lens C-mount 2/3" 25mm	
2075220	M125M017*0.14ECO	Power cable with I/O	
6049729	5M0 8*AWG26 M12/RJ45	GigE cable	
2078430	VI55I-WH1441M0	Internal illumination white medium	
2079501	Distance bracket (medium)	Distance bracket and light extension connector for mounting integrable lighting	
2088229	Polarizingfilter	Polarizing filter for reducing disruptive light reflections	
2079127	Lens protective hood 37.7MM	IP67 Lens protective hood medium	
2076735	Mountingbracket set + cooling plate	Holder and cooler for the camera	
4077575	Micro SD card	SD card 2 GB	

	LBC654 with IR illumination and IR filter			
Part number	Description	Detail		
1086947	LBC654	Label Checker P654 Flex		
5327524	Compact lens C-mount 1" 25 mm	1" CCD lens 25mm C-mount		
2075220	M125M017*0.14ECO	Power cable with I/O		
6049729	5M08*AWG26M12/RJ45	GigE cable		
1047957	ICL300-F2020S012	External IR illumination		
6030681	2M04*0,25M8	ICL cable, open end		
2082987	Optical filter C-mount IR	C-mount filter insert for increasing ambient light immunity		
2069171	Mounting brackets and plates	Mounting bracket set consisting of mounting angle, and cooler for the camera		
4077575	Micro SD card	MIcro SD card with 2 GB		
2066565	Lens protective hood 74,5MM ³	IP65 hood		
	Option			
2088230	Polarizingfilter	Polarizingfilter for LBC642/65x incl. hood		

Camera components with IR illumination and IR filter

² IR illumination ICL (PN: 1047957) is NOT attached to the camera, needs an external holder

³ Delivery of the polarizing filter for LBC64x/65x includes also extra-long hood, so is not necessary to offer PN: 2066565

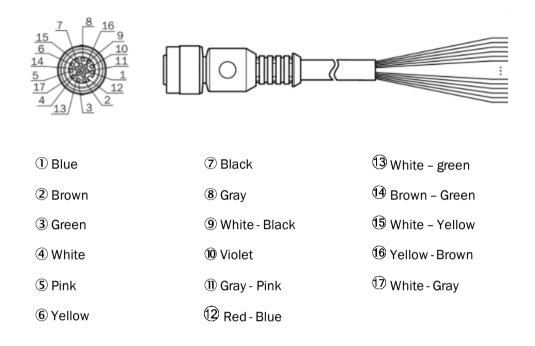
1	LBC632 Compact C-Mount with IR illumination and IR filter		
1091688	LBC632	Label Checker P632 Flex C-mount	
2079343	Compact lens C-mount 25MM	Compact lens C-Mount 2/3" 25mm	
2075220	M125M017*0.14EC0	Power cable with I/O	
6049729	5M08*AWG26M12/RJ45	GigE cable	
2098834	VI55I-IR1435MO	Internal IR illumination medium	
2079501	Spacer(medium)	Illumination holder and connector	
2082987	Optical filter C-mount IR ⁴	C-mount IR filter	
2079127	Lens protective hood 37.7MM	IP67 hood	
2076735	Mountingbracket set + cooling plate	Holder and cooler for the camera	
4077575	Micro SD card	MIcro SD card 2 GB	
	Option		
2088229	Polarizingfilter	Polarizing filter for LBC63x	

 $^{^4}$ IR filter cannot be used with Compact C-Mount 16 mm (PN: 2079346) neither with S-Mount lenses.

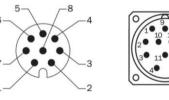
LBC632C-Mount with IR illumination and IR filter		
1091688	LBC632	Label Checker P632 Flex C-mount
5325405	Compact lens C-mount 25MM	Lens C-Mount 2/3" 25mm
2075220	M125M017*0.14ECO	Power cable with I/O
6049729	5M08*AWG26M12/RJ45	GigE cable
1047957	ICL300-F2020S01	External IR light
2096135	YF8U14-C60UA3M2A14	Cable for LBC631/632 and ICL directly into the camera
2081187	Mountingbracket	Mounting bracket for ICLxxx
2081544	Lens protective hood 69MM	IP67 hood
2082987	Optical filter C-mount IR	C-mount IR filter
2076735	Mountingbracket set + coolingplate	Mounting bracket set consisting of mounting angle, and cooler for the camera
4077575	Micro SD card	MIcro SD card 2 GB
Option		
6030681	2M04*0,25M8	Illumination ICL cable, open end
2088229	Polarizingfilter	Polarizing filter for LBC63x

7.2 Power cable wiring

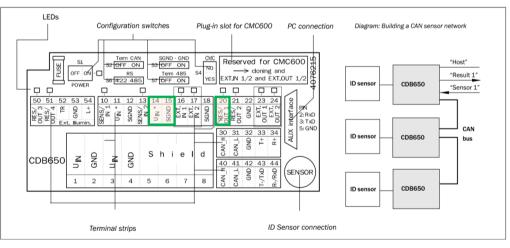
Power cable PN: 2070425



7.3 CDB650 connections pin assignment



Design, terminal assignment



7.4 ICL300 connections pin assignment

	Pin	Wire color	Signal
	1	Brown	DC 24 V ± 20%
$\frac{4}{3}$	2	White	Trigger
	3	Blue	GND
Front view	4	Black	n.c.
	-	Metal braiding	Shield



Please be informed that the color of wires may differ. Always check the pin assignment in the description of cable being used.

7.5 Encoder DFS60B-S1PA10000 pinout

Cable 8-wire





View of M12male device connector on encoder

View of M23 device connector on encoder

PIN, 8-pin, M12 male connector	PIN, 8- pin, M23 male connector	Colors of the wires for encoders with cable outlet	HTL signal	Sin/cos 1.0 V _{ss}	Explanation
1	6	Brown	0 A	COS-	Signal wire
2	5	White	А	COS+	Signal wire
3	1	Black	0 B	SIN-	Signal wire
4	8	Pink	В	SIN+	Signal wire
5	4	Yellow	0 Z	0 Z	Signal wire
6	3	Violet	z	Z	Signal wire
7	10	Blue	GND	GND	Ground connection of the encoder
8	12	Red	+Us	Us	Supply voltage (volt-free to housing)
-	9	-	n.c.	n.c.	Notassigned
-	2	-	n.c.	n.c.	Notassigned
-	11	-	n.c.	n.c.	Notassigned
-	7 ⁵	-	0- SET ^{Error!} Bookmark	n.c.	Set zero pulse ^{Error! Bookmark} not defined.

⁵ For electrical interfaces only: M, U, V, and W with 0-SET function on PIN 7 on M23 male connector. The 0-SET input is used to set the zero pulse on the current shaft position. If the 0-SET input is

			not defined.		
Screen Screen	Screen	Screen	Screen	Screen	Screen connected to housing on encoder side.
					Control ground on control side.

connected to $U_{\rm S}$ for longer than 250 ms after it had previously been assigned for at least 1,000 ms or had been connected to the GND, the current position of the shaft is assigned to the zero pulse.

7.6 Trigger and external illumination connection

Trigger connection on CDB650 pin 10 - sensor 1 IN, pin 12 - SGND

External illumination connection (e.g. ICL300)via D04 on CDB650-4-pin M8 cable PN: 6030681

- cable brown 24 V on CDB650 pin 14, Uin
- cable blue GND on CDB650 pin 15, GN
- cable white trigger on CDB650 pin 21, RES / OUT 2 (LBC DO4)
- cable black not used on CDB650 not connected
- switch S3 SGND GND on CDB650 must be ON (on GND at right)

You may use 2 external illuminations simultaneously, using the LBC63x. One connected via DI4 and second connected via external illumination connector. It is possible to use internal illumination in combination with these 2 external lights.

The LBC621 and LBC64x/65x, can only use one external light connected via DI4.

7.7 Encoder connection (directly or via CDB650)

The supported encoder connections of Label Checker are the incremental encoders with HTL logic. (Maximum 300 kHz frequency (described connection for DFS60B-S1PA10000), input voltage 24 V.

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Please be informed that LBC does not support TTL logic.

Label Checker connector pinout

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Please find the pinout connector assignment for pin 13 (LBC631/LBC632) on <u>subsection</u> <u>3.4.2</u>.

PIN	17 – pin M12 male connector, A -coded	
13	Result 1, switching output	

The encoder pin 2 (HTL signal "A") is connected directly to the Label Checker on pin 13 (DOS, Result 1 switching I/O) or via CDB650 on pin 20.

Encoder pin 7 (GND) is connected directly to the Label Checker on pin 1 or 9 via CDB650 on pin 15.

Encoder pin 8 is connected to the Label Checker pin 2 (+24 V) or via CDB650 on pin 14.

7.8 LBC621 accessories

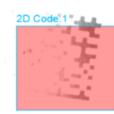
Dome reflector

PN:2063093

In order to achieve the best results in OCR and Code reading, it is best to place the camera perpendicularly to destination surface/FOV, so that the image will be minimally/less distorted. When using internal illumination of the camera, reflections in the middle of the image may occur, especially on glossy and bentsurfaces. Dome reflector can be very helpful on eliminating these type of reflections, where it homogenously distributes the light on the entire FOV. Higher exposure settings is necessary when using the dome.

It has similar effect to the polarizing filter mentioned in <u>7.1.1 Polarizing filter</u> for LBC621 is not available though. In other hand, dome reflector is available only for LBC621.

Without dome reflector







Please refer to this link for further information: https://www.sick.com/cz/en/dome-accessories/p/p291544

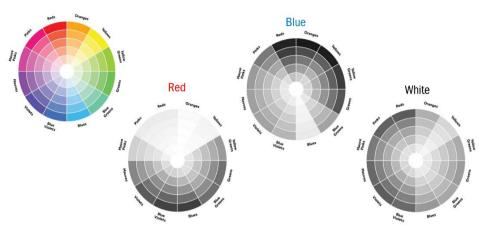
Protective shield

PN:2065807

When the camera is used in harsh environment, the front camera window can be protected using the protective shield.

Please refer to this link for further information: https://www.sick.com/cz/en/protective-screen/p/p329759

7.9 Illumination color influence



WHITE...

- Is the all-purpose version due to widest spectrum
- Is most suitable for text or code printed on cardboard boxes
- Suits best for presentation camera applications as most people feel white light is least harmful

BLUE...

- Is the perfect choice if maximum optical DOF is required (f = >11...16)
- Offers best performance if the pixel resolution is challenging (1D code < 1.5 ppm & 2D code < 2.0ppm, ppm pixels per module)
- Is not well-suitable for colored text or code printed on cardboard boxes as the brown background turns black

RED...

- Is used if mixed labels with white, yellow and red background need to be read
- Can be used if black text or code is printed on cardboard boxes

Infra-Red (IR)...

- Suits best when people work close to cameras and shall not be disturbed by flashing light IR is invisible
- Has highest ambient light resistance due to daylight block filter usage
- Delivers lower text and code resolution (1D < 2 ppm & 2D < 3ppm)
- Some material and even printed text or code is sometimes invisible to IR light

7.10 Technical data

Туре	LBC631	LBC632	LBC642	LBC652	LBC654	LBC621
Features						
Task	OCR, OCV, bar code & 2D code reading, Advanced inspections					
Sensor		СМО	S matrix sens	sor, grayscale	e values	
Optical focus			Adjustable for	ocus (manua	lly)	
Working distance				300 mm 1,500 mm 2)		
Light source	Illumination	Illumination LEDs: (to be ordered separately as accessories)			cessories)	LED, invisible, infrared or
Internal lighting						Red/Blue
Adjustment aid		Aiming las	er: visible red	light ($\lambda = 63$	30 680 nm	ı)
Feedback spot						LED, Visible, green, 525 nm, ± 15 nm
Laser class	1, complies with 21 CFR 1040.10 except for the tolerance according to "Laser Notice No. 50" from June 24, 2007 (IEC 60825-1:2014, EN 60825- 1:2014).					
Spectral range	Approx. 400 nm 900 nm					
Lens	C-mount (to be ordered separately as accessories) Integrated			Integrated		
Performance						
Sensor resolution	1,280 px x 1024 px (1.3 Mpixel)	1,600 px x 1.200 px (1.9 Mpixel)	1,600 px x 1,088 px (1.7 Mpixel)	2,048 px x 1,088 px (2.1 Mpixel)	2,048 px x 2,048 px (4.2 Mpixel)	1,280 px x 1,024 px (1.3 Mpixel)
Optical format	1/1	.8"		1"		
Bar codes types	2/5 Industrial, 2/5 Interleaved, Codabar, Code 39, Code 93, Code 128; EAN- 8, EAN-13, Pharma Code					
2D code types	Data Matrix ECC200, QR code, Micro QR code, PDF417, Aztec Code					
OCR/OCV fonts	Universal, Industrial, Document, Dot Print, Pharma, OCR-A, OCR-B, Arabic numbers					
Interface						
Serial	√, RS-232, RS-422					
Data transmission	300 Baud 115.2 kBaud					
Ethernet	✓, TCP/IP					
Function	FTP, HTTP					

Data transmission rate	10/100/1,000 Mbit/s				10/100 MBit/s
Operator interfaces	Web server				
Data storage and retrieval	Image and data log	ging via micro	SD memory	card and ex	ternal FTP
Output current		≤ 10	00 mA		
Operating elements	Two but	tons; aiming	aser, snap s	hot, strobe	
Optical indicators	displays, 5x LED bar graph, 1 green/ red feedback spot) d			16 LEDs (5 status displays, 10 LED bar graphs, 1 green/red feedback spot)	
Acoustic indicators	Beeper				
Mechanics/electronics					
Connections	1 x M12, 17-pin male connector (serial, I/ Os, voltage supply)				
	1 x M8, 4-pin female connector (USB, not used)				
	2 x M12, 8-pin female connector (Gigabit Ethernet, only one connection used)				
	1 x M12, 4-pin male connector (external illumination)				
Supply voltage	12 V DC 24 V DC, ± 20 %				
Power consumption	Тур. 10 W ± 20 % Тур			Typ. 4 W	
Enclosure rating	IP67 IP65				
Protection class	III (EN 60950-1 (2014-08))				
Housing material	Aluminum die cast				
Window material	PMMA ⁶ Glass			PMMA	
Weight	430 g 635 g 635 g 635 g		635 g	170g	
Dimension	108 mm x 63 mm x 46 mm ⁷	mm		71 mm x 43 mm x 35.6 mm ⁹	
Optic	Exchange (C-mount) ¹⁰				

⁶ When using optics cover and male connector

⁷ Only housing without lens and protective cover

⁸ Only housing without lens and protective hood.

⁹ Only housing without lens and protective hood.

 $^{^{\}scriptscriptstyle 10}$ Order separately as an accessory.

Ambient data	
Shock load	EN 60068-2-27:2009-05
Vibration load	EN 60068-2-6:2008-02
Ambient operating temperature	0 °C +50 °C
Ambient storage temperature	-20 °C +70 °C ¹¹

Classification		
ECI@ss 5.0	27310205	
ECI@ss 5.1.4	27310205	
ECI@ss 6.0	27310205	
ECI@ss 6.2	27310205	
ECI@ss 7.0	27310205	
ECI@ss 8.0	27310205	
ECI@ss 8.1	27310205	
ECI@ss 9.0	27310205	
ETIM 5.0	EC001820	
ETIM 6.0	EC001820	
UNSPSC 16.0901	43211731	

 $^{^{11}}$ Permissible relative air humidity. 0 $\% \dots$ 90 % (non-condensing).

7.11 Additional accessories

For additional accessories such as brackets and cables, please contact your nearest SICK company agent or representative.

You can find the additional accessories and further documentation on-line.

- ► See: <u>www.sick.com</u>
- Select your country and language.
- Enter the sensor's type designation or part number into the search field.
- Select the required sensor.
- All documentation regarding recommended and optional accessories can be found under accessories. Other downloadable content relating to the sensor can be found under Downloads.

You can visit and find the accessories at: www.sick.com

7.12 Ordering information

Туре	Part number	Sensor resolution
LBC621-17RB	1115469	1,280 px x 1,024 px (1.3 Mpixel)
LBC621-10RB	1115468	1,280 px x 1,024 px (1.3 Mpixel)
LBC621-17NIR	1115470	1,280 px x 1,024 px (1.3 Mpixel)
LBC631	1091689	1,280 px x 1,024 px (1.3 Mpixel)
LBC632	1091688	1,600 px x 1,200 px (1.9 Mpixel)
LBC642	1091687	1,600 px x 1,088 px (1.7 Mpixel)
LBC652	1091686	2,048 px x 1,088 px (2.1 Mpixel)
LBC654	1086947	2,048 px x 2,048 px (4.2 Mpixel)

Australia

Phone +61 3 9457 0600 1800 334 802 - toll free E-Mail sales@sick.com.au Austria

Phone +43 22 36 62 28 8-0 F-Mail_office@sick.at

Belgium/Luxembourg Phone +32 2 466 55 66 E-Mail info@sick.be

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Denmark

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Finland Phone +358-9-2515 800 E-Mail sick@sick.fi

France Phone +33 1 64 62 35 00 E-Mail info@sick.fr

Germany Phone +49 211 5301-301 E-Mail info@sick.de

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